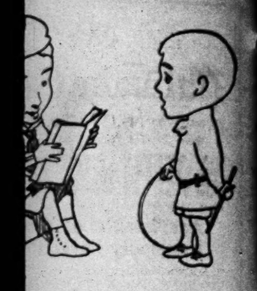

among the lessons in
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S, PEET & COMPANY.
Three Broadway Stores.
842 near Union Square. 1260 opposite Greeley Square.

ENTS

KERBOCKER B'way and 38th St.
s. at 8. Mat. Sat. at 2.
ARLES FROHMAN presents
H. JULIA
ERN MARLOWE
4 NIGHTS and SAT. MAT.
aming of the Shrew
MERCHANT OF VENICE
SALE TO-MORROW, 9 A. M.

E THEATRE, B'way & 40th St.
Evs. 8:20. Mats. To-day & Sat.
DREW in Augustus Thomas's
DE LANCEY.
NOV. 6 Seat Sale—Thursday, Nov. 2.
ARLES FROHMAN presents
E ADAMS--PETER PAN

30 THEATRE, B'way & 35th St.
Evs. 8:15. Mat. Sat. 2:15.
AWTHORN FRITZ IN TAMMANY HALL

THEATRE, 45th St., E. of B'way.
Ev. 8:30. Mats. Thurs. & Sat.
GEORGE ADE'S COMEDY,
JOS. WHEELOCK, JR.

THEATRE, B'way & 30th St.
Ev. 8:15. Mat. Sat. 2:15.
cial Matinee To-day, 2:15.
MAY The Catch of The Season.

ON THEATRE, B'way & 44th St.
Evs. 8:20. Mats. To-day & Sat.
in Clyde Fitch's HER GREAT MATCH.
AXINE ELLIOTT

SON THEATRE, 44th St., E. of B'y.
Evs. 8:20. Mats. To-day & Sat. 2:15
Loraine Bernard Shaw's Man & Superman.

THEATRE, B'way & 34th St.
Evs. 8:15. Mats. Thurs. & Sat.
K. HACKETT Unaltered Sutro's
ANNERING Walls of Jericho.

K'S B'way & 30th St. Evgs. 8:20.
Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15.
INEE TO-DAY AT 2:15.
est play of the season."—Times.
udience went wild with enthu-
World.
York will laugh and cry over
humor and tender pathos for
eks to come."—Press.
t worthy of the applause it re-
A Success."—Herald.
of life and color."—Tribune.
am Faversham
Milton Royle's Western Romance.
E SQUAW MAN."
TS 4 WEEKS IN ADVANCE.

ves. 27th St. & Mad. Av. Evs. 8:15.
Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:15.
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JESTIC EVENINGS AT 8. MATS. TO-DAY & SAT.
T MATINEE TO-DAY AT 2.
MITCHELL'S PRODUCTION
NDERLAND
ANTASTIC MUSICAL PLAY
or Herbert & Glen MacDonough.
VICTOR HERBERT'S
RAL CONCERTS—50c., 75c., 1.00.
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In New York Town 25 & 50c.

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Evs. 8:20. Mat. Sat. 2:15.
First Week of
AME KALICH
Mr. Fiske's production of
NNA VANNA
AURICE MAETERLINCK.
T MATINEE SATURDAY.
TS FOUR WEEKS AHEAD.

L Jas. T. Powers, Nella Bergen, Josephine Cohan, Fred Niblo, d St. Pat Rooney & Marion Bent, 25c. Orpheus Comedy 4, & others.
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us Mr. Raffles. Miss M. Soga (Jiu ert). Emmett Corrigan & Co., others
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50C..... SEATS FREE

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Ev. 8:20. Mats. To-day & Sat.
ng & plenty Hearty E. Dixey in
n Dale. The Man on the Box.
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Ev. 8:15. Mats. Tues. & Sat.
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ER IN LYRIC, 42d St., W. of B'way. Evgs. 8:15. Best Seats $1 at To-day's Mat.
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NDAY ARNOLD DALY ANNOUNCES
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ORLD IN WAX. Special Groups.
INEMATOGRAPH Every Hour.
otor Race. Hungarian Orchestra.
D-NIGHT HENRY LEE Men of the Hour.
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NSTEIN'S 42d St., B'way & 7th Av
Daily Mats. 25 & 50c.
e Black Man, Empire Comedy 4,
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usic Hall, "Herrman the Great, etc.

HN HALL—40 S.W.—Next Mon.
SHAKESPEARE'S PLAYS
y Y. Seats selling entire 4 weeks.

"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.
Clearing to-day; fair, warmer to-morrow; east winds.

VOL. LV....NO. 17,442. * * * NEW YORK, THURSDAY, OCTOBER 26, 1905.—EIGHTEEN PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City and Newark. Elsewhere, TWO CENTS.

SOUTH RUSSIA RISES; THE CZAR ISOLATED

Railway and Mail Communication with the Capital Cut Off.

FATAL RIOT IN ST. PETERSBURG

Many Victims There and in Other Cities—General Strikes Beginning and Famine Threatened.

LONDON TIMES—NEW YORK TIMES Special Cable. Copyright, 1905.

ST. PETERSBURG, Oct. 25.—South Russia is in open revolt. The workmen have erected fortifications and wire entanglements.

The people of St. Petersburg are becoming panic-stricken, fearing the downfall of the Government and the proclamation of mob rule.

The editors of the Liberal papers have decided, in consequence of the arbitrary treatment of the Nasha Zhizn, which has been suspended because it supported the strikers, to boycott the censorship and defy the Government.

ST. PETERSBURG, Thursday, Oct. 26.—Confronted by a situation more threatening than any since the beginning of the political and social upheaval of Russia and which, at the time this dispatch is filed, shows no sign of amelioration, the Emperor's Ministers, under the Presidency of Count Witte, spent almost all of yesterday in conferences in the hope of finding some way out of the crisis which the Revolutionists and Socialists have caused.

The strike on the railroads is complete, except in a few border provinces, and St. Petersburg, Moscow, and other large cities are almost as closely beleaguered as if they were invested by besieging armies. At the same time the industrial strike has assumed large dimensions and the turbulent elements in several localities are offering open resistance to the troops.

The Ministers, who had been in session during the day, resumed their meeting after a short interval for dinner and continued their deliberations until long after midnight. The result of these deliberations is not yet known.

The Ministers were summoned to meet not as the Committee of Ministers, of which Count Witte is President, but as the Council of Ministers, of which Count Solsky is properly the Chairman, and the selection of Count Witte to preside, which was done by the direction of the Emperor, shows that a Cabinet is actually, though not formally, an accomplished fact. It is understood that an edict establishing a Cabinet will be published on Saturday, together with a rescript addressed to Count Witte intrusting to him the office of Premier.

The Emperor has been cut off from railroad communication with the capital. M. Manukhin, the Minister of Justice, who went to Peterhof yesterday morning to report to the Emperor, could not return by train and drove back in a carriage in a drenching rain to be present at the meeting of Ministers.

Yesterday a general strike was proclaimed on the two lines running out of St. Petersburg which had not previously been affected. The Finland Railroad to Helsingfors and the steamers constitute St. Petersburg's only means of communication with the outer world this morning. The postal authorities are now refusing to accept any kind of mail, and commercial correspondence is at a standstill.

There is an enormous extension of the strike elsewhere. All the lines in Poland are tied up, and a strike has begun on the great Southwestern system, covering the territory southward from Kieff toward Odessa.

No trains are running in the Baltic provinces, and the situation at Riga and Libau is reported to be very bad.

The workmen of the Putiloff, Kolpino, Obukhoff, Alexandrovski, and Nevski works struck yesterday morning, and all the employes of the factories of the Schlusselburg Chaussée later quit work in sympathy with the railway strikers. The employes of all the cotton mills and other factories on the banks of the Neva struck in the afternoon. The strike is now complete in the great factory region on both banks of the Neva above the city and in several other industrial quarters. Forty thousand men are out, but they are conducting themselves in a most orderly manner. The Store Clerks' Union to-night proclaimed a two weeks' sympathetic strike for political reasons.

The street cars in several districts of St. Petersburg have stopped.

The League of Leagues has seized the opportunity to come to the support of the railroad men, and has adopted a resolution in favor of a general strike of all professions.

The telegraph operators are joining in the movement, and the complete isolation of interior points is feared.

The price of food is rapidly rising here, the factories in other affected districts have been forced to shut down for lack of fuel, and Moscow faces not only a food but a water famine.

Large meetings, mainly of workmen, were held last night in the university and the higher schools, at which the sentiment was unanimous for continuing the strike on the railroads to the bitter end. The proceedings at several of the meetings were of a strongly revolution-

Continued on Page 2.

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BET OF 3 TO 1 ON McCLELLAN.

Another of 1 to 4 on Hearst—Jerome Odds Given as 1 to 2.

Hearst took his place as a possible Mayor among the election bettors on the curb yesterday. Benjamin Gompert bet $1,000 to $4,000 with C. Rogers that Hearst would be elected. There were several offers of 2 to 9 after that. Betting on Hearst's getting 125,000 or 135,000 votes was even again. The odds on McClellan still ruled 4 to 1, though there was one bet of $60 to $180 against him yesterday.

E. Wasserman, who was almost blown up by a bomb not long ago, said in the morning that he had $100,000 to put up against Jerome at 2 to 1. When 3 o'clock came Mr. Wasserman said he had not made any bet on the Stock Exchange floor, his activities being confined to small curb wagers. This of course was before the retirement of Candidate Flammer.

De Witt Rosenheim said he had put up $16,000 against $5,000 against Jerome. Louis M. Teichman made several bets at 4 to 1 on McClellan. J. J. Judge bet $200 to $650 on the field against McClellan. W. Dugan was reported to have bet $10,000 even that Hearst would get more than 100,000 votes. Stelle & De Kay was the firm that bet 3 to 1 on McClellan. Ivins did not figure in any of the larger wagers.

Late in the afternoon Mr. Judge put up $400 to $1,400 on the field against McClellan and also $400 to $1,600. Landsburg Brothers placed $7,000 to $2,000 in small lots on McClellan. Wasserman Brothers bet 3½ to 1 on the field against Hearst.

FORTY ESCAPED THE JURY.

Unalterably Opposed to Capital Punishment, They Said.

Of a panel made up of fifty-two talesmen in the Kings County Court, before Judge Crane yesterday afternoon, forty men declared themselves to be unalterably opposed to capital punishment, and the jury was made complete by the seating of the other twelve.

The case up for trial was that of John Shepard, a negro, who was charged with murder in the first degree for killing Frank Schofield, another negro, on July 10 in a poolroom in Hudson Avenue.

Two of the talesmen called emphatically declared capital punishment to be a relic of barbarism. When the jury was completed it was found to have in it Prof. Wendell D. Bush, Instructor in Philosophy in the Polytechnic Institute of Brooklyn, and J. L. Ulrich, a post graduate student of botany and zoölogy at Harvard. Both these jurors expressed a belief in the justice of capital punishment.

HIT H. H. ROGERS'S SPECIAL.

Runaway Freight Cars Knock Him Across His Berth.

LEAVENWORTH, Kan., Oct. 25.—Henry H. Rogers's special train, while standing in the Union Station yards here last night, was struck by a runaway section of a freight train, ten cattle cars of which broke loose from the engine and ran backard down a heavy grade into the Rogers train.

Mr. Rogers was asleep, and the impact threw him across his berth, striking his head upon the wooden partition. Panes of glass were broken in the Pullmans, which were otherwise uninjured.

The party left Humboldt, Kan., yesterday morning on the Santa Fé, passing through Holliday and coming to Leavenworth. Here the special was transferred to the Missouri Pacific and left on the rear of the regular north-bound train for Omaha.

Rogers and his party of stockholders did not visit the Sugar Creek refinery, in Missouri, nor did they at any time touch that State. The reason assigned for this is that Herbert S. Hadley, Attorney General of Missouri, is anxious to serve summons upon Rogers and others interested in the Standard Oil Company so as to secure their appearance in the case of the State of Missouri vs. the Waters-Pierce and the Republic Oil Companies.

HELD UP IN FIFTH AVENUE.

Boy Beaten and Robbed of Laces Worth $500—Crowd Just Watched.

Two well-dressed men pounced on a boy in Fifth Avenue at Twenty-first Street last night, and after beating him severely, stole a package containing $500 worth of laces from him and fled. A crowd saw them beat the boy, but did not interfere. The youngster was Louis Schwartz, 17 years old, a messenger boy employed by Herzig & Maher, importers of laces at 35 East Twentieth Street.

The lad was on his way to deliver an order, and was walking briskly down Fifth Avenue when one of the two men asked if he could assist by carrying the boy's bundle, which was rather heavy. Young Schwartz shrank back and declined. At Twenty-first Street one of the men grabbed him by the shoulders, while the other snatched the bundle of laces. Schwarts put up a fight. The crowd did not know that the two young men were bent on robbery, and believed that the boy was at fault.

Two coachmen, in charge of expensive equipages, joined in a chase that was begun after the thieves had a good start, but did not catch the robbers.

WHY FOLK STAYED AWAY.

Missourian Recalls That Jerome Criticised His Reform Plans.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 25.—A great deal of interest has been excited here, particularly among Missourians, by Gov. Folk's refusal to speak for District Attorney Jerome in New York, after having spoken for the Reform ticket in Philadelphia. His attitude has seemed strange to political observers.

A Missourian who arrived here to-night, however, gave what he said was the correct explanation. When Jerome was out West under Chautauqua auspices he scoffed at Folk's attempt to close the saloons on Sunday, saying that he could not do it because the people did not want the law enforced.

The part that Folk resented was the statement by Jerome that such movements had their origin in "the moral yearnings of rural communities." The Governor came out in a reply that the "moral yearnings of rural communities" were the backbone of the Nation.

Subsequently Jerome said in an interview that the East did not consider Folk a big enough man to be Presidential timber.

Latest Shipping News.

Arrived—Steamship Prinzess Irene, Genoa, Oct. 12.

The West Shore Railroad is the $2.00 line to Buffalo and Niagara Falls. Up the Hudson and through the Mohawk Valley.—Adv.

QUIZ COMMITTEE FOR THE MUTUAL

Will It Oust McCurdy?—Trustees Declare It Won't.

TO GIVE OUR SIDE, ONE SAYS

Alleged Irregularities Discounted—McCurdy Presented Resolution and All Was Harmonious.

The Mutual Life Insurance Company decided yesterday to investigate itself.

In accordance with a prearranged plan of action the trustees of the company, at their regular quarterly meeting, adopted a resolution providing for the appointment of a committee of three to investigate all of the company's affairs. The resolution was adopted unanimously. It was offered by President Richard A. McCurdy, who delivered a speech of a few words, all of a formal character, explaining its purport. The trustees knew in advance of its phraseology and voted "aye" without comment when the question was put.

The Committee of Three consists of W. H. Truesdale, President of the Lackawanna Railroad; Effingham B. Morris, President of the Girard Trust Company of Philadelphia, and John W. Auchincloss, a Director of the Illinois Central Railroad and other corporations.

The committee will organize and hold its first meeting within the next ten days. The exact date of the first meeting could not be learned last night. The meetings will probably be secret. The public will know what happens only when the committee's report comes out. President McCurdy will probably be the first witness. The scope of the investigation is to be large, and the examination will in all probability continue until the Armstrong Committee adjourns, or even longer.

McCurdy's Statement to the Public.

Formal notification of the proposed investigation was given by Mr. McCurdy after the meeting yesterday, when he gave to the newspapers this statement:

"The President called attention to the inquiry by joint committee of the Legislature of the State of New York into the affairs of the company and to the widespread public interest and comment with respect thereto.

"He urged that the board should take cognizance of the testimony elicited with a view to such action as might be found advisable in the interests of the company and its policy holders.

"The President then offered for the consideration of the board the following resolution:

Resolved, That a committee of three be, and they hereby are, appointed as a committee to examine into the organization and management of the affairs of the company and to report from time to time to this board their recommendations in reference thereto, with power to add to their number and to fill vacancies.

"The resolution was then moved by a member of the board, with the additional suggestion that Messrs. Truesdale, Morris, and Auchincloss constitute the committee and, being duly seconded, was unanimously adopted.

"The committee will proceed at once to discharge its functions and to report report speedily to the board.

"RICHARD A. McCURDY, President."

Not to Oust McCurdy.

The action of the Board of Trustees of the company in deciding upon an internal investigation after the fashion of the Frick Investigating Committee of the Equitable Company gave immediate rise to the report that in the light of developments before the Legislative Investigating Committee, President McCurdy would retire from the Presidency of the Mutual. In fact, it was said that the appointment of the investigators was actually in accordance with a prearranged plan on the part of the Directorate, to which Mr. McCurdy had given his acquiescence, to effect a change in the Presidency of the company. This was denied, however, by several of the trustees of the company last night. One of them, Charles R. Henderson, declared explicitly that there was no intention to put out Mr. McCurdy, and that the principal work of the committee would in all probability elicit all the facts in the case of the Mutual management, set Mr. McCurdy right before the public, and show the country that what had been told the country thus far was misleading and inaccurate.

Trustees of the company who were questioned last night as to details of the meeting at which the committee resolutions were adopted laid great stress on the fact that the meeting was "entirely harmonious." All of them said they wished to anticipate any reports which might gain currency that there had been dissension or conflict among the officers or Trustees of the company, and that the resolutions yesterday were presented by Mr. McCurdy himself, who sought vindication, and that in this move there was accorded to him "the hearty and undivided support of his fellow-Trustees."

Those at the Meeting.

Present at the meeting were President Richard A. McCurdy, Vice President Robert A. Granniss, General Manager Robert H. McCurdy, John W. Auchincloss, Julien T. Davies, Walter R. Gillette, Charles R. Henderson, James N. Jarvie, Charles E. Miller, Effingham B. Morris, James Speyer, and Herman C. Von Post.

Mr. McCurdy's presentation of his resolution was this:

"Gentlemen I offer the following resolution."

The resolution was then read. Mr. McCurdy said but a word or two in explanation. Affirmative action on the resolution followed quickly. Then the Trustees proceeded to other business demanding the usual attention at a quarterly meeting. There was no general discussion of the resolution or the prospective work of the committee.

Mr. Auchincloss, the only member of the Committee of Three who was in New York last night, was asked about the prospective work of the committee. To the question, "When will the committee begin work?" he replied.

"I cannot say; it will be soon, however."

"What will be the general scope of the investigation?"

"It will probably include everything

Continued on Page 2.

COAST TO CHICAGO, 55 HOURS.

Harriman Special, with Miss Roosevelt Aboard, Nearing New York.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Oct. 25.—The Harriman special, with Miss Alice Roosevelt on board, is on its way to New York without coming through Chicago. At least, when it reached the outskirts of the city on the Northwestern Road it was switched to the Belt Line tracks out on the prairie and carried around west till connection was made with the Lake Shore tracks on the south.

The special arrived here at 8:10 o'clock this evening, having made the distance from Omaha, 492 miles, in 10 hours and 40 minutes. The Overland Limited takes a trifle more than thirteen hours.

Messrs. Felton, Stubbs, Longworth, Schmedlaff, and Kruttschmitt left the train here, and the only delay was the uncoupling of one car. But the circuitous rcute necessary to reach the Lake Shore tracks took fifty minutes. The train stopped only a moment at Englewood at 9:11 o'clock, and the next stop will be La Porte, Ind.

No one joined the party here. Some officials who expected to go East with Mr. Harriman missed doing so owing to a lack of knowledge of the means by which the special was to be transferred here. Neither Mr. Harriman nor Miss Roosevelt was visible at any time during the transfer.

Congressman Longworth took the train for Cincinnati.

The time from San Francisco to Chicago was 55 hours. Sixty-eight hours is the best ordinary time for that trip.

MURDER OVER POLITICS.

Man Found Dead After a Discussion with Three Strangers.

William H. Rehfeld of 116th Street and Park Avenue and his brother-in-law, John Wibberley of 174 East 111th Street, were talking politics in upper Third Avenue about 10 o'clock last night. They parted and Wibberley saw Rehfeld join three strange men and enter into a discussion with them. Twenty minutes later Policeman McCauley of the East 104th Street Station saw a crowd standing over a man stretched out on the pavement in front of 2,007 Third Avenue.

McCauley thought the man was intoxicated, and called the patrol wagon. When the supposedly drunken man was carried into the station house Dr. Dinnick of the Harlem Hospital said he was dead. The man had a deep cut over his left eye, but the doctor said that that could not have caused his death. Afterward Wibberley, who is janitor of the evening school in 110th Street, identified the body as that of his brother-in-law, Rehfeld.

ROCKEFELLER MAY RUN A CAR.

Likely to Act as His Own Chauffeur Before Long.

Special to The New York Times.

TARRYTOWN, Oct. 25.—John D. Rockefeller has taken such a great interest in automobiling that it is reported here that he will learn to run a machine himself.

Since his return from Cleveland Mr. Rockefeller can be seen out in his big steamer every day, sitting beside his French chauffeur. He takes great interest in the running of the car.

Until a short time ago Mr. Rockefeller was averse to automobiles, and had large signs bearing the words, "No Motor Cars Allowed," put up at all entrances to his big estate at Pocantico Hills. Now he owns two cars, Mr. Rockefeller's brother, William Rockefeller, is an expert chauffeur and owns nine cars.

Gov. and Mrs. Montague of Virginia, who have been the guests of the Rockefellers, left to-day for home. John D. Rockefeller, Jr., and his wife and Mr. Rockefeller's secretary accompanied them to New York.

HAMBURG-AMERICAN CO. BUYS.

Gets Aldrich Court Building at Auction on Bid of $1,200,000.

At the auction sale of properties owned by the Aldrich estate, conducted yesterday in the Real Estate Salesroom by Bryan L. Kennelly, the Hamburg-American Packet Company bought the Aldrich Court, a nine-story office building at 41 to 45 Broadway, for $1,200,000. The property was struck down for that amount to R. E. Simon of L. J. Phillips & Co., who announced later that he had acted for the steamship company.

At the company's office it was said that the purchase had been made to provide adequate offices for the line, which now occupies leased quarters at 37 Broadway. The building will be extensively altered by its new owners. It covers a plot fronting 80 feet on Broadway and extends through to Trinity Place, with a depth of 191 feet.

Mr. Kennelly announced last night that the total sum realized for the Aldrich estate property was $4,911,500.

BURGLARS TAKE SAFE AWAY.

Drop It from Second-Story While Servants Are Getting Dinner.

Special to The New York Times.

ORANGE, Oct. 25.—A safe weighing at least 250 pounds was rolled across a room on the second story and dropped out of a window at the home of Edward Hale Graves, South Orange, at dinner hour this evening. Jewelry worth $5,000 or $10,000 and valuable papers were in the safe. Mr. Graves is a broker at 30 Broad Street, New York.

His residence stands only a short distance from the street, and there are other houses adjoining and across the road. The robbery was not discovered until Mr. and Mrs. Graves returned home soon after 7 o'clock. After 6 o'clock all the servants were down on the first floor.

THESE ARE FOR IVINS.

Mark Twain and Other Literary Men in Independent List.

It was announced at the Ivins headquarters yesterday that these independents have signified their intention of working for the election of Mr. Ivins and voting for him:

Gustav H. Schwab, Everett P. Wheeler, Samuel L. Clemens, (Mark Twain,) Seth Low, Lyman Abbott, Carl Schurz, Brander Matthews, Cephas Brainerd, Richard W. Gilder, Albert Shaw, Henry Hentz, F. M. Hurlbut, C. H. Hackett, Robert U. Johnson, Frank H. Scott, George H. Hazen, Wm. H. McElroy, Wm. B. Howland, Chas. F. Chichester, W. F. Clarke, E. D. Faulkner, Charles de Kay, Clarence C. Buel, Arthur R. Wilson, Franklin H. Wilson, Theo. L. De Vinne, J. H. Taylor.

NEW YORK TO BUFFALO, $2.00. Lehigh Valley R. R. Excellent service. 250, 1,234 Broadway, N. Y.; 225 Fulton St., B'klyn.—Adv.

PETER L. RONALDS GAVE THOUSANDS TO A MEDIUM

Son Sues to Have Spirit Deeds to Miss Blake Set Aside.

SEANCES AT FATHER'S HOME

A Miss Blake Lived at Castle Ronalds After the Noted Whip Separated from His Wife.

Spirits that appeared in the semblance of a white cloud, wafting messages from shadowland and urging the late Peter Lorillard Ronalds, the noted whip, to transfer his materalized real estate to a real live medium in the person of Elizabeth N. Blake figure in a suit brought yesterday in the Supreme Court by Mr. Ronalds's son, Reginald Ronalds, who seeks to have the deeds set aside on the ground that his father's signature to them was obtained by fraud. Peter Lorillard Ronalds died on Saturday last at his home, 113 East Thirty-fifth Street.

His Connecticut home, Castle Ronalds, has always been known as a house of mystery, and some of the strange goings on there may be explained by Mr. Ronalds's belief in Spiritualism. Ever since Mrs. Ronalds left her husband in 1899 and went to live in London, society has been speculating over the reasons that led to the separation. Mrs. Ronalds, who is 69 years old, will probably be called to testify in the action begun in the Supreme Court yesterday. Her testimony will probably be taken abroad.

The real estate involved in the present suit, which it is alleged Mr. Ronalds deeded to Miss Blake after being told by spirits to make the transfers, includes several valuable pieces of property. If the son succeeds in setting aside the transfers his mother will come in for a dower right.

The plaintiff in the suit, Reginald Ronalds, served with Roosevelt's Rough Riders and was one of the ushers at the wedding of Consuelo Vanderbilt to the Duke of Marlborough. In his complaint the son alleges that in his latter years his father was induced to deed away several hundred thousand dollars' worth of real estate to Elizabeth N. Blake.

She is charged with leading him to believe that the deeds should be made in accordance with the commands of the spirits of certain relatives of Mr. Ronalds who have been dead for many years. It is to set aside these alleged spirit deeds that the son brings the suit.

The other children, Peter Lorillard Ronalds, Jr., and Fannie Ritchie, have an interest in the estate. This is the property involved in the suit: 224 William Street, 208 Pearl Street, 103 Maiden Lane, 940 and 942 Eighth Avenue, and property in Wooster and Bleecker Streets.

When Mr. Ronalds died it was known that he had left a will, but it has not yet been filed at the Surrogates' office. After making a number of bequests the will provides that the residue of the estate is to go to the testator's three children.

The property mentioned in the suit passed out of Mr. Ronalds's possession, the son alleges, in November, 1900; December, 1901, and January, 1904. The plaintiff alleges that the transfers of the property were made without any consideration, and adds that at the time of the signing of the papers his father was weak in mind, and for some time before the dates named had been incompetent to manage his business affairs.

Mr. Ronalds alleges that Miss Blake took advantage of his father's weak condition, and by coercion and fraud induced him to execute the deeds. He alleges that she represented to his father that the deeds were not absolute conveyances of the premises, and induced him to believe that "the instruments should be executed and delivered to her in obedience to the commands of the spirits of his departed relatives."

Liens have been filed against the property to prevent its transfer until the court determines the ownership.

About the time of the first transfer of property Peter Lorillard Ronalds surprised his friends by beginning an action against his wife for divorce on the ground of desertion. He had then been separated from her for thirty-one years. Just as suddenly the suit was withdrawn.

Mrs. Ronalds was Miss Mary Frances Carter of Boston. Mr. Ronalds was a very rich man, a cousin of Pierre Lorillard, and a noted horseman. Eight years after the marriage, while on a tour abroad, Mr. and Mrs. Ronalds separated. Since that time she has lived in London and was the pioneer among American women that have entered English society. The late Queen Victoria praised her in recognition of her work in connection with the hospital ship Maine, which she helped to equip for Great Britain.

Meantime, according to the story that came out yesterday, Mr. Ronalds was becoming an ardent believer in spiritualism. In the Fall of 1900 he filed a suit for divorce. Then the suit was withdrawn, and it was believed that Mrs. Ronalds had signed away her dower right in her husband's property.

It now appears that the property was that that Mr. Ronalds deeded to Miss Blake, who at that time lived at Castle Ronalds and was known to the servants as a ward of Mr. Ronalds. Miss Blake appeared at Castle Ronalds shortly after Mr. and Mrs. Ronalds separated. Then came stories of spiritualistic séances in the castle.

The castle is a massive stone structure, on a high hill, overlooking the foothills of the Berkshires, twenty miles from Bridgeport.

The carriage drive up the hill leads into a tunnel, and whenever Mr. Ronalds stopped there he had a regiment of dummy soldiers in armor lined up in the tunnel. The ground floor was given over to the retainers of the estate. There were mysterious trap doors leading to rooms that were never opened to visitors.

The only occupant of the castle besides the servants and Mr. Ronalds was Miss Blake. Sometimes he took her to Europe with him.

When the lawyers in the case were asked if the Miss Blake who lived at Castle Ronalds was the defendant in the suit, they declined to say.

HOUGHTON SUCCEEDS HATCH.

Saratoga Justice Assigned to First Department Appellate Court.

ALBANY, Oct. 25.—Gov. Higgins today designated Supreme Court Justice James W. Houghton of Saratoga as an Associate Justice of the Appellate Division, First Department, to fill the vacancy left by the resignation of Justice Edward W. Hatch of Buffalo.

His place on the Appellate Division Bench, in the Third Department, is filled by Justice John M. Kellogg of Ogdensburg.

TAFT NOT A CANDIDATE.

Declares He Has No Intention of Running for the Presidency.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 25.—The Post tomorrow will publish a statement from Secretary Taft, as follows:

"I have no intention of resigning from the Cabinet to make a campaign for the Presidency, and, furthermore, I have no intention whatever of making a campaign for the office of the Nation's Chief Executive.

"I am satisfied with my present place, and shall be pleased to remain in the Cabinet as long as I can. I have authorized no one to spring the 'Presidential boom,' as it has been called."

SCULPTOR PERRY ARRESTED

At His Own Studio Tea for Failure to Pay Alimony.

Roland Hinton Perry, the sculptor, was giving a tea in his studio at 51 West Tenth Street yesterday, when a lawyer for his former wife, Mrs. Truma Perry, who is an actress, arrived with a warrant for his arrest for failure to pay her alimony granted in her divorce action. The guests had to dispense with their host for a few minutes, while Mr. Perry arranged to get bail and thus avoid going to Ludlow Street Jail. This was arranged by his lawyer, John Reilly.

Mr. Perry's latest works are a statue of Gen. Greene for Chattanooga, a bust of Marguerite Lemon, a statue for Harrisburg, and a bust of Gen. Sickles.

NEW BOAT BREAKS DOWN.

The Richmond's Passengers Delayed More Than an Hour.

One hundred and fifty passengers on the new Municipal ferryboat Richmond fretted and fumed for an hour and twenty minutes last night, while Capt. Baxter was trying to land his boat in the slip at Whitehall Street.

The Richmond left Staten Island at 7:15 o'clock, and just before she made her slip the steering gear went wrong. Capt. Baxter thought that, on account of the strong ebb tide it would be safer to make a detour. He took his boat nearly to Liberty Island, where he made a circuit and came back. Three attempts were made before the boat was finally landed in the slip, and then only after a hawser had been taken ashore and the boat warped in. By the time the passengers made a landing it was 8:35 o'clock.

It was said that the rudder chains that run beneath the pilot house had been placed a little too close to the ceiling and became stuck at the "s." This prevented the steam steering gear from working in either direction.

FIRE SCARE IN A HOTEL.

San Rafael's Guests Upset by Small Blaze in Basement.

Three hundred or more guests in the San Rafael apartment hotel, on West Forty-fifth Street, had a scare last night when fire started in the basement, sending volumes of smoke through the house. Many women became hysterical. The elevator runners stuck to their posts, however, and got all the guests to the ground floor.

The blaze was in a storeroom for coal, packages, and clothes and was quickly put out by firemen.

STOLE J. R. KEENE'S GIFT.

Supposed Telephone Men Robbed Mrs. McClure of Albany.

ALBANY, Oct. 25.—By representing themselves to employes of the telephone company two young men this afternoon gained entrance to the house of Archibald Jermain McClure, on Upper State Street and stole jewelry valued at over $3,000.

Mrs. McClure lost a diamond crescent, her husband's wedding gift, valued at $1,500, and a large diamond horseshoe, presented to her at a Palm Beach dinner two years ago by James R. Keene of New York.

TRIED TO GIVE AWAY $6,351.

Nevada Ranchman Made Generous by Too Much Chicago Liquor.

CHICAGO, Oct. 25.—A. Mueller, a ranch owner from Nevada, attempted to give away $6,351 in front of the Palmer House this morning.

Policeman Peterson was attracted from across the street by Mueller's actions, and as he approached the Nevadan threw the money on the sidewalk and called out:

"Will no one take it?"

"Yes, I will," said Peterson, as he picked up the money and seized Mueller. Mueller said he had arrived in Chicago Tuesday and had disposed of several carloads of cattle. He then began drinking. He was locked up temporarily.

ROBBERS CUT OFF VILLAGE.

Destroyed Telephone Communication Before Descending on Bank.

NIAGARA FALLS, N. Y., Oct. 25.—The private bank of Harvey Hoag, at Barker, Niagara County, was robbed early to-day by three men, who took the precaution to cut all telephone wires entering the village before beginning their work.

After blowing open the safe they fled, pursued by citizens. They got $3,000, but dropped $2,800 at the door of the bank. They escaped, but the whole neighborhood has been aroused in the search for them.

EXPLORING NEW GREAT CAVE.

Party Has Penetrated Seven Miles—Stopped by Swift River.

Special to The New York Times.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Oct. 25.—A cave that may rival the famous Mammoth Cave has been discovered near Glasgow Junction, Barren County.

One arm has been explored for seven miles. Further progress was stopped by a swift stream. Dr. Hazen and John Thompson, the explorers, are now engaged in building a boat with which to ferry the stream. As soon as this work is complete the search will be prosecuted further.

The cave is described by Dr. Hazen as being of surpassing beauty.

Power Suit Verdict Reached.

The jury in the International Power case of Franklin, Scott & Co. against Joseph H. Hoadley, Joseph Leiter, and Cyrus Field Judson agreed at 9:25 o'clock last night. As Judge Amend had gone home, the verdict was sealed until to-day.

Dewey's Sparkling Moselle and Burgundy Are delightful Table Wines. H. T. Dewey & Sons Co., 130 Fulton St., New York.—Adv.

FLAMMER HAS QUIT, TO VOTE FOR JEROME

Advises All Good Republicans to Do the Same.

NAME STAYS ON THE BALLOT

But Republican Leaders Will Instruct Voters How to Split Their Tickets.

Charles A. Flammer, Republican nominee for District Attorney, withdrew from the ticket last night. Though his name will remain on the ballot, he will vote for Jerome himself and will advise his friends to vote for Jerome.

Mr. Flammer's decision was a shock to the Republican organization, which for some time has been contending with the candidate's unwillingness to run. Apparently it came also as a shock to James W. Osborne, Tammany nominee for the same office, for Mr. Osborne was missing last night till nearly midnight. He did not appear at any of the meetings at which he was announced to speak and THE TIMES reporters for a long while could get no nearer to him than communication through a friend on the telephone.

Chairman William Halpin of the Republican City Committee called reporters to him at the Fifth Avenue Hotel just before 10 o'clock last night and told the news of his candidate's retirement. Mr. Halpin was evidently bent on putting the best possible face on the matter. Mr. Flammer's action had been approved, Mr. Halpin said, and now all good Republicans would be asked to vote for Jerome for District Attorney, notwithstanding Mr. Flammer's name would appear in the Republican column on the official ballot on election day.

Mr. Halpin went on to explain that the law prevented a candidate taking his name actually off the ticket at such a stage in the campaign after accepting a nomination, and that consequently Republicans would have to split their ticket by making a cross in the circle at the top of the Republican column, and then making another cross opposite the name of Jerome. How to do this correctly would be explained later, he said, and the Republican Campaign Committee would issue sample ballots to show how a man might vote for Ivins and at the same time vote for Jerome.

The withdrawal of Flammer, in his opinion, Mr. Halpin declared bravely, meant the election of Ivins. Then, seeing the consternation on some faces around him, he corrected this statement, saying that he "hoped" this would be the result, but that he might be mistaken in making predictions at this time.

Then Mr. Halpin gave out a formal statement from the retiring candidate. Here it is:

When I accepted the Republican nomination for District Attorney I did so in good faith and in the full consciousness, if elected, of being able to serve the people of this community honorably and well.

As a member of the Republican Party I desire to put myself in accord with the best traditions of that party in leading sound public sentiment by not continuing my candidacy for District Attorney against William Travers Jerome, and in response to what I rec

and over again how important was Mr. Flammer's action.

Faces at the Republican Club, where State Chairman Odell makes his headquarters, looked gloomy. Mr. Odell was invisible. He had been there earlier in the day, but it was said last night that he had left town, presumably for Newburg.

Julius Mayer said:

"So the announcement has been made, has it? I expected it to be. You see in regard to judicial nominations and the nomination of a District Attorney, who is a quasi-judicial officer, party men in notable instances have disregarded so-called regularity. Republicans will vote for Mr. Ivins and a substantial majority of the Republicans of New York County will vote for Mr. Jerome. And they are sufficiently familiar with the ballot to know how to vote it."

George B. Agnew, Republican Assemblyman from the Twenty-seventh Assembly District, openly rejoiced. Said he:

"I am very glad to hear that Mr. Flammer has quit in favor of Mr. Jerome. I was one of those who signed Mr. Jerome's petition before the Republican Convention was held. The result will be that Mr. Jerome will be elected."

Abraham Gruber, the Republican leader of the Twenty-first District, who led the fight against the indorsement of Jerome by the Republican organization and placed Mr. Flammer in nomination at the County Convention, wouldn't believe the news when he heard it. Mr. Gruber had just finished speaking at Schmidt's Hall, in East New York, last night when the report that Mr. Flammer had come out with a statement urging his friends to vote for Jerome was brought to his attention. Mr. Gruber became much excited.

"It's a lie," said he. "I know it's a lie. Flammer told Ed Lauterbach this afternoon that he had no intention of deserting the ticket and I know he won't. Why, if he should be induced to take such action as is reported it would cost Mr. Ivins 25,000 Republican votes."

Mr. Gruber was so much wrought up over the Flammer report that he did not wait to hear any part of the address of Mr. Ivins, but hustled to Manhattan at once, only to have the news confirmed.

Early yesterday afternoon, although it was strenuously denied that Flammer would quit, there was a panicky feeling in the Republican organization because of defections due to Mr. Flammer's nomination against Jerome. Every Republican newspaper in the city had turned to the support of Mr. Jerome's candidacy, and reports from Republican district leaders to headquarters yesterday were to the effect that they were experiencing the utmost difficulty in holding the Republican vote of their districts for Ivins and the city ticket because of the intensity of the feeling in favor of Jerome.

In the course of the afternoon there came a report that Mr. Flammer would come out and urge his friends to support Mr. Jerome. When Mr. Flammer was called up on the telephone and asked about it, he said:

"I have no intention of getting out of the race. I could not get my name off the ballot if I so desired, the time limit for resignations having expired. My name will go before the people, and, what is more, I expect to be elected."

Yet the rumor that he would come out for Jerome before the campaign was much older was persistently circulated. Edward Lauterbach characterized it as a lie, but other leaders expressed the belief that such a statement would be forthcoming. They freely admitted that the result of Mr. Flammer's candidacy would be the alienation of thousands of votes from the Republican city ticket.

The big demonstration made for Jerome at the meeting of the Thirty-first District Republican Club in the Harlem Casino on Tuesday night was not an isolated instance of uprising within the Republican organization in favor of Jerome. The same feeling has existed just as strongly in other districts, and the leaders felt they could not keep it under control.

Early in the evening Mr. Halpin drove up to the Hotel Breslin in a cab, and sought an immediate conference with Mr. Ivins. Mr. Halpin evidently was worried about something. When asked if a meeting of the district leaders had been called to take action upon the candidacy of Mr. Flammer, he said that no such call had gone out.

"What is likely to be done by the Republican organization about the candidacy of Mr. Flammer?" Mr. Halpin was asked.

"That is a matter I cannot discuss," he said.

Mr. Halpin was a strong advocate of the indorsement of Mr. Jerome by the Republican organization originally. He told the leaders then that if they allowed their prejudice against Mr. Jerome to control their action they would surely rue it. His prediction has been fulfilled.

IVINS SEES VICTORY.

Says He Can Be Beaten Only by Republicans.

William M. Ivins spoke at seven meetings in Brooklyn and two in Manhattan last night, and everywhere he was greeted by crowds that filled the different halls and gave him an enthusiastic reception. Before he left the Hotel Breslin on last night's speaking tour Mr. Ivins issued a statement, in which he said that Mayor McClellan, having answered in the affirmative his inquiry as to whether or not, if elected, he would serve out his term as Mayor, should not console himself with the idea that he would be permitted to leave the witness stand with that admission.

"I would like Mayor McClellan to take notice," says Mr. Ivins in his statement, "that the question as to his retaining office for the full term is only one of the important questions which I have addressed to him.

"He has still to tell the public why it is that he claims credit for public improvements which were initiated by his predecessor and not by him. He has still to tell the public why he keeps in office a Commissioner of Water, Gas and Electric Supply who has been discredited and repudiated as Oakley has.

"He has yet to say whether the appointment of Parsons, a well-known park expert, in the Park Department is temporary and for political purposes only, and whether he intends to replace him with another Pallas as soon as the election is over.

"He has yet to tell us what he meant in his letter of acceptance, when he said that employment under his administration did not guarantee employment under the next, if he were elected, and why. If he has commissioners whom he thinks unfit, he does not remove them now, instead of waiting until the beginning of the new term which he expects to have."

When the Ivins party reached Greenpoint at 7:30 last night they were escorted to New Assembly Hall by a brass band and a military company. The route was ablaze with red light. The hall was crowded.

"Republicans," said Mr. Ivins, "we have the greatest chance we have ever had in New York to elect our ticket. On behalf of the Democratic Party is fighting the other half, and both are calling each other hard names. If I am elected I shall be absolutely independent of any party leader, financier, or corporation. I won't appoint a watchmaker to make shoes or a shoemaker to make watches. No man will be appointed who has not special qualifications for the place for which he is named."

At Grand Central Hall Mr. Ivins said that if the standard of accomplishment was to be raised in New York City to what it ought to be a city administration "would have no use for Murphy, no use for McCarren, no use for Ridgway, no use for any men except men who were honest and competent."

"The government of a city," Mr. Ivins continued, "ought to be distinct from National or State problems. Our problems are neighborhood problems. If I am elected I will run the city absolutely regardless of the needs of the Pacific Coast or of the Gulf of Mexico. I will do my work like any other working man. [Cheers.]

"I have refused financial assistance from the Republican County Committee and have not asked a dollar for my campaign from any man. If you make me Mayor I shall be absolutely free of any political or financial obligation to any man or any set of men. I have given not a single pledge. There is no Murphy in my camp. [Cheers.] My great aim will be to give an administration absolutely free from graft.

"You are following Teddy," shouted a man in the crowd.

"I couldn't follow any man, following whom would give me more gratification," responded Mr. Ivins.

At Grand Palace Rink Mr. Ivins said that the great issue of the campaign was whether the people wanted self-government. "You now have a government which operates to enrich a few men at the expense of the whole people. Elect me and I will see that what belongs to the people shall be reserved for the people."

Mr. Ivins said at this meeting that if he were defeated his defeat would be due to Republican defections. If Republicans remained loyal to him, he said, nothing could prevent his election.

At the Long Island Business College in the Fifth Assembly District of Brooklyn Mr. Ivins had a fine audience.

THE CRIMINAL LAW AND MURPHY'S "IT"

Are They Connected? Is Jerome's Question to Osborne.

WHAT WOULD YOU DO?

He's Cheered on Washington Heights by Tammanyites, Republicans, and Hearst Men.

District Attorney Jerome sprang a new question last night when he went up to Washington Heights to address a mass meeting of his old neighbors at Washington Hall. He got his cue from a report that Mr. Osborne had asked why the District Attorney did not himself find out where Charley Murphy got "it," as he had the best chance.

"The only chance I have had is through the criminal law," said Mr. Jerome, pointedly, and then he demanded, with emphasis on each word:

"Does Mr. Osborne suggest that Mr. Murphy got 'it' in such a way that the criminal law offers the best way of finding out how he got 'it'?"

A moment later he got a storm of applause by another question:

"Will Mr. Osborne, if elected, use the instrumentality of the criminal law to find out where Murphy got 'it'?

"This moral statement that a man is a fool who has a chance to get it and does not get it," Mr. Jerome added, "and the confession implied in Mr. Osborne's statement that the boss has got 'it'—this leads naturally and normally to a question that was put years ago and answered in this city. Once before a man who was asked where he got 'it' stood up in brazen effrontery and asked: 'What are you going to do about it?' And you showed clearly and simply what you were going to do about it by putting that man absolutely down and out." [Wild cheering and applause lasting half a minute.]

Although the response of that meeting to Mr. Jerome's appeal was as enthusiastic as any he has received in this campaign, much of the best fun preceded his arrival. It seemed from various signs that every man present was an ardent partisan of some party, and that the audience was about equally split in sympathy among Tammany, the Republicans and the Hearst supporters. One of the best known and most energetic Tammany workers in the district—to take his own word for it—Capt. John P. Leo, presided. Another locally no less known Tammanyite, Lawyer Joseph D. Baucus, was one of the speakers. He got on beautifully as long as he stuck to Jerome. But the trouble began when he took a new tack by remarking:

"My old classmate, McClellan, who will be the next Mayor of New York—"

"Not on your life," yelled a man in the gallery.

"Why not?" called back a man on the main floor.

"We don't want anybody but Jerome," shouted a third.

And for a minute or more there was a row, nobody being able to make himself heard. At last Mr. Baucus caught the chance offered by a brief lull in the storm and tried to pour oil on the waves by saying:

"We are all on the level in this one way; we are all for Jerome. And let us each have his own choice for the rest—"

"Oh, you're a traitor," the first interrupter shouted, and the speaker grew red in the face. Once more there was a storm of voices. Words went flying back and forth. Catcalls and hisses and cheers drowned most of them, but through the roar was heard:

"We don't want anything from Murphy!"

Thereupon another man got up on a chair and howled: "What's the matter with Hearst?"

When Jerome got into the hall, where more than 1,000 were packed like herrings, the people did not cheer as they have done at most meetings, but they let out regular Western yells, and at last they all took up "The Star-Spangled Banner" and sang it standing, while all waved little American flags. Mr. Jerome followed largely the lines of his speech the night before, but varied the form of it. Each time he referred to Osborne the never-absent man with the fog-horn voice bellowed out a "Poor Jimmy!" that largely contributed to the hilarity of the occasion.

Here are some of the phrases in Mr. Jerome's address which took best with the audience:

"If the cases that are cited by my urbane and courteous opponent on the Tammany ticket are the best that can be brought against my office, then, surely, it needs no defense at my hands."

"We cannot take up a magazine or a newspaper without reading of graft, graft, graft. The people of this country are seething with a feeling of unrest and tumult. What is the cause? We feel that we are deprived of our own. We feel that personal liberty is almost dead in the land.

"Has anybody the temerity to say that in the last ten years he has seen in these United States of America a free convention?"

"I tell you, the feeling of political unrest is because there has come between the people and the public servant the boss, the corrupt, selfish, irresponsible man, who assumes to dictate and control and whose growth in political power always synchronizes with his growth in financial prosperity.

"It is a bitter thing for me to believe that the free American people can not or dare not or are not allowed to express their will.

"There is just as much loss of liberty in going to Benjamin B. Odell as in going to C. Francis Murphy [laughter]—or to J. Sergeant Cram.

"Judge Ingraham was slated to be turned down because he did not take the orders of the boss in regard to a certain appointment a short time ago. Judge Gildersleeve was equally slated to be turned down, because there had been passed a Judicial Pension bill, and he had served long enough to avail himself of the $11,500 taken from the taxpayers, and it was too bad to let a good thing like that go unavailed of.

"When the people of the City of New York see that the issue is between themselves and the selfish, irresponsible boss, then I have thought that they—against all statistics, against all figures, against all organization talk—will rise in their might and say unequivocally: 'No boss rule for ours!'

"They have allowed me, in the term of the West, to run as a 'Maverick'—without the brand of any political party.'

"The Republican Convention did what the Tammany Convention had done before—and now it regrets having done it."

"The men nominated like my opponents must either be puppets or traitors. As for me, I prefer the puppet to the traitor. I believe in loyalty. Don't incur obligations if you are not going to discharge them. But be very careful what obligations you incur."

"I am not trying to destroy the parties, but to free them."

"I have not dwelt on Murphy because he is worse than any other boss. I have taken him up because he is, perhaps, as fair a type and illustration of the boss as you could pick out all over this country."

"Unless you decide the issue right which is now before you, unless you now show that you rule, what a loss will there be to all of us; what a discouragement to any effort for decency, not only here, but all over the country; what a discouragement to any effort at independence! How will we ever get away from Murphy of Good Ground and Odell of Newburg and their likes, if, when the opportunity is given you, you won't strike the blow?"

Commander Young's Trial Closed.

MARE ISLAND, Cal., Oct. 25.—The trial by court-martial of Commander Lucien Young of the United States ship Bennington, on a charge of negligence in connection with a boiler explosion at San Diego, closed to-day with the argument of Capt. E. E. West for the prosecution, Capt. West declared Young knew the boilers were in a poor condition, and there was a lax state of discipline on the vessel.

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ROW AT A HEARST TALK CALLS OUT RESERVES

Candidate Interrupted by Question of a Union Bricklayer.

HE PLEDGES HALF-PRICE GAS

More Pay, Too, for Firemen, Police, and Street Cleaners—Or Else He'll Resign.

William R. Hearst went down into the Anarchist belt of the east side last night and made his biggest hit of the campaign. Emma Goldman and Herr Most have thrilled large audiences in Beethoven Hall, on East Fifth Street, when the "Marseillaise" has been the favorite air. Mr. Hearst made a speech in that hall last night, and when he was through the band struck up "America."

It was the first of two noteworthy meetings addressed by Mr. Hearst last night. The second was in the New Star Casino, just back of the theatre at Lexington Avenue and East 107th Street. Both halls were packed to the doors.

At the second meeting Mr. Hearst's address provoked a row and the police reserves were called out. The candidate was in the midst of a peroration on the rights of labor, in the course of which he said:

"He is a poor business man, indeed, who has to steal his profits out of the wages of his employes."

"What about the scabs you employed on that job of yours on 125th Street?" shouted a man in the hall. Mr. Hearst is not answering questions in his campaign tours.

There were some 4,000 persons in the hall. A thousand were on their feet in an instant shouting, hissing, groaning, and shaking clenched fists in the direction of the man who had asked the question.

"Put him out!" "Soak him!" were some of the cries.

There was the wildest confusion. Mr. Hearst stood on the platform and did not even stretch forth his hand. Finally one of the men on the platform shouted:

"Sit down, you hoodlum! Sit down!"

"I'm only asking a question and I want you to answer it," shouted the man.

"Murphy sent him down! Put him out!" shouted a man in the first row of seats.

"Hearst! Hearst!" roared the rest of the audience.

Four policeman advanced on the disturber and removed him to the street just in time to save him from injury.

"Now that Mr. Murphy's hoodlum has been removed," said Chairman De Ford, who is one of the candidate's closest advisers, "now that he has been thrown out, Mr. Hearst will go on."

"I am here to talk to honorable men and not to answer the questions of blackguards," said Mr. Hearst when quiet had been restored. Then he resumed his speech where he had left off.

After the reference made in the Marion Hall meeting of Tuesday night, accusing Mr. Hearst and his papers of causing the assassination of President McKinley, it has been declared by the Hearst managers that the Tammany district leaders have adopted this method to break up the Hearst meetings. It was said at the Hoffman House headquarters last night that if some of these disturbers get hurt they would have only themselves to blame.

Mr. Hearst had not gone much further in his speech before another man arose intent upon asking questions. He was well dressed. He stood quietly and held up his hands as he said:

"Mr. Chairman, I'm friendly to Mr. Hearst, but I, too, would like to ask him a question."

A man on the platform got up and shouted:

"Sit down, you bum!"

A policeman advanced up the aisle and placed his hand on the man's shoulder, seeking him. The meeting had been in an uproar for two minutes, men standing in seats, shouting and clenching their fists at the man who apparently was acting in good faith.

It was learned after the meeting that the man who had asked the question about the job in 125th Street was Charles Curran, a member of Bricklayers' Union No. 37. He said that last Summer, while out of work, he had passed a house on that street belonging to Arthur Brisbane, who writes editorials for Mr. Hearst.

Curran said plumbers and bricklayers were at work in the house, and that upon applying for a job as excavating his union card he had been told that only non-union men were being employed. Curran said he had written to inform Mr. Hearst and Mr. Brisbane about it, but had got no satisfaction.

Mr. Hearst, in his speeches at both meetings, made a strong bid for the policefiremen-street cleaner vote. He said the men in all these departments were shamefully underpaid and that as soon as he was elected Mayor they would all get more pay.

"It is a poor city administration," said Mr. Hearst, "that has to make a showing by overworking its Police Department and its Fire Department, and denying to the hard-working street cleaners a trifling increase of $60 per annum. They have not had a raise in fourteen years, and every one knows that the cost of living has doubled in that period.

"Why, the amount of money that is going to be spent banqueting the British fleet would have satisfied the trifling demands of the city employes.

He promised gas at half the present rate, and said he would resign if he did not keep that and all his pledges.

"You've got my vote, and I am a Republican," shouted a man in the audience.

"Bully for you, Beethoven Hall!" Scarborough of Texas, who was introduced as "The Live Wire," said:

"A grafter is a man who wears a dress suit and dines at Delmonico's. The same man, if he dines in his shirt sleeves at an east side coffee house, is a common thief.

"Down in Texas where I come from there is a tree where they have hanged twenty-seven men, every one of them better men than Murphy and Odell. McClellan has no more show than snowball in the place where Murphy ought to be. Fellow Anarchists, are you going to vote for McClellan?"

"No," roared the crowd.

"Whom are you going to vote for?"

"Hearst, Hearst," cried the audience.

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SOUTH RUSSIA RISES; THE CZAR ISOLATED

Continued from Page 1.

ary character, the orators calling on their auditors to rise and slay all "chinovniks" and police, and to meet troops with armed force. These speeches were received with enthusiastic cheers.

The police were powerless to interfere, the precincts of the university being forbidden ground to them under an imperial ukase.

An encounter occurred last evening between strikers and engine drivers who were preparing to take out trains. Revolver shots were exchanged, and a number of persons were killed or wounded.

All the railroad stations of St. Petersburg are occupied by stroops. The Railroad Battalions have been called out and an attempt will be made to man a train to Moscow and another to the frontier today.

The leaders of the strikers on the Moscow and Warsaw lines have planned a big meeting for to-morrow.

Moscow resembles a city in a state of siege. The price of meat has trebled, and there is great distress among the poor. Many people from neighboring provinces who have gone to Moscow are camping in the streets, and 2,000 persons are living in cars.

At a meeting of the Engineers' Union at Moscow yesterday, it was decided that it was imperative that all engineers, whatsoever their employment, cease work at once.

Telegraphic communication between St. Petersburg and Kharkoff is broken.

Hospital trains having on board 500 sick and wounded soldiers from Manchuria are held up near Moscow. The condition of the men is said to be pitiable.

A dangerous Agrarian movement has again broken out in Samara Province.

A general strike has begun at Poltava.

ANARCHY AT RIGA.

Many Persons Killed or Wounded—Spirit Shops Looted.

COPENHAGEN, Oct. 25.—Anarchy prevails at Riga, Russia, according to a dispatch received from there by the Politiken.

Conflicts are frequent, many persons have been killed or wounded, and the Government spirit shops have been looted and destroyed.

MANY SLAIN AT EKATERINOSLAV

Wires Cut—Strikers Said to Have Destroyed the Railway.

EKATERINOSLAV, Oct. 25.—The town is in darkness and the military are parading the streets. The courts, banks, and other public offices were closed to-day.

The telephone and telegraph wires are cut.

It is reported that the strikers have destroyed the permanent railroad bed, have taken possession of a train which was approaching Ekaterinoslav, and have destroyed the station buildings all along the line.

Two bloody conflicts occurred to-day between the troops and demonstrators. The first occurred opposite the Municipal Buildings and the second near the Pushkin Monument. Numbers were killed or wounded in both instances by the volleys fired by the soldiers.

Fifteen persons were killed and twenty-six injured yesterday in a conflict between troops and strikers at the Briansk works, where the strikers had erected wire entanglements.

WARSAW IS ISOLATED.

Famine Is Feared—Military Forces Occupying the Streets.

WARSAW, Oct. 25.—This city is now completely isolated. The strike has spread to all the railroads. A meat, milk, and coal famine is feared.

The employes of the Warsaw-Vienna Railroad met to-day and decided to strike, and later it was announced that traffic had been stopped on the line.

Strong patrols of infantry and cavalry occupy the streets, and troops are guarding the railroad and the Government buildings.

GOVERNMENT MAY FALL—WITTE

Tells Strikers They Will Perish with It—Hilkoff Drives an Engine.

ST. PETERSBURG, Oct. 25.—The strength displayed by the Social Democrats has amazed the authorities, who have been taken quite as much by surprise at the evidence of their power as they were at the time of the "Gopon Rebellion."

Prince Hilkoff, the Minister of Railroads, whose appeals to the strikers at Moscow were so unavailing that he could not get an engineer to bring him to St. Petersburg, and who, with a fireman stoking, drove his own engine, arriving here black and dust-grimed, is not blamable for the failure of the Government to keep its promises made in the Spring to increase the wages of the railroad men. That responsibility rests on the Minister of Finance.

Prince Hilkoff expected to meet the railroad delegates here, but the men apparently broke off their bridges at the meetings held last night, which continued until dawn this morning. A dozen of these meetings, of the most enthusiastic character, were held. The largest, which was held in the university, was attended by about 10,000 persons, including students, who are making common cause with the workmen and whose leaders are making speeches in favor of a resumption of the students' strike.

The students joined the railroad men in passing a resolution in favor of the immediate convocation of a Constituent Assembly elected by direct universal suffrage, demanding that the laws governing labor be sanctioned by the representatives of the people and that political freedom be immediately granted, and declaring that this only could an armed revolution be avoided.

These resolutions were adopted after the deputation which called on Count Witte had reported. The Count received the deputation as a private individual. He spoke to the men with his usual bluntness and told them plainly that some of their demands would be granted, while the granting of others was impossible. Count Witte informed his visitors that a law permitting greater freedom of meeting than was allowed by the laws of Italy and Austria-Hungary, and providing for freedom of the press had already been elaborated. Martial law on the railroads, he said, was an anachronism which should be abolished.

Count Witte warned the deputation that a continuation of the strike could only result in bloodshed, either by compelling the interference of the military or by the famine-stricken people of the cities turning upon the strikers.

"Remember," he said, "the Government may fall, but with it you will perish also, by playing into the hands of the bourgeoisie you are fighting."

In conclusion Count Witte advised the men to return to work, but his advice was howled down and the resolution to strike was adopted.

620,000 RAILWAY EMPLOYES.

Average Wages of the Men on the Russian Lines $160 a Year.

The railways of the Russian Empire have a total length of over 36,000 miles, of which some 24,000 miles belong to and are worked by the Government. There are twenty-eight lines connected with each other and eleven isolated lines.

The Russian railways employ some 620,000 men, whose average wages a year are about $100.

The Government lines are operated at an annual loss, which had, however, decreased from $20,000,000 in 1899 to $8,000,000 in 1901.

The Russian railways carry yearly a constantly increasing number of passengers. At the same time electric lines are coming into wide use.

The tendency in Russia seems to be toward complete absorption of all railway lines by the Government.

JEROME AND THE SLOCUM.

Did All He Could, He Says—Burnett and Lindsay Agree.

District Attorney Jerome dictated a reply yesterday to James W. Osborne's references to his conduct of the Slocum prosecution. In it he said that as soon as the news of the disaster was taken to his office, an assistant at once went to the scene and remained there practically day and night till every shred of evidence was accumulated and preserved. A careful examination was then made of the law to determine, he said, where a prosecution could be had with the best likelihood of success, whether in the United States court or in the State court.

"It was decided," Mr. Jerome says, "after a conference between myself and the United States District Attorney, that there was greater likelihood of a conviction in the Federal court than in the State court.

"Mr. Osborne's statement is incorrect, both as to the law and as to the facts, and is merely a demagogic attempt to stir up a belief that I have prosecuted poor and humble offenders and let rich and powerful ones go by."

Mr. Jerome's statement was shown to United States District Attorney Gen. Burnett, who said:

"That is absolutely correct. Everything possible was done by Mr. Jerome to aid in the prosecution."

John D. Lindsay, President of the Children's Society, who represented that society at the investigation of the disaster, said yesterday:

"I heartily agree with the legal principle laid down by the District Attorney."

ARRESTS CAUSE FIGHT IN CAR.

Three Men, Said to be Pickpockets, Clubbed Into Submission.

Three men who, the police say, are well-known pickpockets whose pictures are in the Rogues' Gallery at Police Headquarters, made a desperate fight against arrest in a west-bound Forty-second Street car last night. Detective Sergeant Oppenhym watched the men at work from the Grand Central Station to Broadway and then, calling a policeman, told the three they were under arrest.

Immediately there was a fight. Women, not knowing what the trouble was, screamed and tried to escape, but Oppenhym had made sure that both the front and rear doors were locked. Finally, the detective and the policeman pounded the three into submission with clubs. They were taken to the West Thirtieth Street Station and booked. Later they were taken to Police Headquarters and locked up as suspicious persons. They said they were Thomas Holden of 101 West Eighty-first Street; Daniel Vann of 141 West Twenty-ninth Street, and Daniel Keleher of 200 West Thirty-ninth Street.

YESTERDAY'S FIRES.

1:10 A. M.—Sixty-second Street and Broadway; owner unknown; damage trifling.

1:40 A. M.—500 West 168th Street; owner unknown; damage, $100.

2:40 A. M.—489 East 144th Street; owner unknown; damage, $5.

2:40 A. M.—100 Monroe Street; owner unknown; damage, $300.

2:40 A. M.—508 West Forty-ninth Street; M. Feige & Brother; damage, $20,000.

4:15 A. M.—98 Second Avenue; M. Schwartz; damage, $500.

5:35 A. M.—558 Broadway; owner unknown; no damage.

8:15 A. M.—171 Spring Street; Nicholas Detta; damage trifling.

9:10 A. M.—1,208 First Avenue; Charles Werner; damage, $5.

10:15 A. M.—1,517 Prospect Avenue; George Vennam; damage trifling.

11:40 A. M.—228 East Forty-third Street; James Seymour; damage, $25.

1 P. M.—215 East Forty-first Street; owner unknown; damage trifling.

3:15 P. M.—83 Bayard Street; Dominick Masholi; damage, $1,000.

4:15 P. M.—649 Amsterdam Avenue; Withers & Mills; damage trifling.

4:35 P. M.—821 Pearl Street; J. J. Richards; damage, $200.

5:20 P. M.—717 Second Avenue; owner unknown; damage, $20.

7 P. M.—434 East Seventy-sixth Street; owner unknown; no damage.

You might just as well put your firm name on the door upside down as install cheap furniture in your offices.
There should be no room for cheap furniture in the offices of any ambitious business man.
Just drop around to my showrooms. I'll convince.
CHARLES E. MATTHEWS,
OFFICE FURNITURE,
275 Canal St.—One Door East of Broadway
Telephone 1299 Spring.

The PIANOLA PIANO
The Instrument Which Has Established a New Standard in the Piano World
THE ENTHUSIASM created by the Pianola Piano is without precedent in the piano industry. If you investigate the history of the few great pianos of the world, you will find that it has taken forty or fifty years—or even longer—to attain their present position.
The success of the Pianola Piano, on the other hand, was instantaneous. Its reception by the public has demonstrated in a forcible way the deficiency in all previous pianos. It is not enough that a piano should possess high musical qualities—it must also present the means whereby anyone may play it.
Considering the large number of people who are unable to play (even imperfectly) there was a real need for such an instrument as this. The considerations that the Pianola Piano logically brings home to every person who investigates it are:
"Why should I buy a piano which but a single member of my family can play, when in the Pianola Piano I can have an instrument that we can all enjoy?"
"Why continue to keep in my home a piano that is seldom or never touched, when I can exchange it for this new kind of piano which will make a performer of me and will bring into my daily life the greatest music ever written?"
Such are the questions that have been the deciding factor in the great success of the Pianola Piano. We take your present piano in exchange at its fair market valuation and the balance of the purchase price you may pay in easy monthly instalments.
Special Demonstrations of the Pianola Piano
THURSDAY and FRIDAY
from 10 to 12 A. M. and 3 to 5 P. M.
Affording everyone an opportunity to hear this instrument, to have special music played and to ask questions without incurring any obligation to purchase.
Everyone interested is cordially invited to attend
Weber Pianola Pianos
Steck Pianola Pianos
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THE AEOLIAN COMPANY, Aeolian Hall, 362 Fifth Avenue, near 34th St., New York

TIFFANY STUDIOS
FEW people realize the extent and variety of the productions of the Tiffany Studios.
In their new building they now have ample opportunity for displaying under most favorable conditions:
LAMPS AND ELECTROLIERS, RARE RUGS, HANGINGS, TAPESTRIES, SELECT FURNITURE FAVRILE GLASS, LEADED-GLASS WINDOWS, ETCHED METAL, MOSAIC STONE and WOOD.
The Tiffany Studios desire to emphasize the fact that they undertake all branches of interior decoration.
MADISON AVENUE AND FORTY-FIFTH STREET.

QUIZ COMMITTEE FOR THE MUTUAL

Continued from Page 1.

that ought to be looked into. It will be like any other investigation."

"Will the meetings be open to the public?"

"I don't know, but I don't see why they should."

"If the committee obtains testimony such as that which has been offered before the legislative investigating committee is it likely that Mr. McCurdy will be urged to retire from the Presidency?"

"I can't answer any such question. In fact, I can't discuss any of the prospective operations of the committee. All I can say is that the meeting to-day was entirely of a harmonious character. Everything went along smoothly and quietly. President McCurdy offered the resolution, which was adopted, and his action ought to speak for itself."

Mr. Alexander declined to discuss the subject further.

Will State Our Side Now.

Charles R. Henderson said:

"The newspapers and every other public agency generally have made a great mistake in laying such great stress upon alleged irregularities of the Mutual's officers. There are two sides to every case, and now we purpose to state ours. The Mutual is a great concern, and its trusteeship was organized from the ranks of men renowned for their sterling worth and character, and eminent standing in the community and throughout the country. To attack any of them on the ground that irregularities have been committed is an outrage.

"I suppose the impression will now go forth that the purpose of this investigation is to oust Mr. McCurdy from office, that the whole plan is a cut and dried one, and that we have all agreed to sacrifice Mr. McCurdy upon the altar of what little public opinion and the great newspaper criticism that has been directed against him. We don't intend to do anything of the sort. The committee will act upon its best judgment, and any idea that we intend to 'let Mr. Mc-Curdy down easily,' as I have heard the situation expressed in conversation, is a mistake; in fact, it is malicious.

"We know, and the Mutual policy holders know, that Mr. McCurdy has devoted twenty of his best years to the interests of this company, that he has worked hard and incessantly, and that the high attainments of the company at this time are largely due to his magnificent labor. That fact cannot be lost sight of. He has been a tower to the company, and it is in no sense to be concluded by the action of the trustees to-day that he is to be sacrificed or slaughtered just to appease those who are so clamorous and unreasonable in their criticisms of the management of the Mutual, which has been honest and conscientious."

Herman C. Von Post, another trustee of the company, was questioned as to the plans of the committee, but declined to discuss them.

"Mr. McCurdy," he said, "is the man to see to get information about the company and the meeting to-day. See him; I have nothing to say."

From Stem to Stern,

Another Director, when interrogated as to the probable scope of the committee's work, said:

"I think it quite likely that the committee will rake the situation from stem to stern and that the meetings will continue until the Legislative Committee now conducting an investigation adjourns. The Mutual committee will begin its work at once and will keep its eye on the Legislative Committee for pointers. As the two investigations proceed the Mutual committee will be glad to get tips from the Legislative Committee from time to time on points which in its own work might otherwise be overlooked."

Another trustee, who declined to allow his name to be used, said:

"The meeting to-day was agreeable in all respects. Its action was spontaneous, unanimous, and entirely harmonious. The Trustees expressed complete confidence in the present management of the company. I am sure the work of our committee will serve to place the present insurance inquiry upon its proper lines. The Mutual committee has received entire discretion as to how and when to proceed."

"Absolutely No Connection."

On behalf of Mr. Morris this statement was given out last night by a Trustee of the Mutual:

"Mr. Morris was selected for the reason that he has absolutely no connection with the company's affairs, having been more of an honorary Director owing to his residence in Philadelphia, and has therefore not been familiar with the details of the company's business. He has, however, not yet decided whether he can spare the time to serve.

"A friend of Mr. Morris stated to-day that he hoped he would act, as he felt sure he would not hesitate to recommend to the board such changes in the Mutual Life organization and methods as he might find advisable, and that this would be done without fear or favor to any one."

For Twenty-nine Years the Name BISSELL

Has typified all that is best in carpet sweeper mechanism. The Bissell is sold in every civilized country, and everywhere is the acknowledged leader; contains valuable exclusive mechanical features and contributes more real comfort to the housewife than any other household article. Sweeping is the dreaded task of the home, and this is made easy and sanitary by the use of the Bissell. It will last ten years or more.
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For sale by all first-class dealers. Buy now, send us the purchase slip and we will send you free a neat, useful present.
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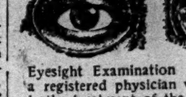
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43 YEARS' PRACTICE.

The Provident Loan Society
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MONEY TO LOAN in any amount from $1.00 to $1,000—upon pledge of personal property, such as diamonds and other precious stones, jewelry, watches, chains, silverware, clothing, furs, &c.
INTEREST RATES: 1% a month on sums under $250; on sums of $250 and over at rate of 10% per annum; on loans repaid within two weeks, ½%.
Loans may be repaid in installments.
LOAN OFFICES: 279 Fourth Av., corner 22d St.; 186 Eldridge St., corner Rivington; 119 West 42d St.; 105 East 125th St.
Separate Women's Department.

BUSINESS MEN DON'T.
DO BUSINESS FOR LOVE.
If you are buying Wines or Liquors from men who offer you Champagnes or other CASE goods at cost, don't buy bulk goods from them. They will be sure to make up loss of profit on the Case goods by charging you inordinate profits on the bulk goods. Buy only Champagnes and Case goods from them. Callanan's Magazine mailed on request.
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Commercial Union Assurance Company, Limited, of London.
Fire Risks Taken at Current Rates.
Losses Promptly Adjusted and Paid.
Cash Assets, $19,000,000.
Cash Capital, $5,000,000.
Cash Income, $6,000,000.
Cash Reserve, $14,000,000.
Surplus, $9,000,000.
Total Annual Income, $20,000,000.
Deposited with the Insurance Department for the protection of American Policyholders, $1,000,000.
Gross Assets in the United States, $3,000,000.
Net Surplus in the United States, $1,500,000.
Total Losses Paid in the United States, $10,000,000.
Total Losses Paid Throughout the World, $100,000,000.
Head Office for the United States, 54 William St., New York.
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Agents Wanted in Unrepresented Districts.

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NUN'S VEIL material.
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If the prices descriptions believe you before you
We say this b up. Surely such with these prices.
WHITE, BLUE quality nun's veil trimmed with em deep cuffs—pearl
WHITE SATIN WAISTS—button rows of pin tucks to and cuffs. Price.....
BLACK OR WHITE WAISTS—front made pretty yoke—plaited Price.....
WOMEN'S NET W made of solid tuck sleeve and trimme
IRISH CROCHE front and back—e med collar and cuf
BLACK TAFFETA of fine tucks and embroidery.....
BLACK CHIFFON toned back—exqu stitching and silk
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Women's very fine pants. These garme sold. They are two- vests high neck, French b

Our 2.00 and 1.50 men's gloves will be sold to-day at 1.09

WE want to find out how many men appreciate a bonafide bargain, and knowing that it is up to nearly every man to buy a pair of new gloves now, we have purchased 1,000 pairs 2.00 and 1.50 grades and will offer them to-day at 1.00. Main Floor.

Right now, before you make up your mind to take advantage of this offer, we want you to know that you can depend upon the styles, materials, quality and workmanship as the best in the world, while the colorings are true to the latest requirements of Men's Fashions. $1.00

The gloves offered to-day consist of:—

Men's Prix Seam Cape Gloves, newest English tan shades.

Men's unlined Mocha Gloves. Gunmetal and grey shades.

Men's Pique kid, full pique sewn Havana. Oak and tan shades.

Men's silk lined Mocha Prix seam Gloves—grey and reindeer shades.

Men's fleece lined grey Suede Gloves.

Men's fleece lined Glace Gloves, dark street shades.

Also a lot of Adler and Meyers' celebrated 1.00 gloves.

A new velvet suit.

THERE'S nothing so bewitchingly beautiful as soft, lustrous velvet in those new, rich colorings—wine, plum, prune, etc., and we believe we are the only store to offer a velvet suit, in all the new shades, that, according to a smart dressmaker's way of charging, would be 50.00, at ... 29.75

This is the new blouse style suit, trimmed with heavy applique lace, lined with white duchess satin. The skirt is also a new model. We didn't tell you all the colors—besides wine, plum and prune we have moss green, marine blue, and black.. 29.75

BROADCLOTH AND DOESKIN SUITS—custom made—beautiful colorings—several shades of wine, goblin blue, elephant gray, amethyst, dahlia, prune, blue and black—long, tight fitting coats 42.50

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Simpson Crawford Co.

SIXTH AVE. 19TH TO 20TH STREETS

Muslin underwear clearing—1.50 night gowns 1.00 39c. corset covers at 25c.

SOUNDS out of the question just at this time when every woman must select her Fall and Winter supply of muslin underwear, but our qualities and values are so good that we're turning our stocks over two or three times a week and consequently many soiled and crumpled garments come to light.

For to-day we have grouped them into special lots for a quick clearing and you need not be surprised to find the greatest bargains you ever heard of while they last.

From the least expensive to the best qualities you may choose at clearing prices to-day. Second Floor.

1.50 NIGHT GOWNS, 1.00.
Made of fine nainsook—low neck styles with trimmings of lace insertions and edges—beading and ribbon. Special..... 1.00

3.50 NIGHT GOWNS, 1.95.
Made of very best materials in low or slip over styles—handsomely designed with fine lace, embroidery and ribbon. Special 1.95

1.50 WALKING SKIRTS, 1.00.
Made of cambric—trimmed with wide lace and embroidery flounces, insertions and tucks. Special..... 1.00

39c CORSET COVERS, 25c.
Made of cambric and muslin—close fitting style. Special 25c

50c. CORSET COVERS, 39c.
Made of nainsook or cambric—trimmed with insertions and edges of pretty lace beading and ribbon. Special 39c

4.00 WALKING SKIRTS, 2.95.
Made of cambric—fine flare effects—trimmed in and above flounce with rows of fine lace insertion and edge. Special..... 2.95

6.00 WALKING SKIRTS, 3.95.
Trimmed with deep flounce, attractively designed, with insert of lace and wide lace ruffle—extra foot ruffle finished with lace. Special..... 3.95

We are showing a complete line of flannelette underskirts at 39c. and up.

1.00 CORSET COVERS, 59c.
Made of fine nainsook—low neck, French styles—handsomely designed with lace, beading and ribbon. Special 59c

75c NIGHT GOWNS, 50c
Made of cambric and muslin—in hubbard and empire styles—trimmed with lace, embroidery and tucks.

75c CAMBRIC DRAWERS, 50c.
Made of cambric, with wide ruffles, with rows of torchon insertion and embroidery. Special..... 50c

1.50 DRAWERS, 95c,
Made of nainsook, cambric, with ruffle elaborately trimmed with lace, embroidery and ribbon. Special..... 95c

85c SHORT UNDER SKIRTS, 50c.
Made of cambric and muslin with full ruffles, trimmed with hemstitched tucks, lace insertion and edge. Special 50c

MEN who do not care to pay more than $15 or $18 for an overcoat may have the same style, quality and workmanship to-day at $10.50

WOULD you buy one of these overcoats at $10.50 if you found upon inspection that in stating the value we had overestimated? We know your answer. We wouldn't expect you to. Furthermore, we know that you would not be likely to return to make another purchase. It stands to reason that you will receive an overcoat to-day at $10.50 that under any ordinary circumstances would cost you $15 or $18. Second Floor.

These are the newest and swellest up-to-date $15 and $18 Overcoats—fabrics of strictly pure all wool blue and black kersey, genuine Baltic frieze in black, Oxford and gray, and the fancy Scotch overcoating made in tourist effect. For the swell dresser there is the 52-inch coat, with broad concave shoulders. Handsome collars and lined throughout with princess serge. For the conservative man, coats are cut 46 inches long and tailored as only high grade coats ought to be. We start the sale with all sizes and 250 coats.

The policy of this house is to refrain absolutely from misrepresentation. Every man knows what that means, and that is why our men's departments are so successful. Men don't like to be deceived, and we know that well enough to assure you that when we say these overcoats at $10.50 are worth $15 and $18 you can depend upon it.

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SIMPSON CRAWFORD CO.

A NEW WAIST made of nun's veiling

NUN'S VEILING first because it is such a popular material. Some of the most beautiful models of the season are described to-day. Second Floor.

If the prices were invisible till you might read the descriptions and then would suddenly appear, we believe you would have your selections all made before you would recover from your surprise.

We say this because we have the values to back it up. Surely such waists were never before associated with these prices.

WHITE, BLUE OR BLACK WAISTS—made of fine quality nun's veiling—square inserted yoke, below yoke trimmed with embroidery sprays—tine tucks and lace—deep cuffs—pearl buttons—trimmed and plaited back. 3.95

WHITE SATIN STRIPED MADRAS SHIRT WAISTS—buttoned back—pretty front trimmed with rows of pin tucks to form pointed yoke—trimmed collar and cuffs. Price..... 1.50

BLACK OR WHITE FANCY FIGURED POPLIN WAISTS—front made of 16 rows of side plaits to form pretty yoke—plaited back and trimmed collar and cuffs. Price..... 2.50

WOMEN'S NET WAISTS—with small dot, designed yoke made of solid tucks, insertion and lace edge—short puff sleeve and trimmed with accordion plaited lace. Price... 5.95

IRISH CROCHET WAISTS—fancy designed yoke front and back—edged with lace, insertion and lace trimmed collar and cuffs—silk lined. Price..... 7.95

BLACK TAFFETA SILK WAISTS—with front made of fine tucks and hemstitched pleats trimmed with silk embroidery..... 3.95

BLACK CHIFFON TAFFETA SILK WAISTS—buttoned back—exquisite front made of fine tucks, hemstitching and silk embroidery—tucked collar and cuffs. 5.00

SIMPSON CRAWFORD CO.

Knit underwear.

THIS weather and these prices are the only argument required to make to-day, to-morrow and Saturday big days in our underwear section, where more worthy brands are specially priced than anywhere else. Main Floor.

SPECIAL No. 1.
1.00 vests and pants, 59c.

Women's very fine grade white wool-shaped ribbed vests and pants. These garments are the best finished, finest 1.00 goods sold. They are two-thirds wool, non-shrinkable, in white only, vests high neck, long sleeves — pants ankle length. French bands. Value 1.00 each, at..... 59c

SPECIAL No. 2.
Ypsilanti Union Suit, 75c.
Value 1.25 to 3.00.

An accumulation of Cotton Union Suits—about 700 garments, comprising the Ypsilanti Brand light weights and the Ann Arbor Brands light weights and medium weights—also heavy weights, white fleece lined suits—these only high neck, long sleeves, ankle length. Others are in low or high neck—long or short sleeves—knee or ankle lengths. Value 1.25 to 3.00. Suit to close..... 75c

SPECIAL No. 3.
Men's 1.50 Worsteds, 1.00.

Men's very finest finish worsted shirts and drawers—silver gray color—shirts are double stitched—self fronts. Drawers are reinforced—double gussets—a medium weight garment for now wear—made by one of the best mills in the country. All sizes 1.50 quality. Sale price, each..... 1.00

SPECIAL NO. 4.
1.00 and 1.50 Underwear, 79c.

300 dozen—an extra inducement in men's heavy Winter underwear. These garments are the best values we've ever offered at the start of the season. They are heavy weight natural derby ribbed maco yarn shirts and drawers—beautiful finish—French rib necks—silk fronts—drawers fully reinforced—extra heavy weight, and a plain flat natural wool shirt and drawers—overlock seams—about one-half wool, in all sizes and all perfect garments. The last is a 1.00 garment. The first is a 1.50 garment. Sale price on both lots, each..... 79c

SPECIAL NO. 5.
3.00 to 6.00 Underwear at 1.95.

We have left from last season about 250 garments—all the very best hand finished goods, made by the well known Brooklyn Knitting Company, in pure wools and silk and wools. They are in medium and heavy weights, mostly in colors All the very finest hand seamed, full fashioned, regular made goods—not all sizes, but a good proportion of all sizes—not one in the entire collection that would not be cheap at 3.00. Most all worth up to 6.00 each—to close at, each..... 1.95

MERODE UNDERWEAR 39c,
for misses and small women.

In the misses' garments we carry a complete assortment of the well-known MERODE BRAND of hand finished underwear, shapes same as ladies'. Price upward from..... 39c

SPECIAL No. 1.
MISSES' 75c UNDERWEAR AT 39c.

Misses' shaped ribbed hand finished maco cotton vests and pants—white, medium weight—value 50c, at..... 25c

Union suits of the same texture, value 75c, at 39c

SPECIAL No. 2.
BOYS' 1.25 to 2.00 WOOL UNDERWEAR 69c.

We have about 240 garments, children's—very finest Mauchauffee, French made, pure natural undyed wool—vests and pants and drawers. The texture is the very softest and finest yarn, and guaranteed absolutely non-shrinkable. Value, according to size, 1.25 to 2.00 each. Sale price, any size..... 69c

SIMPSON CRAWFORD CO.

SIMPSON CRAWFORD COMPANY.

EXCLUSIVE DOWNTOWN SELLING AGENTS FOR AMERICA'S FOREMOST SHOE FOR WOMEN.

THE seventy-five styles of the Queen Quality shoe at $3.00 and $3.50 simplify the selection of becoming footwear that so many well-dressed women have wanted, but heretofore have been unable to find outside of the made-to-order shop, where prices range from $6.00 to $10.00.

It is now with ease and comfort that you may wear the model best suited to your apparel, whether a tailored suit, a Princess gown or a fashionable silk or lace costume.

It is almost beyond belief that any woman would fail to inspect the seventy-five models we present in the Queen Quality before choosing her Fall and Winter boots—especially in view of the prices—$3.00 and $3.50. We highly recommend the $3.00 model for ordinary wear, wherein style, comfort and service are the requisites.

IN the custom-grade shoe at $3.50 we recognized a contour of beautiful, graceful lines that will appeal most particularly to those accustomed to paying $5.00 for a ready-for-service boot or a higher price for a bench-made cut and fitted to order shoe.

Queen Quality shoes are bench made. They are cut and fitted to every shape known to the human foot, but have that knack of correcting whatever defect there may be without loss of style or comfort.

America's foremost shoe for women as applied to Queen Quality is no idle boast. It was adopted because Queen Quality is more extensively worn than any other footwear. In defense of this statement stands the house of Thomas G. Plant & Co., the largest manufactory of shoes in America. We're proud to be selling agents.

Announcement.

Thursday, October twenty-sixth, and thereafter until the season closes,

We will maintain a special exhibition in the section devoted to shoes for women, consisting of

seventy-five distinctive new styles of the

QUEEN QUALITY SHOE.

Custom grade, $3.50 Regular grade, $3.00

America's foremost shoe for women.

MAIL ORDERS FILLED.

WE have had so many requests for Queen Quality shoes by mail that special arrangements have been made to fill mail orders. On request we will send our booklet describing the various styles. Every woman may now secure a perfect-fitting, comfortable, fashionable shoe at $3.00 or $3.50.

Simpson Crawford Co.

Sixth Ave., 19th to 20th St., New York.

ORDER THESE STYLES.

IF the models shown in the illustration appeal to you, inclose the picture of your choice, with your size and price, and we will fill your order promptly. But remember that we have seventy other styles of the Queen Quality. Our booklet will be mailed free on request. Mail orders sent to any point.

Simpson Crawford Co.

Sixth Ave., 19th to 20th St., New York.

SIMPSON CRAWFORD CO.

Infants' apparel.

CHILDREN'S BEARSKIN COATS in white—squirrel or red trimmed—with collar and pointed cuffs. Price..... Second Floor. 2.95

CHILDREN'S CORDUROY COATS—tailor stitched collar and cuffs—patent leather belt and fancy gold buttons. Price..... 3.95

CHILDREN'S COATS IN SERGE, BROADCLOTH AND CHEVIOT—square or round collars, nicely trimmed..... 5.95

CHILDREN'S BEARSKIN BONNETS in white, red or squirrel — ribbon pompons and lace ruche. Price..... 95c

CHILDREN'S SILK EMBROIDERED BONNETS with double ruche around bonnet and silk pompons —wide silk ties. Price 50c

CHILDREN'S BEAUTIFUL BENGALINE SILK BONNETS—corded crown—full flaring front—lined with tucked chiffon and double frill—ribbon ties. Price..... 1.95

CHILDREN'S CHECKED WASH DRESSES—belt and strap on side made of contrasting color. Sizes 2, 3 and 4 years. Price..... 1.00

SIMPSON CRAWFORD CO.

The new Nemo self-reducing corset

HAS caught the fancy of stout women who desire to be shapely and comfortable, and the reputation of the Nemo models in the past will give it a prestige to which no other corset designed for the same purpose can lay claim.

The new *Relief Strap* is the leading feature. It insures proper and comfortable distribution of the superfluous flesh, and acts as a *support*—and is therefore invaluable to women who are physically weak, or who have to stand or walk much. The price is $3.00.

Come and see this new Corset, which represents the highest development of corset-construction for stout women—the *only* corset that positively reduces the abdomen. It combines comfort with stylish shapeliness.

We have all the new models of the Nemo and other well-known corsets. Our prices are standard, but we add the luxury of being fitted by expert corsetieres when the price is 3.00 or more. Second Floor.

SIMPSON CRAWFORD CO.

Fashionable furs and fur-lined garments

HUNDREDS of smart dressers visited our fur section on Monday, and, although not one of the garments advertised, our 35.00 fur lined coat at 25.00 was such a favorite that we sold all that were on display, and several women are awaiting the announcement of the next lot. Third Floor.

It will be ready to-day—seventy-five coats of the same 35.00 quality at..... 25.00

Long and very full box coats, made of fine broadcloth—black, brown, green or red—linings of clear gray and white squirrel or sable brown coney of excellent wearing quality—large shawl collars of gray or sabled squirrel, Persian lamb or dark brook mink. Regular season price 35.00. Special...28.00

WOMEN'S FUR LINED COATS of very fine quality broadcloth—lined with selected gray and white Russian squirrel—very deep collars of gray or sabled squirrel or Persian paw—exceptionally good value at..... 35.00

GRAY AND SABLED SQUIRREL COATS—exquisitely designed—new models—collarless and shawl collar effects—4 distinctively new styles to select from—richly silk lined and trimmed—very good value at..... 69.00

NEARSEAL JACKETS—this season's new model..... 25.00 to 39.50

BLENDED MINK SETS, consisting of large Pillow Muff and an entirely new shape Ascot Tie—60 inches long. Special..... 18.50

BROADTAIL PERSIAN PAW SETS—a large, soft Pillow Muff and 60 inch long Ascot Tie—both richly lined and finished. Set..... 12.50

GRAY SQUIRREL—Large Pillow Muffs. Price.....6.95

GRAY SQUIRREL ASCOT TIE—60 inches long. Price 4.95

SABLED FOX LONG ASCOT TIE. PRICE..... 12.50

SABLED FOX PILLOW MUFFS. PRICE 10.50 and 12.50

FURS REPAIRED AND REMODELED according to the latest styles.

AT moderate cost our expert furriers, upon whom you can depend for style and superior workmanship, will remodel your furs, so they will be up-to-date in style. Repairs will also be made and garments put in perfect trim for wearing.

As this department has on hand a large number of garments and pieces that require immediate attention, we request that you notify us to call as soon as convenient.

We make furs to order and will be pleased to submit estimates on the latest European and American models. Third Floor.

SIMPSON CRAWFORD CO.

Our Thursday wine sale news contains much of importance.

THIS sale is a regular weekly event that extends over three days—Thursday, Friday and Saturday, enabling you to order your weekly supply of wines at very special prices. Sixth Floor.

NOTICE—We guarantee that the low prices attending these weekly sales in no way affect the quality. We guarantee all wines to be absolutely pure, possessing that rich, mellow flavor characteristic of properly aged beverages.

BALTIMORE RYE WHISKEY.—The Best Whiskey you can buy at this Special Price. Gallon, including jug, $2.18; full quart bottle..... 58c

SALE OF LOS GATOS WINE, including Port, Sherry, Tokay, Zinfandel, Burgundy, Riesling, Muscatel and Angelica, gallon, including jug, $1.43; and 79c

OLD CROW WHISKEY.—Gallon, $2.50; bottle..... 72c

RUM.—Superior Old Jamaica. Gallon, $3.00; bottle 80c

MONTICELLO. — Pure Rye Whiskey; 10 years old; gallon, $3.50; quart bottle 1.00

MONOGRAM. — Pure Rye Whiskey; gallon, $2.75; quart bottle. 75c

FINCH'S GOLDEN WEDDING Rye Whiskey; gallon, $3.00; quart bottle 83c

MARYLAND RYE WHISKEY; gallon. 2.00

CREME DE MENTHE.—Bottle 60c

SCOTCH WHISKEY.—Cameron, Old Highland Liqueur; gallon, $3.00; bottle 78c

Special Reductions in Rich Old Imported Burgundies from the Cellars of the famous Wine Houses—C. Marey & Liger, Belair; F. Chauvenet & Co., Nuits; Bouchard Pere & Fils, Beaune. One-fourth less than usual prices.

HOLLAND GIN. — Medar Swan. Finest Imported; gallon, $3.00; third gallon bottle $1.05; reg. size. bottle..... 69c

DOUBLE STOUT. — Medalion, Special Brew; dozen 85c

COGNAC BRANDY—Hennessey's Imported, Vintage 1896; bottle... 1.00

MALT WHISKEY.—Donaldson's Pure MEDICINAL Malt; gallon, $3.50; quart bottle..... 1.00

HAUT SAUTERNE. — Superior, Jules Merman & Co., Bordeaux; case, 12 quarts, $7.00; quart bottle 60c

TARRAGONA PORT.—Sandeman's Old Vintage; gallon, $1.50; bottle 50c

PEMARTIN SHERRY. — A. M. S. Dry, Amontillado; gallon, $4.00; bottle 1.00

ZELTINGER.—Deinhardt & Co., Vintage 1900; bottled at Coblenz on Rhine; case, 12 quarts, $7.50; quart bottle..... 65c

NIERSTEINER.—Erhardt & Sohne, Frankfurt A.-M.; case, 12 quarts, $5.75; quart bottle. 50c

PONTET CANET. — Jean Bresnac & Fils, Bordeaux; case, 12 quarts, $7.00; quart bottle. 60c

PLYMOUTH HOCK. — Case, 12 quarts, $2.75; gallon 75c

SIMPSON CRAWFORD CO.

OSBORNE, MISSING, REAPPEARS AT LAST

But His Vigorous Oratory Was Missed at Many Meetings.

BEING HOARSE, HE SKIPPED 'EM

They Weren't Important, Anyway, Says His Campaign Manager—The Candidate Explains.

James W. Osborne, the Tammany candidate for District Attorney of New York County, was mysteriously missing till nearly midnight last night. He was missing not only from his home and his usual haunts, but from the political meetings at which he had been scheduled to speak.

Mr. Osborne had been announced to speak at 209 East Broadway, at the Seneca Club in East Twenty-seventh Street, and at 109 East Fifty-ninth Street, at 227 East Eighty-fourth Street, and at the Our Selves Club, at the foot of East Eighty-fourth Street. In the earlier hours of the night, politicians, reporters, and others who wanted to hear him were hurrying about from one section of the city to another trying to get a glimpse of him, but in vain. He was not at his home in the Marie Antoinette, at Healy's restaurant, where he frequently goes, nor at his headquarters in the Imperial according to answers given there.

From 7:30 to 9:30 o'clock reassuring answers were made to inquirers at the meeting places that Mr. Osborne "would surely show up." Meanwhile orators of local repute mounted the rostrum and talked the hours away.

The only public explanation of Mr. Osborne's absence was made to the crowd in the pavilion at the foot of East Eighty-fourth Street by James J. Fitzgerald, Mr. Osborne's campaign manager. At 10:30 o'clock, when the audience there began to show its impatience, Mr. Fitzgerald rose to speak. A voice from the rear inquired: "Where's Osborne?"

"I came here more particularly," began Mr. Fitzgerald, "to express the regrets of the next District Attorney that he is unable to be present. He is engaged in a most important consultation, and the results of it will be heard before long. He will appear every night after this. You know Mr. Osborne has always made good."

There was a general stampede from the pavilion. Mr. Fitzgerald remained to explain further to reporters.

"Mr. Osborne had a most important consultation to-day," he said, "and decided not to appear at any of the meetings to-night. If you know Jim,' you know how he is. Well, he said to-day: 'Now, this thing's a good deal bigger than anything else, bigger than these meetings to-night; so we'll just cut 'em out. Anyway, you know, these meetings to-night are of no importance.'

"What was this consultation about?" Mr. Fitzgerald was asked.

"I must refuse to say," he replied.

"Then who was present?"

"Really, I must decline to say anything about it."

"Did it concern an important feature of the campaign?"

"You've hit it," acquiesced Mr. Fitzgerald.

"Where was it held?" was asked.

"I won't tell."

"How long did it last?"

"Oh, it was a big affair, but I can't tell even that," said the ex-Assemblyman smilingly. Then he fled.

THE TIMES reporter hurried to the Osborne headquarters in the Hotel Imperial to find out about the conference. A clerk said that Mr. Osborne was up stairs. The reporter sent up his card. Back came word that Mr. Osborne positively could not see any one, but he would be pleased to hold converse over the telephone.

"Is this Mr. Osborne?" asked the reporter over the wires.

"No," replied a husky voice, "this is Mr. Osborne's headquarters, but he's not in 'em. I'm in 'em, but I'm not connected with 'em; I just happen to be in 'em. What's wanted, anyhow?"

The reporter said that the public would like to know why Mr. Osborne did not appear at his meetings.

"Now, I'll just find out about that," said the man. "I don't belong to these headquarters, but I'm in 'em and I'll find out. Hol' on, who'm I talking to, anyway?"

The man in the headquarters was informed. Then two husky voices whispered for a minute, and the reply came back:

"Hello! Now, I'm informed that Mr. Osborne is suffering from a bad cold, and that therefore he did not go out to-night."

"But you just said that he is out," said the reporter.

"Oh, out, yes; of course, he went out; but he did not go out campaigning. He went out, and we expect him back; but I don't think he'll stay here all night. He hardly ever does."

After more vain inquiries for the candidate the reporter called again at Mr. Osbornes headquarters in the Hotel Imperial just before midnight. One of Mr. Osborne's secretaries gave the explanation that Mr. Osborne's physician had advised him to stay indoors for the night, as his throat was bothering him.

"Would you like to see him?" asked the secretary.

"Yes," was the reply.

The secretary ran up stairs, and in about five minutes returned with Mr. Osborne. He was hoarse, but jolly.

"I was hoarse this evening," said he, "was threatened with tonsilitis, of which I have recurrent attacks, and my physician advised me to stay indoors because the night was damp, and he thought that if I went out to-night I might incapacitate myself for future, and perhaps more important campaign work.

"Aside from this little trouble in my throat I never felt better in my life," added Mr. Osborne. He said he had taken part in no conference.

Those who went to 250 Second Street, where it had been announced that Mr. Osborne would speak, found a Republican meeting in progress, with William M. Ivins and Charles A. Flammer the speakers.

At the Ourselves Club Mr. Fitzgerald in vain pleaded with his auditors to "stay and listen to arguments. I will try to entertain you," he called out.

"Oh, fudge with that," said some one in the rear, "give us 'Jimmy' Osborne."

"Why," continued Mr. Fitzgerald, "I will show you why it was that Mr. Jerome gave Mr. Osborne—"

"Where is Osborne?" again shouted the trouble-maker, but he was hustled out of the hall.

Outside he mounted a barrel and addressed the crowd as it emerged from the hall.

"Gents," he said, "I think that game down there," waving his hand hallward, "is a bunko game. I went to see the future District Attorney and he wasn't on hand. I think he's in bad shape."

With this the orator fell off the barrel and the crowd which had collected hustled him off.

JEROME'S SUPPORTERS.

Woman, Too Poor to Give, Will Work —Many Contributions—Straws.

This letter, signed with a woman's name, was received at the Jerome headquarters yesterday:

"Dear Mr. Jerome: Being a woman, I cannot vote for you, and my father, who would surely have done so, died recently.

"You say you would be glad of any help. I'm afraid the appeal is for men only. Nevertheless, if there is any modest work I can do for you I should be 'de-lighted.'

"Maybe I could address circulars or somethin', of that sort, which is now being done by some one who could be better employed or for which you might have to pay. Our means are so narrow at present that I am unable to help your campaign with money, ardently as I wish I could. If there be any sort of work I can do in your office in the afternoons or at home in the evenings to save you expense, will you call upon me? Don't waste time or stamp in replying unless there be some service I can do for you.

"In the meantime keep up heart. You'll be President yet. You are another Roosevelt."

According to information furnished at Jerome headquarters by one of the club members a straw ballot was taken in the Progress Club at dinner on Sunday evening. It resulted in thirty-seven votes for Jerome and four for Osborne.

"There are 450 members," wrote the member who gave this information to Mr. Jerome, "and you will receive fully two-thirds of their votes; also all votes that we can get for you. I have no doubt of your election, and a sweeping one at that—one that will surprise the whole country when the votes are counted."

"I was playing billiards last night in a room where there were twenty-two players," the manager of a large advertising concern wrote to Mr. Jerome yesterday. "A straw vote showed that twenty intended to vote for you. The others were divided."

The total amount of money received at the Jerome headquarters from all sources yesterday exceeded $4,500. As on previous days, a large percentage came in small bills and even change. There was a check for $1,000, however, and two for $500 each. Among long-distance contributions was one from Seattle.

With a five-dollar bill a teacher wrote: "One hundred times this amount would not express my respect for Mr. Jerome's inspiring example of courage, honesty, and efficiency."

A Wall Street banker, himself a power in the street, forwarded a list of thirty-eight men well known in financial circles who had given their promise to him to vote for Mr. Jerome.

A member of the Congress Club in Brooklyn informed Mr. Jerome that he had told everybody he knew, and many he did not know, that it was the duty of every man sleeping in Brooklyn and working in Manhattan to convert at least one resident of the latter borough to Mr. Jerome's side.

"I shall work for you with much of the same enthusiasm with which I carried a gun forty years ago," wrote a banker with an office in Wall Street. He sent a large check, too.

In an effort to combat the warnings from certain quarters that voters risk throwing away their ballots entirely by voting a split ticket, the managers of Mr. Jerome's campaign sent out an educational circular yesterday, the pith of which was:

"Mr. Jerome will have a column to himself. His name will be under the black square. The Tammany man who wants to vote for every man on his own ticket except Mr. Osborne, and who desires to vote for Mr. Jerome, will make a cross in the circle under the star and another cross opposite the name of William Travers Jerome. Those who want to support other tickets while voting for Mr. Jerome will follow the same plan. It is very simple, and this the partisans of the bosses know."

THIEF DRESSED AS A SAILOR.

Snatches a Woman's Purse in a West Side Street and Vanishes.

A Miss McDonnell sought the aid of the police of the West 100th Street Station about 6 o'clock last evening. She said she had just been walking through West Eighty-sixth Street, near Columbus Avenue, when a man in the dress of a sailor came along and, with a quick movement, snatched her purse from her hand. The man then ran to Columbus Avenue, boarded a trolley car, and escaped.

Bar Politics at Columbia.

The embryo politicians among the students at Columbia University have had a damper thrown on their aspirations by the university authorities. The Jerome Club, which numbers among its members many of the Faculty, had arranged to hold a meeting to-day in one of the university buildings; but the university has shut down on the affair.

It is understood that the action was taken under an old rule that dates back to the early days of the college. It is said that the fiery speeches made in the days of Alexander Hamilton led to the making of the rule.

M'CLELLAN'S PLEDGES CHEERED IN QUEENS

He Promises a Continuance of Present Liberal Policy.

RIIS ON THE SAME PLATFORM

The Mayor Makes a 20-Mile Trip in an Open Motor Car in the Rain.

Renewing his declaration that he would serve out his full Mayoralty term if re-elected, and promising that his administration would further the public control of public utilities, Mayor McClellan last night made an automobile tour of Queens Borough. He addressed a large and demonstrative meeting in Richmond Hill, and followed it with a meeting in the armory at Flushing.

Jacob A. Riis, who has been termed by President Roosevelt "New York's most useful private citizen," spoke from the same platform with the Mayor at the meeting in Richmond Hill, where Mr. Riis lives. He again declared himself for McClellan's re-election. Herman A. Metz, candidate for Controller, and Patrick F. McGowan, the candidate for President of the Board of Aldermen, as well as Borough President Joseph Cassidy, followed the Mayor and addressed the meetings after he had spoken.

The Mayor and his escort of reporters, secretary, and guide rode nearly twenty miles through a driving rain in an open motor car belonging to President Cassidy. When Mr. McClellan reached Long Island City on the way back he was drenched, but still good-natured.

The Mayor crossed the Long Island Ferry at 7:30 o'clock and met Mr. Metz, Mr. McGowan, and the other members of the party on the other side of the river. A flying run was made by special train to Richmond Hill, where carriages took the party to Weedon's Columbia Hall, which was packed with enthusiasts. There were fireworks in abundance, and the Mayor's reception was most cordial.

"Two years ago I spoke in this hall, and you people of Queens took me on my honor there and helped to elect me Mayor," said he. "Now I come back to you to ask if my administration has not made good. My re-election will mean much to Queens Borough, for it will mean that I will carry out the policy of progress which this administration has begun. Queens is a growing borough. In my administration it has paid an average of 2½ per cent. of the taxes of the city, and in return has received 7 per cent. of the money raised for the budget, or three times what it has paid.

"If re-elected, during the entire four years I hope to be Mayor this policy will be continued. You need new rapid transit routes and you need new bridges. You of Queens also need additional water supply, and you are entitled by right to get it from Suffolk County. The infamous Burr act prevents you from doing this, and I ask of you to support me by demanding of your local candidates for the Assembly that they pledge themselves to stand for the repeal of that act. If you re-elect me I shall go to Albany next Winter as your Mayor and demand the repeal of this act.

From the Richmond Hill meeting the Mayor started by motor car for Flushing, while the rest of the speakers remained. With the Mayor, Assistant Secretary Hassett, Mr. Clark of the Queens County organization, six reporters, and the chauffeur, the big machine sped over the slippery roads, and the party arrived at Flushing armory without mishap.

"Because of my study of conditions in Queens Borough," said the Mayor, "I had come to the belief that you needed more water. However, from my experience in riding over from Richmond Hill, I am inclined to think you need storage reservoirs instead."

The Mayor spoke of the opening earlier in the day of the Staten Island Ferry as a municipally owned public utility.

"It was one of the gladdest moments of my life," he declared, "when the service was inaugurated, for it is the greatest exhibit in municipal ownership in the world. I believe absolutely in public control of public utilities, and so long as I am Mayor that principle will be adhered to strictly. When public service corporations do their duty there will be no interference by the city, and there should be none. But when they fail, as in the case of the Staten Island ferry, the city must and shall step in and operate for the benefit of the people. The people demand this as their rights, and I shall stand by that principle with all the power at my command."

From this meeting the Mayor drove to Long Island City.

POLICE MEETINGS TO-DAY.

Meanwhile Murphy Hears the Firemen Are Not Out for Hearst.

Notices were sent to all the policemen in the city yesterday that meetings of patrolmen will be held in Maennerchor Hall, in East Fifty-sixth Street, near Third Avenue, at 11 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. to-day. The notices said the meetings would be important.

While these notices were being sent out, Police Commissioner McAdoo said he didn't believe that the patrolmen had indorsed William R. Hearst for Mayor. But, he added, if they had, it was against the rules.

There were several denials at Tammany Hall yesterday of the published reports that various bodies of the members of the Fire Department had indorsed Hearst. Charles F. Murphy was the first to deny the story, and he produced a letter signed by Charles Heed, President of the New York Fire Department Benevolent Association, saying:

"I wish emphatically to deny the statements that the Fire Department was represented at a conference which indorsed Mr. Hearst's candidacy for Mayor, and any person claiming to represent the Fire Department at any such conference is an impostor. The members of the Fire Department have no cause for complaint against the present administration, which has been fair and impartial."

The letter ends with praise for Fire Commissioner Hayes, and the declaration: "I make this statement as a matter of justice and also for the information of candidates and campaign managers that they may not be misled into making promises to redress grievances in the Fire Department."

HEARD IN THE CAMPAIGN.

Philatelists for Ivins—The Keeping of "Jimmy" Oliver's Coat—A New Poet.

When "Paradise Jimmy" Oliver was nominated for the Assembly in the Sixth Assembly District he bought a complete new outfit, including a new silk tile and a fine overcoat. Last night when he appeared on the platform at one of the district meetings a man on the platform said to him with the utmost politeness:

"I'll keep your overcoat for you, Mr. Oliver."

At the close of the meeting, when Mr. Oliver sought his coat the man who had agreed to keep it was not to be found.

"Well," said "Jimmie," with characteristic philosophy, "he certainly was a man of his word."

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Mr. Ivins's fad for the collection of rare medals and coins is to do him some good in this election. Thomas L. Elder, a leading member of the Numismatic and Archaeological Society of New York, yesterday announced that Mr. Ivins would have the united support of the numismatists and philatelists. He estimated this at about 500 votes.

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Campaign poetry has been scarce so far. One man who has endeavored to fill this gap for the enjoyment of those gifted with a sense of humor is John P. Quinn, who signs himself "Lecturer of the International Anti-Gambling Association and Author of 'Was Eve Guilty?' and 'Virtue Protected.'" Here is the last stanza of a stirring campaign song he has just written, to be sung to a popular hymn tune:

With heart and soul I'm in earnest,
Heed these words from John P. Quinn:
On Election Day we all must rally,
To help close up these dens of sin.
Save our young men from the gambler,
Those whose gilded haunts enslave;
If we put Jerome in office,
What an army he will save.

THIS WEEK'S MEETINGS.

Where the Candidates and Other Speakers Are to be Heard.

This is the schedule for this week's political meetings as far as arranged:

DEMOCRATIC.

To-night—Terrace Garden, German meeting under the auspices of the German Democracy; Charles G. F. Wahle will preside; Mayor McClellan will speak in German; Herman A. Metz and Patrick F. McGowan will also speak. Hungarian meeting, at Lenox Assembly Rooms, 250 Second Street; Mayor McClellan, Herman A. Metz, and Patrick F. McGowan will speak. Clinton Hall, 124 Clinton Street; Mayor McClellan, Herman A. Metz, and Patrick F. McGowan will speak. Old Montauk Theatre, Fulton and Flatbush Avenues, Brooklyn; Mayor McClellan, Herman A. Metz, and Patrick F. McGowan will speak. any person claiming to represent the Fire Congress Hall, Atlantic and Vermont Avenues, Brooklyn; Mayor McClellan, Herman A. Metz, and Patrick F. McGowan will speak. Clubhouse, 227 East Eighty-fourth Street; James W. Osborne will speak. Young men's meeting, 208 East Eleventh Street; James W. Osborne will speak. Maennerchor Hall, 207 East Fifty-sixth Street; James W. Osborne will speak.

To-morrow night—Terrace Garden, Italian meeting; Mayor McClellan will speak in Italian. Harlem Casino, Mayor McClellan will speak. Zeltner's Hall, Bronx, German meeting; Mayor McClellan will speak. Democratic Club ratification meeting; Mayor McClellan, Patrick F. McGowan, Herman A. Metz, John W. Keller, Robert B. Roosevelt, and J. Edward Simmons will speak.

Saturday night—Carnegie Hall, meeting under auspices of Citizens' Independent Democracy; Alton B. Parker will preside; ex-Judge D Cady Herrick, Mayor McClellan, John G. Carlisle, Herman A. Metz, Patrick F. McGowan, James W. Osborne, and Edward M. Grout will speak. Chemists' Club, 108 West Fifty-fifth Street; reception to Herman A. Metz.

REPUBLICAN.

To-day—West End Women's Republican Club at Hotel Astor, 3 o'clock. Principal speaker, William M. Ivins.

To-night—Reception to William M. Ivins at the Union League Club of Brooklyn. Progress Hall, 26 Avenue A; speakers, William M. Ivins, Abraham Gruber, Frederick L. Marshall, Samuel Hoffman, and Allen R. Blair. Empire Hall, 116th Street and Eighth Avenue; principal speakers, Charles A. Flammer and Walter N. Chandler.

To-morrow night—Amsterdam Opera House; principal speaker, William M. Ivins. Bohemian Hall, East Seventy-third Street. William M. Ivins.

Saturday night—Hudson River Athletic Club, Thirty-fourth Street, near Eighth Avenue. Principal speaker, William M. Ivins. Mr. Ivins will also make a tour of Staten Island.

HEARST.

To-night—Mr. Hearst will speak at Turn Hall, Eighty-fifth Street and Lexington Avenue; Kalisch Theatre, Bowery, near Chatham Square; Liederkranz Hall, 152 Manhattan Avenue, Brooklyn; Capitol Hall, 16 and 18 Manhattan Avenue, Brooklyn; Clermont Avenue Rink, Brooklyn, and Metropolitan Hall, Watkins Street and Pitkins Avenue, Brownsville, Brooklyn.

Friday night—Montauk Theatre, Fulton Street and Flatbush Avenue, Brooklyn; Prospect Hall, 271 Prospect Avenue, Brooklyn. Mr. Hearst will also speak in Bath Beach and Coney Island.

Saturday night—Durland's Riding Academy, Sixty-sixth Street, near Central Park West. William R. Hearst, ex-Senator John Ford, J. G. Phelps Stokes, Clarence J. Shearn, and others will speak.

JEROME.

To-night—Bohemian National Hall, 321 East Seventy-third Street, 8:45 o'clock; only meeting at which Mr. Jerome will speak this evening.

To-night—Madison Square Concert Hall, Seventy-sixth Street and Madison Avenue; William Rand, Jr., and others will speak.

To-night—5 Abingdon Square; mass meeting under auspices of Citizens' Union of Fifth and Seventh Assembly Districts; several speakers.

To-morrow night—Harlem Lyceum, 107th Street and Third Avenue; Mr. Jerome will speak at 8:30 o'clock. Beethoven Hall, Fifth Street, east of Bowery; mass meeting under auspices of the Jerome East Side Volunteers; Mr. Jerome will speak at 9:30 o'clock.

Saturday night—Five small meetings on the lower east side, places to be announced to-morrow; Mr. Jerome will speak at them all.

S

SOMMERS
WHERE FASHION REIGNS

Extraordinary Sale

Of a Choice and Limited Collection of

MODEL GOWNS.

¶ We offer THIRTY gowns for calling, driving, reception and street wear; the original productions of famous Parisian designers and of equally eminent fashion creators in America.

¶ These gowns are extremely rich, beautiful and distinguished, each one a special creation suitable for the most fastidious, which we offer at prices far below their value.

¶ The colors are Alice blue, pale blue, pink, rose, lilac, red, white and black. Some are very elaborately trimmed with lace.

¶ They have been variously priced, from $100 up to $200 each, but are now offered in two separate collections at

$75.00 and $100.00 Each.

¶ It is no exaggeration to say that this collection could not be matched in interest by any equal number of gowns in the city.

¶ The number of gowns being limited to thirty, we suggest that inspection by those who wish to see the entire exhibit should not be deferred.

23d Street, Cor. Fifth Avenue, Opposite Fifth Av. Hotel.

S S

265 B'WAY 420 B'WAY 841 B'WAY

Important Word.

¶ Our message to you men folk to-day concerns the special values we offer in $20 suits and overcoats.

¶ It's a theme we like to touch upon, because we know in offering these garments that they will interest men who wear clothes of quality and style.

¶ There are no better dressed men in town than those who wear Hackett, Carhart clothes. It isn't a matter of high prices to dress you well here—$20 invested in a suit or overcoat insures a garment that in fabric, tailoring and smart appearance cannot be excelled by custom tailors.

¶ Our single and double breasted sack suits in the new models and our medium and heavy weight overcoats at

$20

are values other shops do not offer.

¶ To aquaint you with our hat departments—we offer you a derby special at $2.

Three Broadway Stores: at 13th St. at Canal St. near Chambers St.

Hackett, Carhart & Co

Philipsborn
THE OUTER GARMENT SHOP.

To-day is

Our Second Anniversary

Two years ago to-day this store was established.
Many thousands of patrons have helped to make it a great success.
We will commemorate the day by offering these extraordinary money-saving values:

SPECIALS FOR TO-DAY

67 Tailored Suits

Various late models in all the leading shades of Broadcloths, Cheviots and Fancy Mixtures—Long Coat Suits, Etons, Boleros or Blouses. They recently sold for $35.00, $40.00 and $45.00.

18.75

73 Squirrel Lined Coats

of finest Broadcloth, black, garnet and tan, 48 inches long, semi-fitted or loose back, large collar of Persian Caricul or Sabled Brook Mink, always $37.50,

28.00

Over 100 Walking Skirts

Our $12.75 Circular Skirt of large plaid materials, plaid cut on bias, and bias fold at foot.

7.90

Exceptional Waist Values

A little lot of Fine Waists which we bought at about ½ their regular price.

200 Silk and Lace Waists
Formerly sold at $7.50 and $10.00. Various models, lace trimmed and tailor-made,
4.50

175 Lingerie Silk Waists
Values from $9.00 to $15.00. Many pretty styles, embroidered and lace trimmed,
6.75

Taffeta Petticoats

4.65

We have sold thousands of them this season at $5.90. All shades and black. Very special.

Our promise, two years ago, to sell better goods for less money than any other store has been made good, and will always be kept to the letter.

12 West 23d St. Opposite Fifth Avenue Hotel through to 22d St.

Absolutely Pure,

delightful to the taste, and a great aid to digestion.

No wonder

Londonderry
LITHIA WATER

is "the favorite" everywhere.

Delicious Salad and Vegetable

WATER CRESS

Ideal sanitary conditions surround its cultivation at the celebrated Rubino Healing Springs, Bath County, Virginia.

FRESH DAILY

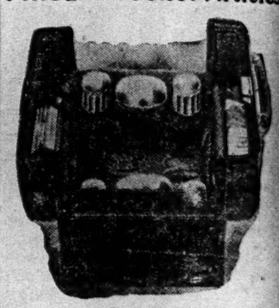
Delivered for five cents per bunch.

Order from your dealer, or by Post Card or Telephone from Rubino Healing Springs Co., 56 West 45th St.

Telephone 1845—38th St.

ESTABLISHED 1845
BY THIS MARK WE CONQUER
CROSS
TRADE MARK
LONDON

Fit for a Lady and Fitted with Toilet Articles



English Cabin Top Bags

One of the best ideas that has recently crossed the ocean. A light weight English bag for American women.

Distinctly flat top shape—walrus, seal and morocco—silk lined—toilet articles fitted in ends and top, leaving middle compartment open.

Fitted with toilet articles that a fashionable woman most needs on her travels.

Price, Unfitted, from $40.00. With Fittings, from $50.00.

Cross English Kit Bags, from $12.00.
Cross English Suit Cases, from $ 2.75.
Cross Light Frameless Suit Cases, from $9.50.

Inimitable Style of Cross 1906 Bag

Street—Theatre—Driving
As shown, $17.50

Light, roomy and thin—they hold everything—open wide—close flat.

No woman of fashion should buy a bag until she has seen them.

They are the very smartest things Europe has produced.

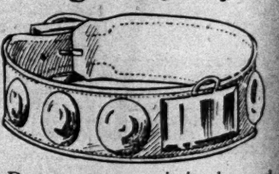
Leathers to harmonize with all gowns.

We insert hole in side when desired, to make face of your watch visible.

Positively exclusive to the CROSS Stores.

Another style—without side pocket, $10.50.

Furnishings for Dogs of Quality



Dog smartness—as it is observed in the highest circles of dog society.

New fashions in collars—harness—boots.

Dog collars of striped patent leather for small dogs $1.25
Brass studded Dog Collars 3.50
Dog Boots, the pair 3.00
Dog Blankets, beaver and broadcloth, from $3. 0
Dog baskets, for traveling and home use, from $2.00
Dog Harness, from 4.00

Ladies' Belts
Cross European Novelties

Very latest imported novelties, reflecting the smartness of the new Paris and London seasons.

Combination Autumn colorings in new designs in silk and fancy webs and unfinished leathers. Positively exclusive.

All of them showing the new CROSS London Buckles.

$1.75 to $7.50

Gift articles of every description—English Desk Sets—Bridge Boxes—Cigar Cases—Jewel Boxes—Ladies' Belts—Fobs.

MARK CROSS,
LONDON.

The World's Greatest Leather Store.

Downtown—25 Broadway, Opposite City Hall.

UP-TOWN { 210 Fifth Avenue, 1132 Broadway, Between 25th and 26th Sts.

Boston: 20 Summer Street.

ESTABLISHED 1845
MARK WE CONQUER
ROSS
TRADE MARK
LONDON.
for a Lady
and
with Toilet Articles

English
in Top Bags
the best ideas that has
ro-ssed the ocean. A light
nglish bag for American
ly flat top shape—walrus,
orocco—silk lined—toilet
ed in ends and top, leav-
compartment open.
with toilet articles that a
woman most needs on
Unfitted, from $40.00.
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210 Fifth Avenue,
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20 Summer Street.

ROOSEVELT FOR REFORM OF THE CRIMINAL LAW

Enemies of the Public Have Much the Best of It.

HARD TO CONVICT RICH, MEN

The President Speaks Twice at Little Rock and Then Starts for New Orleans.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Oct. 25.—President Roosevelt spent seven crowded hours in and around Little Rock to-day, and was the centre of enthusiastic demonstrations of welcome by thousands of persons in the streets. While in Little Rock he delivered two speeches, in one of which he denounced lynching, eliciting hearty applause. In his second speech he pleaded for reform of the criminal law. He left for Memphis at 4 o'clock.

Gov. Jefferson Davis was the first to greet the President when he left the train this morning at Big Rock. A reception committee that included United States Senators James H. Berry and James P. Clarke, Mayor W. E. Lenon, and President George W. Rogers of the Little Rock Board of Trade, accompanied the Governor. Carriages were taken to Fort Logan H. Roots, on the summit of Big Rock, overlooking the city, where the party arrived at 9:30 o'clock.

A salute of twenty-one guns was fired at the fort, and the President, after inspecting the buildings, the grounds, and the garrison, spent half an hour in the officers' quarters as the guest of Lieut. Col. A. C. Sharpe and other officers.

On leaving he shook hands with the guard of honor, composed of twelve Union Army veterans, headed by Col. A. S. Fowler, and twelve former Confederates, headed by ex-Gov. Daniel W. Jones. This guard rode in pairs, each former Confederate by the side of a Federal. "Gentlemen, it does me good to see the Blue and the Gray riding together," said the President. He called each veteran "Comrade."

As the Presidential party reached the Arkansas River bridge, the blowing of steam whistles was the signal for cheering in Little Rock, whose principal thoroughfare, Main Street, was picturesquely decorated with flags and bunting. From all parts of Arkansas people had come to greet the President, and the street was overflowing.

As the party entered the City Park under an arch bearing an inscription, "Little Rock greets you," twelve white doves were liberated from the apex of the arch, directly over the President's carriage.

The exercises at the City Park, where 40,000 people had gathered, opened at 11:30 o'clock. Gov. Davis delivered an address of welcome, in which he touched lightly on the race question. His tribute to Southern women was applauded by the President. When reference was made by Gov. Davis to the famous "rebel yell" persons in the crowd raised one that made the President smile.

Address of the President.

The President's opening words, "Fellow Americans," brought forth cheers which were repeated often as he proceeded. When he declared that lynch law should be driven out of the United States there was a great outburst. In beginning Mr. Roosevelt said:

"I cannot sufficiently express my gratitude and appreciation for the magnificent greeting you have given me to-day, and in greeting all of you I wish to say especially words of greeting to those who wore the gray and those who wore the blue in the civil war, and I especially wish to emphasize this in behalf of my comrades of the National Guard, forming the guard of honor here to-day, with whom I myself went to war in 1898.

"There could be no better augury than that the escort of an American President should be those who were once enemies walking shoulder to shoulder. What a joy it is to think of the service of the men who wore the blue and the men who wore the gray, a glorious record for the North and the South.

"Allusion has been made to the war of '98 in which I had the good fortune to command a regiment. Of that regiment the fathers of more of them wore gray than wore the blue, but the only rivalry was to see who could do the most for their common country. I have spoken all over the country, but I would not make a remark here that I would not make anywhere else.

"I am fortunate in being President of a country where to praise one State you do not have to run down any other. I am for all of them. I have been impressed not by the superficial differences of the people, but by the positive likenesses. The average American is a pretty good fellow. All that is necessary for—the average American of all sections to get along well is that they should know each other.

"What is true of sections is true of occupations and positions. Thank Heaven, we are free now from all the danger of territorial antagonisms. Now we must see that there shall never come any antagonisms of the classes or antagonisms between capital and labor.

"Treat each man according to his worth as a man. Don't hold for or against him that he is either rich or poor. But if he is rich and crooked hold it against him; if not rich, but crooked, then hold it against him. But if he is a square man stand by him. Distrust all who would have any one class placed before any other. Other republics have fallen because of the unscrupulous rich or the unscrupulous poor who gained ascendency, who substituted loyalty to class for loyalty to the people as a whole.

"Abolish the insolence and arrogance of the rich who look down upon the poor; if they lost their wealth they would be ready to plunder the rich. The unscrupulous man who becomes rich would oppress the poor. The man who is true to you is ultimately righteous and the man who will steal for you will steal from you. The man who will seek to persuade you that he will benefit you by wronging any one else will wrong you when it will benefit him.

"What we must do as a Nation is to stand for the immutable principles of decency and virtue, regarding vice with abhorrence. If we make any artificial divisions we have done irreparable injury to the people."

Should Drive Out Lynch Law.

Referring to the race problem, to which Gov. Davis had alluded, the President said:

"The worst enemy of the negro race is the negro criminal, and above all the criminal of the hideous type so often hideously avenged. Every reputable colored man owes the duty to himself and to his race to hunt down that criminal.

"Now as to the white man's side: To avenge one hideous crime by another is to reduce the avenger to the bestial level. Another thing which makes this lynch law so abhorrent is that three-fourths of the crime for which it is invoked are for others than that against the women of the country.

"Governor, you and I and all others in authority owe it to our people to drive out the reproach and the menace of lynch law in the United States. We can afford to be divided on questions of mere partisanship, for, comparatively, the differences of tariff and the currency are of no consequence. After all, the real question is that of decency in the life of the home and honesty in public life.

"It makes little difference in the long run whether a Democrat or a Republican is President, but it makes every difference to have all our public officials honest and clean. The candidate is the candidate of his party, but the President, if he is worth his salt, is the President of the whole people. You can't get good public life unless you have good private life. The country will be all right if the average man is decent and clean in his home life, but if it goes below that average you can't make the country right.

"I have a great respect for a good man, and the only one I have greater respect for is a good woman, and if there is any here who does not agree with me I don't think much of him. We young men have a great heritage in this free country of ours, and let us see that we transmit it unimpaired to our children. Let their valor be the heroism of war, and the forty years of peace be an incentive to greater efforts."

He closed with a tribute to the veterans of the civil war, and said:

"The only people I feel as glad to see as the veterans are the fathers and mothers with babies in their arms. Arkansas has cause to feel proud of its natural resources, and its greatest crop is the crop of babies."

The exercises in the City Park lasted an hour. Then the Presidential party passed through the streets, densely packed with cheering men, women, and children, to the Albert Pike Consistory, where the luncheon was given at 2 o'clock. One hundred representative men of the State sat at the tables. At the President's right was Lieut. Gov. John P. Lee, and others near him were United States Senators Berry and Clarke and Gen. Powell Clayton, ex-United States Ambassador to Mexico. Gov. Davis had refused to sit at the same table with Gen. Clayton.

President of No Party.

Judge U. M. Rose, ex-President of the American Bar Association, said that President Roosevelt had proved himself the President of no political party, but the President of every man, woman, and child under the protection of the American flag.

Mr. Roosevelt joined in the applause which greeted the remark. He was wildly cheered as he rose to respond.

Mr. Roosevelt said:

"I want to say just one word, suggested by the fact that Judge Rose was President of the American Bar Association and stands to-day one of that group of eminent American citizens eminent for their services to the whole country, whom we know as the leaders of the American bar. I want to speak as a layman again about certain services that the learned profession of which Judge Rose is so eminent a member can render to an even greater degree than they now render to the American people. I know that there is a good deal of distrust, rightly, for the layman who speaks of law or of theology.

"But I am going to say just a few words on a matter that concerns good citizenship, in which the layman has a right to expect leadership both from lawyer and from theologian. We have a right to expect from the great profession of the law a peculiar quantity and quality of service to the public.

"There are certain abuses in connection with our whole system of law to-day which the layman cannot remedy, but which I earnestly hope that the men of the law will themselves remedy. Now, here I have got to speak merely to my fellow-laymen and shall have to invite correction.

"Our law comes down from the time when the State, the Government, was all-powerful as compared to the individual; when the Government acted as a plaintiff and it was necessary that every possible safeguard should be thrown around the defendant that he should be given every chance, and the fear of justice was a synonym for fear of injustice to the private citizen against whom the State proceeded.

"It came from a time, if my memory of history is right, when about 5 per cent. (I am speaking now of the common law) of any given number of children born in England were punished by hanging—when people were hung for the most trivial offenses and when all the machinery of the law was in the hands of the Government and directed against the individual; so that the one thing that had to be done was to protect the individual.

"Circumstances in the past three or four centuries have wholly changed; but the pressure of the law has not changed nearly as rapidly. At present there is not the slightest question as to the individual rights being preserved. Of course, there is the possibility of error in every human affair; but, speaking generally, the man accused of criminal wrong, especially the man accused of criminal wrong against the public, has every possible chance secured him, but the public has not got every chance secured to it.

"No greater service is being rendered the public to-day than by those members of the great profession whose good fortune it has been to stand prominently identified with the prosecution of crimes against the State. When I say crimes against the State I not only refer to crimes like those of bribery and corruption committed by any public official, but I mean such a crime as murder or any similar hideous misdeed, where the offense is not merely against the individual, but against the entire community.

"It is right to remember the interests of the individual; but it is right also to remember the interests of that great mass of individuals embodied in the public, in the Government. It is unfortunate that we have permitted practices that were necessary three hundred years ago for the protection of innocent people to be elaborated, to be perverted, so that they become a means for allowing criminals to escape the punishment of their criminality.

"We urgently need in this country methods for expediting punishment, methods for doing away with delay, methods which will secure to the public an even chance with the criminal. I don't ask any more.

"If we can get an average of just 50 per cent. of the criminals we will be pretty nearly all right, and we will give the public an even chance with the criminal whose offense is against the public. At present the right of appeal is in certain cases so abused as to make it a matter of the utmost difficulty ultimately to punish a man sufficiently rich or sufficiently influential to command really good legal talent.

"Now I am speaking of what I know, for I am speaking in the light of experience during the past three years in trying to get at certain public offenders who have been indicted, and some of whom it has been almost impossible to get into the jurisdiction of the courts at Washington in order to try them. There are others whose cases are still on trial.

"I feel that the man who offends against the State occupies a position rather worse than that of any other criminal from the fact that he is a man who attacks everybody instead of just one person, so that it is not the special business of any one to get at him. In consequence, if he can keep the forces of justice at bay long enough, if he can secure one or two mistrials, gradually the popular interest evaporates and the criminal gets off.

"Now, as the Judge has so well said, the minute that a man becomes President he ceases being the President of a party and is the President of every man, woman, and child within the confines of the Nation. But I permit myself one particular of personal discrimination. I am just a trifle more intent on punishing the Republican offender than the Democratic offender, because he is my own scoundrel. I feel a certain sense of peculiar responsibility for him and I am going to unload that responsibility if I can.

"Of course, as we all know, offenses must come, but I have endeavored to carry out the Scriptural injunction to make it a matter of woe unto him by whom they come. I am happy to say that we have a reasonable proportion of the offenders in question with stripes, but not up to the 50 per cent. average that I would like, and I want to go a little further than we have yet gone.

"Then, too, if the law is reasonably speedy and reasonably sure, it takes away one great excuse for lawlessness. If some horrible crime is committed, and the people feel that under the best circumstances there will be an indefinite delay in the punishment of the criminal, and that the punishment will be uncertain even when the time for administering it comes, then a premium is put upon that kind of lawbreaking which more than any other is a menace to the law.

"We ought to stand against all forms of putting that premium on; the long delays of justice, the abuses of the pardoning power, the sluggishness with which either court or attorney moves; all of these things count in bringing about the condition of affairs against which all of us must protest.

"Now, a layman can do but little more than to give utterance to the feeling that so many laymen have. I earnestly hope that the bench and bar of the United States will in all proper ways seek to see to it that the loose customs, for some of these things of which I complain are merely customs and not laws inherited from the past when conditions were totally different, shall not be perverted so as to wrong the whole public by giving the criminal an advantage to which he is not entitled, and that some substantial improvement shall be made in the direction of securing greater expedition and greater certainty in the administration of justice, especially in the administration of criminal justice."

As the President sat down a curtain behind him ascended, and he turned to see a tableau of twenty-five boys attired in sailor suits.

He applauded and then arose and said he believed his auditors knew how he felt about the navy of the United States. The navy was the United States' "big stick," which would never be used against the weak unless the weak put themselves in a position, like a bad child, wherein chastisement was necessary. The "big stick" would be kept in such condition that the necessity for its use against the strong would never arise.

TRIBUTE OF JACKSON'S WIDOW.

Sure the President Is All Right—Praise for Mrs. Roosevelt.

Special to The New York Times.

CHARLOTTE, N. C., Oct. 25.—Mrs. Mary A. M. Jackson, widow of Gen. "Stonewall" Jackson, said to-day:

"In President Roosevelt's itinerary through the South he has probably made no more pleasing impression anywhere than upon the town of Charlotte, N. C. Certainly he captivated those who were fortunate enough to meet him, by his own exceedingly cordial and gracious manner.

"'When I was presented to his Excellency, I was both surprised and overwhelmed at the warmth and exuberance of his greeting. He expressed so much admiration for my husband, and so much joy at meeting his wife, and held my hand so tenderly and yet reverently, that my heart was deeply touched—and when he spoke of his pleasure in appointing my grandson to a cadetship at West Point, and complimented him as "a splendid young fellow,' he struck the tenderest chords of a very grateful heart.

"'I am sure the President is all right—a large-hearted, good and great man. His noble tributes to Generals Lee and Jackson proved that he is of the true metal.

"'The President's wife made as favorable an impression upon the ladies as any first lady of the land could, being cultured and gracious, womanly and responsive to all the eager attention showered upon her.'"

SPEEDING TO NEW ORLEANS.

Slight Increase in Fever Cases as President Travels to City.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., Oct. 25.—President Roosevelt and his party arrived here to-night at 8:30 o'clock from Little Rock. The President's itinerary did not include a stop here longer than was necessary to switch his car to the Illinois Central tracks, the original programme being that he would proceed at once to New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 25.—The yellow fever report up to 6 P. M. shows 9 new cases, 2 deaths, and 4 new foci.

EXPLORERS OPEN THEIR CLUB.

Gen. Greely and Others Plan Lectures on Discoveries.

The Explorers' Club, the members of which have made original explorations or contributed to the literature of travel along original lines, held its first meeting and smoker, as an incorporated organization, last night in its clubrooms, 23 West Sixty-seventh Street. Gen. A. W. Greely, the club President, came on from Washington. Prof. Frank M. Chapman gave a stereopticon lecture on "The Home Life of the Flamingo," and Prof. Herschel C. Parker one on "Climbing the Canadian Alps."

Caspar Whitney, Dr. F. A. Cook, the Antarctic explorer; Carl Lumholtz, and Prof. William H. Brewer were among the members present. It is the purpose of the club to have illustrated lectures every month.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c. —Adv.

Dr. Lyon's
PERFECT
Tooth Powder
Cleanses and beautifies the teeth and purifies the breath. Used by people of refinement for over a quarter of a century. Very convenient for tourists.
PREPARED BY
J. W. Lyon, D.D.S.

YOUMANS
Silk—Opera—Derby
Soft and Ladies Hats
The range of Youmans Styles is as wide as the diversity of faces that they fit.
Ladies' Dept. 536 5th Ave. New York.
1107 Broadway
158 Broadway
536 Fifth Ave.

HYGROMETERS
Ever hear of them? They tell the *humidity*—how much atmospheric moisture is in the house. That's an important thing to know, especially in a sick room. Cost $1.00.
E. B. Meyrowitz
OPTICIAN.
104 E. 23d St., near 4th Ave.
126 W. 42d St., bet. B'way & 6th Ave.
650 Madison Ave., cor. 60th St.
3 Rue Scribe, Paris.

OPPENHEIM, COLLINS & CO
Remarkable and Special Value
Fur Lined Outergarments
A Fortunate Cash Purchase of Four Hundred Fur Lined Outergarments—Just Received—Manufactured by one of the most expert fur houses in New York city, made of superior black broadcloth—with fine squirrel linings—collars of squirrel, sable squirrel and Persian or Jap Mink—value $40.00 to $50.00.
28.00
Broadway and Fifth Ave., Cor. 21st St.

Stern Brothers
Are showing a Large Variety of
Feather Boas
WHITE & COLORED MARABOU BOAS PLAIN & TRIMMED WITH GOLD & SILVER LACE. also COQUE STOLES with MUFFS TO MATCH.
STOLES & CRAVATS in MARABOU & OSTRICH for STREET & EVENING WEAR.
Women's Boots & Shoes
THE BEST WORKMANSHIP & LEATHERS of the FINEST QUALITY IN EXCLUSIVE SHAPES.
STREET & DRESS BOOTS, TOGA & OXFORD TIES, PUMPS & EVENING SLIPPERS.
The Season's Most Popular Novelty
Women's Tailor-made Boots
ENGLISH BOX CLOTH TOPS, UNLINED, in PEARL, GREY, SEAL BROWN, LIGHT TAN and BLACK PATENT LEATHER FOXED.
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HOSIERY AND UNDERWEAR stocks in our stores are high class reliable wares that give perfect satisfaction and meet every requirement.
The dropped stitch, slightly soiled and nearly same kinds are kept out of these shelves.
Extra Value 25c. per pair.
Black Hose $2.85 per doz. pr.
Fine gauge, Hermsdorf dye, Double heel and toe.

STATIONERY ENGRAVING.
WEDDING INVITATIONS, MARRIAGE ANNOUNCEMENTS; CHURCH, RECEPTION AND AT HOME CARDS; STATIONERY FOR THE VARIOUS SOCIAL FUNCTIONS.
¶ Sketches submitted and estimates given for steel die or plate work, embracing monograms; club, college and association insignias; also book plates, coats of arms, crests and heraldic devices
B. Altman & Co., New York.

FOOD.
WORK A PLEASURE.
It Is One of the Real Joys Given Us.
"Postum Food Coffee has done more for me in two years," writes a Wisconsin young lady student, "than all the medicines and treatments I had employed to overcome the effects of the coffee poisoning that was killing me by degrees.
"I had all the familiar symptoms and suffered the well-known tortures. My stomach was wrecked and I could not eat, my head ached almost continually. I became the nervous victim of insomnia, and the capacity for study deserted me. Of course this came on gradually, and without suspicion, for a long time, as to the cause.
"Two years ago a friend enthusiastically urged me to quit using the old kind of coffee and to drink Postum Food Coffee. I have never regretted acting upon the advice. As soon as the coffee poison was eliminated, the strengthening and nourishing properties of Postum began to build me up.
"Each day I gained a little, the color crept back to my cheeks, my limbs rounded out with new flesh, my complexion grew fair and clear again, my digestion improved, and now I can eat anything at any time, the nervous insomnia has left me and I sleep soundly at night and wake up refreshed. I have no more headaches, and mental work has become a pleasure to me." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.
There's a reason.
Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in each pkg.

Your last chance to go to
California
this fall for
$33
from Chicago, one way.
Second-class tickets on sale until Oct.
Personally-conducted excursions.
Ask Santa Fe agent at 377 Broadway, New York, for full particulars.
Santa Fe
All the Way

CALIFORNIA—COLORADO
Portland and the Northwest
Two Through Trains Daily over the
UNION PACIFIC R.R.

Lest You Forget
We Say it Yet—
Uneeda Biscuit

IN CONNECTION WITH NO OTHER STORE
THE BIG STORE
A CITY IN ITSELF
SIEGEL COOPER CO
SIXTH AVE. NEXT TO THE FOUNTAIN 18TH & 19TH STS.
NEW YORK.
Single "S. & H." Green Trading Stamps Given with Purchases Amounting to 10c. or More.
Simplex Piano Recital
This Afternoon
in the Auditorium on the Fifth Floor.
Lovers of good music will be interested in this demonstration of the wonderful capabilities of the SIMPLEX PIANO PLAYER as a means of accompanying soloists, as well as the perfect rendition of instrumental selections.
The SIMPLEX, by means of perforated music rolls, enables every one to render the best and finest compositions of the masters or the latest popular songs of the day regardless of their previous knowledge of music.
THURSDAY, OCTOBER 26TH, AT THREE O'CLOCK.
MR. H. W. UPHAM AT THE SIMPLEX.
Assisted by
GRACE CHAMBERS.....Contralto
MR. F. S. HALL.....Violinist
PROGRAMME.
PART I.
1. Rondo Capriccioso.....Mendelssohn THE SIMPLEX.
2. La Cinquantaine.....Gabriel-Marie VIOLIN SOLO—MR. HALL.
3. (a) Au Clair de la Lune (nocturne).....Bohm (b) Scarf Dance.....Chaminade THE SIMPLEX.
4. O, Dry Those Tears.....Teresa Del Riego SOLO—GRACE CHAMBERS.
5. The Wizard of Oz, selections.....Paul Tietjen THE SIMPLEX.
PART II.
1. Mazurka Caprice.....Sylvester Krause THE SIMPLEX.
2. Love Me Or Not.....Secchi GRACE CHAMBERS.
3. Dainty Little Ingenue (from Woodland.) Gustaf Luders THE SIMPLEX.
4. Angel's Serenade.....G. Brager VIOLIN SOLO—MR. HALL.
5. The Last Smile.....Wollenhaupt THE SIMPLEX.
Women's Eiderdown Robes, Sacques and Blouse Sweaters
To-day's selections from this busy section are particularly attractive and should enlist the ardent attention of all in need of the following useful garments. Attractively priced for To-day's selling.

WOMEN'S KNITTED BLOUSE SWEATERS (as illustrated), extra heavy, pretty stitch, high neck, with ribbed cuffs, collar and belt, plain colors, red, white, black, gray, 1.50
Same style in Misses' Sweaters at 1.25
WOMEN'S KNITTED BLOUSE SWEATERS, extra heavy, made double breasted, with high neck, ribbed collar, cuffs and belt, fancy weave, plain colors, 2.25
WOMEN'S WOOL KNITTED GOLF VESTS, fancy stitch, double breasted, with fine pearl buttons, in plain colors, red, black, gray and white, 98c
Many Other Very Attractive Styles from Our Large and Varied Assortments. The Knitted Golf Vest, Norfolk Jacket and Blouse Sweater in all the popular colorings at 2.50, 2.75, 2.95 & 3.50
Eiderdown Robes.
WOMEN'S ROBES OF FINE WOOL RIPPLE EIDERDOWN—Extra heavy, made with pointed collar and kimono sleeve, trimmed with satin and finished with silk frogs and worsted girdle; colors red, gray and blue, 3.75
WOMEN'S ROBES OF FINE WOOL RIPPLE EIDERDOWN—Extra heavy, made with large sailor collar and kimono sleeve. Handsomely appliqued in black and finished with silk frogs and heavy girdle; colors red, gray and blue, 4.95
Eiderdown Dressing Sacques
WOMEN'S DRESSING SACQUES OF WOOL EIDERDOWN—Round collar and crochet edge; finest red, light blue and gray, 79c
WOMEN'S DRESSING SACQUES OF WOOL RIPPLE EIDERDOWN—Extra heavy, large round collar, prettily appliqued in black; colors are red, light blue and gray, 98c
(Siegel Cooper Store, Second Floor, Centre, 18th St.)

Other Specials for To-Day Include:—
Women's Coats, Women's Waists of Brilliantine, also in Hand Embroidered Batiste; Women's Walking Skirts, Women's Sample Shoes, Children's Flannelette Wear, Boys' Suits, Overcoats, Reefers, Men's high-grade Stiff Bosom and Negligee Shirts, Framed Pictures, Photography, and a remarkable sale of Nottingham Curtains.

THE RELIABILITY OF A NAME
Guarantees Satisfaction
The well-known script signature of Stewart Hartshorn is only on the labels of genuine
Hartshorn Shade Rollers
It is the guarantee of the easy, automatic action and perfect mechanical construction that marks the only satisfactory shade roller on the market. You will have to insist—with some dealers.
Wood Rollers Tin Rollers
The Improved Hartshorn requires no tacks.

B. Altman & Co. DIRECT ATTENTION TO THEIR AUTUMN MODELS OF THE FASSO CORSET, EMBODYING THE NEW FEATURES WHICH HAVE BEEN INTRODUCED ABROAD THIS SEASON.

ACTUARY'S GUESSES FIX THE DIVIDENDS

Mutual's Officer Admits Artificial Factors Are Used.

SOME "RESULTS" GUESSES

But Mr. McClintock Calls Them Simple Mathematics—No Alternative, He Says, at Inquiry.

From Chief Actuary Emery McClintock of the Mutual Life Insurance Company Counsel Charles E. Hughes of the Insurance Investigating Committee elicited at yesterday's session the fact that in the Mutual dividends on policies are estimated not according to the actual results of the company's operations, but by certain artificial factors applied at the discretion of the Actuary to such of the company's statistics as may be taken into consideration at any given time. This practice, Mr. McClintock declared, was general in all companies.

In the Mutual's case this artificial reckoning of dividends applies not only to the annual dividend policies, but to the deferred dividend policies, for the reason that the distribution of a deferred policy is dependent, on the annual distributions on the other class during the term that the deferred policy has been in effect. The reason that Mr. McClintock gave for the practice lay first in what he considered the physical impossibility of reckoning the dividend on the basis of actual operation, inasmuch as his estimate for any given year is made up in November of the year preceding, and before these results are known. In the second place Mr. McClintock attributed it to a desire to keep the policy holders happy by preventing such fluctuation in their dividends as would result from a distribution based on actual earnings of the company.

This was not the only thing that was interesting in Mr. McClintock's testimony. It appeared that in a series of books issued for the instruction of agents and for their use in persuading policy holders to insure, illustrations of the return on policies, based on "practical results," were as a matter of fact not drawn from such results at all, but made up apparently by the person who prepared the books.

Mr. McClintock also testified that fifteen years ago an effort was made by President McCurdy to get the three large companies to join in a plan whereby the aggregate business written by any insurance company in this State should be limited to $1,000,000,000. A bill to this effect was introduced into the Legislature with the consent of Messrs. McCurdy, McCall, and Henry B. Hyde, but, Mr. McClintock said, Mr. Hyde withdrew his support and the measure was abandoned. Again in 1901 Messrs. McCurdy, James W. Alexander, and McCall agreed on a bill fixing $1,500,000,000 as the limit of the insurance which should be written by any company. But in this instance George W. Perkins of the New York Life and of J. P. Morgan & Co. objected. Mr. Perkins, in fact, objected so effectively to any limitation to the amount of business written that the support of the three companies was withdrawn from the bill, and, as has been usual in such cases, it failed to pass. Actuary McClintock declared, however, that the Mutual Life would be in favor of a bill fixing some such limitation to the amount of business to be written by life insurance companies.

Mr. McClintock's Testimony.

Examined in the afternoon by Mr. Hughes, Mr. McClintock's attention was drawn to the item of total net gain realized by the Mutual Life Insurance Company in 1904, which appeared to be $6,624,674, apart from the gain resulting from the increase in market value of securities. The gain was derived from $2,938,000 as gains from mortality over the amount set aside for the payment of losses, and $2,488,000 in gains from lapsed policies, in addition to a surplus of interest over that required for reserves. The other item normally contributing to net gain is the difference between the loading of the premiums and the expenses, but in the case of the Mutual Life for 1904 it appeared that the expenses were $1,305,730 in excess of the loading, so that this operated to cut down the contributions of the other three items. The gain resulting from appreciation of securities amounted to $9,165,958, making a grand total of some $15,794,000.

Mr. McClintock said that it was not the practice of the company to distribute the gains in market value of securities, aside from what might be realized through sales. He remarked that there had been a shrinkage in the Mutual's securities of upward of $8,000,000 in the market slump of 1903, the increase of $9,000,000 in 1904 representing the recovery from this condition. He told Mr. Hughes that out of the $6,624,000 gain, aside from that in securities, between $800,000 and $900,000 had been set aside for distribution as dividends.

"Do you set aside the amount for distribution upon your deferred dividend policies on the basis of your distribution on annual policies?" Mr. Hughes inquired.

Certain Factors.

Mr. McClintock did not answer directly, but said that the distribution on the annual dividend policies was reached by figuring out certain factors in relation to the policies in force on the year before. He did not specify what these factors were, and so Mr. Hughes inquired whether they included an exact reckoning of interest earned and the apportionment of such interest to the number of policies in force. Mr. McClintock said that such a reckoning was not made every year, but that the rate of interest in any given year was taken with some modification and applied to the policies in force as determining the dividend rate in the next year. This, he said had been done for a succession of years. Mr. Hughes asked what the exact process was. Mr. McClintock replied:

"When the amount of the dividend paid up to date appears too large in proportion to the reserve, then I make the reduction in dividends."

"So, when you made the calculation for last year, they were not based on actual results?" said Mr. Hughes.

"I made the calculation in November," Mr. McClintock rejoined, "when I didn't know the results."

Asked what modifications he made from the rate of the year before, he said that the interest of 4 1-10 per cent. on the productive assets of the company was the same as in 1903, and that there was a slight reduction in loading as compared with previous years.

"But," he added, "it is all a matter of judgment."

"How, then," demanded Mr. Hughes, "can you in any year determine the exact amount which ought to be apportioned to the policies on the basis of the earnings of the company?"

"That is physically, morally, and mathematically impossible; physically, because we make the calculation before we have the results; mathematically, because we would have great fluctuations in dividends if we attempted to go by the actual operations, and morally, because the policy holders would create a disturbance if the thing were attempted."

Take the Policy Years.

Mr. McClintock, in explanation, said that if the apportionment were made for the calendar year a man who took out a policy on Dec. 31 might get a very different dividend rate from one whose policy dated from Jan. 2, following. Thus, he said, it became necessary to consider not the calendar years, but the policy years, which interlock in almost infinite variety, and he added:

"This is the just, necessary, and proper method, as well as the popular method, for in so doing we avoid the fluctuations which would otherwise be introduced in our dividend payment."

"Would it be possible," said Mr. Hughes, "to make your calculation for your policy year after you have known the results of your calendar year?"

"They tried that once," said the witness, "before I went to the Mutual. I think it was in 1870 or 1871, when a fearful and wonderful method was devised to bring everything up to the end of the calendar year. There was such an everlasting row all over the country as the result of extraordinary diversions in results on policies issued in the same year that a law was passed prohibiting the practice in some States, and all companies have since followed the policy year."

"What do you do," asked Mr. Hughes, "to conceal the fluctuations in your earnings and keep the policy holders satisfied?"

"There are no very marked fluctuations," the witness replied, "aside from those of the market value of securities. If the mortality runs high in one year it is likely to run low the next year, and if the excess in expenses over the loading is large in any given year it is likely to be neutralized the following year."

"But I understand you to say that there were large fluctuations," Mr. Hughes broke in.

The witness explained that what he meant was that fluctuations which might make a material difference in any given year were generally counterbalanced by the next year's swing in the other direction.

"So you adjust dividends not on results, but on your judgment of what is required to maintain them without fluctuation," observed Mr. Hughes.

"No Alternative."

"I see no alternative from the present method," the witness replied. "I make early in November, however, an estimate of the results for the calendar year which is generally pretty close to the actual operations."

Mr. Hughes went over with the witness again his declaration that the calculations of dividends on deferred dividend policies were made on the basis of the annual dividends paid on annual dividend policies in the term of years in question. Coming up to the point that if the annual dividends were not apportioned on the basis of exact calculation, but on the judgment of the Actuary, Mr. Hughes argued that the deferred dividends must necessarily be computed with this same element of guesswork in them.

Next the examiner took up the question of interest, bringing out that the actual interest earned by the Mutual on its gross assets last year was 4.33 per cent., against which was set off what is technically known as the investment expenses, thus bringing the net interest down to 4.1 per cent. Mr. Hughes inquired how the reduction was made for investment expenses and the witness said that it was not figured on the basis of actual investment expenses, but according to what is known in insurance parlance as the "Connecticut rule," a ratio determined for this purpose by the State Insurance Commissioner of Connecticut several years ago.

"It might be possible," Mr. McClintock said, "by changing our system of bookkeeping to get figures a little different. That would require the separation of accounts such as stationery and furniture used by the investment department. It could be done, but as the Connecticut rule is prescribed for the company under terrible penalties, the exact nature of which I don't know, it is much easier to use it."

The exact amount deducted under the Connecticut rule for investment expenses in 1904, Mr. McClintock said, was $1,421,-069.

Mr. Hughes asked him to figure out what the exact percentage of the net gain remaining after this deduction would be to the aggregate productive assets of the company, and after a few minutes he announced that it would be 3.99 per cent.

"What warrant had you, therefore," Mr. Hughes demanded, "for a distribution of 4.1 per cent. to policy holders when actually, according to the Connecticut rule, your earnings were 1 per cent. less than the reserve requirement?"

"Well," said Mr. McClintock, "one-tenth of 1 per cent. on our total assets would be about $440,000, and of this a relatively small proportion, probably not more than $50,000, was paid out as dividends. The rest went into reserve."

Hughes Wants the Principle.

"I don't care about the results," said Mr. Hughes, "it is the principle of the thing that I am talking about. Why did you vary from the rule which you told me you had accepted in making this allowance for investment expenses?"

"Because," said Mr. McClintock, "from time to time the company had been making profits on its investments which ought to be taken into consideration."

"Why did you select 4.1 per cent. instead of, say, 4.2 per cent?"

"Because it was 4.3 per cent. the year before, and I thought 4.1 per cent. would be about right."

"As a matter of fact, wasn't it because you wanted to cut down the interest rate of 4.3 per cent. and still not raise a howl from the policy holders by wiping out your dividends altogether?"

"Yes," Mr. McClintock admitted, "but with a reservation that the company makes occasional profits."

"And why not occasional losses?" demanded Mr. Hughes.

"Because," the witness replied, "the company seldom has losses except in writing down the value of buildings and such things as this."

"But does this whole process not involve a large element of prophecy?" Mr. Hughes persisted.

"There is an element of prophecy," was the reply, "but it is on the basis of previous experience which enables us to prophesy pretty closely."

Mr. Hughes took up the case of the paid-up policyholder who has contributed to expenses through the loading of his premiums while he has been paying them, but after the maturity of his policy receives dividends based on the gain in interest over reserve, without regard to the gains resulting from the saving on mortality, the lapse of policies, and the excess, if any, of current loading over expenses. Mr. Hughes inquired why the policyholder did not profit from the three gains last mentioned when he has contributed his full share toward expenses during his premium payment. The witness went into a long explanation. The result of it was the assertion that the policyholder, while he is paying premiums, gets back in the way of dividends whatever portion of the loading is not required to meet expenses, and so has no further claim on this score.

Asked why the dividend was cut at the end of 1903, Mr. McClintock explained that, with a reduction of $8,000,000 in the security values of that year, the cut in dividends was considered necessary, in view of the fact that the deferred dividend policies would be reckoned on the basis of the annual dividends paid in the years in which they ran.

Declining Values and Influence.

Mr. Hughes wanted to know if the decline in security values was the controlling factor in moving Mr. McClintock to reduce the dividend. The Mutual's Actuary replied that this was one of the factors. Mr. Hughes wanted to know what part of the cut in dividend rate it was responsible for, but Mr. McClintock declined to be pinned down on this point, saying that he would have made some cut anyway, and that the decline probably influenced him to make a larger cut than he would have otherwise. Then Mr. Hughes wanted to know why the dividends were not increased when security values gained more than $9,000,000 in 1904. Mr. McClintock replied that other factors, such as the decrease in surplus earnings, came into account. Then Mr. Hughes undertook to analyze this decrease in an effort to find out how largely increased expenses had contributed to it.

Mr. McClintock declared that expenses had been a pretty steady factor, but Mr. Hughes read figures for a number of years showing almost constant increases of expenses over the loading of the premiums up to 1903, when there was a slight decrease. Then he asked:

"How is it that with an increase in business there is not an increase in surplus earnings?"

The witness made the customary reply that the expenses of getting new business were responsible, but declared as other life insurance officials have declared, that eventually the thing would work out all right. The situation was the same, he added, in all companies.

Mr. Hughes picked up a memorandum of dividend payments on a $5,000 ten-payment life policy issued in 1874 by one of the small life insurance companies, the name of which he withheld for obvious reasons. This showed dividends paid after the maturity of the policy running from $40 to $125 a year down to the present time. Mr. McClintock studied the statement for several minutes, and then said that the company in question no doubt made a much greater profit on mortality than did the Mutual, and, as it was smaller, conducted its business at a material saving as compared with the big companies.

"Illustrations" in Books.

Four little books issued to budding agents of the Mutual by Prof. W. P. Stewart, an actuary in charge of the Mutual's school of instruction, were next presented to Mr. McClintock. They were issued for 1899, 1903, 1904, and 1905. They professed to contain "illustrations" showing the value in earnings of policies in varying amounts taken out at the several periods of life and computed "on actual results." The books had the familiar appearance of those with which a life insurance agent confronts his prospective policy holder in telling him how much somebody else has got out of the kind of policy that the agent desires to sell.

In the Mutual book for 1899 it appeared that a thousand-dollar twenty-year deferred dividend policy taken out at the age of 35 would have added to its face $383.96 "on the basis of actual results" at maturity. In the book for 1903 the amount was stated as $356.31, or $27.65 less, this being due, as the witness explained, to the fact that these "actual results" show decreases from year to year as the earlier policies of the company written at higher premium rates matured and were succeeded by others of more recent date. The book for 1904, however, showed earnings on the thousand-dollar policy of $328.66, which happened to be exactly $27.65 less than the earnings, as stated in the book, for 1903. The little book for 1905 showed earnings happening to be exactly $27.65 less than those given in the book for 1904. Mr. Hughes asked how it happened that this difference, based always on "actual results," was uniformly $27.65 for each year, and he called the attention of the witness to the fact that the earnings on policies taken out at other ages varied as between the books for 1899 and 1903 and from year to year following, by exactly the same amount.

Mr. McClintock remarked that it was obvious that the assistant who had computed the figures had followed "a simple mathematical process." The audience laughed.

Earlier in the day, under examination by Associate Counsel James McKeen, Mr. McClintock told how President McCurdy had suggested to Henry B. Hyde and John A. McCall in 1901 that the big companies limit their total insurance to $1,000,000,000. Mr. Hyde had hesitated, he said, and had explained that it was his ambtion to make the Equitable the largest company and then the best as regards the character of its business. But at last he agreed upon the limitation, as did President McCall, only to change his mind when a bill was introduced in the Legislature.

President McCurdy in his report for 1892 requested the board to pass a resolution limiting the new business by the company to $100,000,000 a year. This was passed, but in the following year the Mutual had a fiftieth anniversary and wanted a general jubilation, so the agents were turned loose in a special effort to get new business, and the limitation has never been enforced since.

Mr. McClintock made one correction yesterday to the testimony of President McCurdy, who said that one of the ways in which he had earned his salary was by reducing the salaries of the clerical force.

"No individual clerk," Mr. McClintock said, "has had his salary reduced. Mr. McCurdy probably referred to our civil service system, which provides for promotion of men in regular order; but there has been no actual reduction. Agents cost more, and we come into competition with the butcher and the baker for the increased cost of living. This increases the cost of getting agents, for they want more money from the company."

Adjournment was taken to Nov. 8, the day after election, to allow several of the members of the committee to attend to their political fences.

BODY THAT OF MRS. MULLER.

Missing Since April 7, Husband Says —Bronx River Mystery.

Special to The New York Times.

YONKERS, Oct. 25.—The headless body of the woman found in the Bronx River yesterday was identified to-day by Gottlieb Muller of Morris Park Avenue and Unionport Road, New York, as that of his wife Eva, who disappeared on April 7. On that day she sold to Andrew Schwermann, a policeman of the Wakefield Station, a farm in William's Bridge.

Muller, his wife, and Schwermann went to Manhattan to have the deed transferred, and the men went into a saloon, where they had a couple of drinks, while Mrs. Muller went to a restaurant for luncheon. She had disappeared when the men went to look for her. Muller says she had a satchel containing deeds, a bank book, and considerable money. She left this at the home of his daughter in Mount Vernon that night, and that was the last heard of her. The Coroner says there is nothing to indicate murder.

MORE PHILADELPHIA FRAUD.

Police Find 15,861 Illegal Registrations in Twenty-two Wards.

PHILADELPHIA, Penn., Oct. 25.—Announcement was made by the Police Department to-night that a recanvass of twenty-two of the forty-two wards of the city shows that 15,861 names are illegally on the latest voting lists of these wards. The Director of Public Safety said that his department will make every effort to prevent the voting of the alleged fraudulent names.

The canvass made by the police during the Summer months in all wards resulted in striking from the lists more than 36,000 names. If the 15,861 alleged fraudulent names on the present lists are not voted, the number of names on the lists throughout the city will have been reduced from 375,000 to 324,000 as a result of the present reform campaign.

TO BUILD A SERVANTS' CLUB.

German Housewives' Society Awards Medals for Long Service.

The German Housewives' Society held a semi-annual meeting yesterday afternoon in Tuxedo Hall, Madison Avenue and Fifty-ninth Street. The object of the meeting was primarily to award the prizes offered by the society to such servants as have stayed with any member of the organization two years.

Twenty-seven servants were found on the roll of honor. Of that number Mrs. S. M. Baldwin, the Secretary, said three already had won prizes three times, and three had two previous prizes. The prize is a gold pin or a $10 gold piece.

Mrs. Von Oertzen-Barber, the President, expressed the hope that the society soon would be able to build a home for the servants affiliated with the organization. There green servants will be trained and English will be taught. This home will be a refuge for servants in time of enforced idleness and a club for those who have work.

Killed Officer with Pocket Knives.

Special to The New York Times.

DALLAS, Texas, Oct. 25.—Assistant Chief of Police J. P. Calloway of Mountcalm was killed with pocketknives while endeavoring to arrest Jack Early and Harmon Horn, intoxicated men, early this morning. Early was arrested at once but Horn was chased twenty miles before he was caught.

"A product, to be successfully advertised, must possess merit."

"A good article becomes its own advertiser to a large degree."—Ad. Sense.

Mount Vernon

pure rye possesses that superior merit which only requires an introduction to win recognition. It bears acquaintance well and has become its own best advertiser by reason of its character and quality.

Distillery [Square Bottle] Bottling In *Square Bottles Only!*

THE COOK & BERNHEIMER CO., New York.

BRITISH EMBASSY AT TOKIO.

Legation to be Raised at Once—Prince to Carry Garter to Mikado.

LONDON, Oct. 25.—It is officially announced that King Edward has decided to raise the British Legation at Tokio to an Embassy immediately.

It is officially announced that the King has commanded that a special mission, headed by Prince Arthur of Connaught, be dispatched to Tokio early next year to confer the Order of the Garter on the Emperor of Japan.

BROKAW BROTHERS

ESTABLISHED NEARLY HALF A CENTURY

YOU soon tire of the suit or the overcoat that loses spruceness.

Limp inside works soon make a limp outside. In such clothes style is an empty claim.

One thing will ensure you good clothing—the maker's integrity.

Brokaw Business Suits $16 to $45
Brokaw Fall Overcoats, $16 to $42.

Subway Station at Our Door.

ASTOR PLACE AND FOURTH AVENUE

Chinese Grand Master to Wed.

INDIANAPOLIS, Oct. 25.—E. Lung, Grand Master of Chinese Masons in the United States, is to be married on the evening of Oct. 30 to Soo See of Chicago. He will not see her until the hour of the ceremony. Soo See is the daughter of H. Sling, one of the wealthiest Chinese in America.

Explaining Why

Brill Custom tailored garments at $10 are superior to others at that price.

Ours are the only $10 clothes that hold their shape, fit and style until worn out.

A glance at the diagram will show how our clothes differ from the ordinary:

Instead of burlap, we use shrunk linen canvas interlining.

Instead of buckram, French haircloth for entire front and shoulders.

Instead of cotton, serge lining.

Instead of machine made, our collars, lapels and shoulders are hand padded and felled.

Finally, instead of pressing the garment into shape, expert workmen build it into form piece by piece, following the method of the individual custom tailor. But we beat him at his own game, because instead of one coat, our tailors make five hundred. They have attained the perfection that comes from practice.

Custom tailored garments, suits, topcoats, Fall coats and Raincoats, in sizes to fit men of every build, in Brill stores, $10.

Get the Habit. Go to

Brill Brothers,

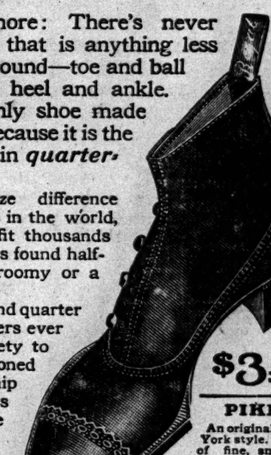
UNION SQUARE
14th Street, nea Broadway.
279 Broadway, near Chambers.
47 Cortlandt St., near Greenwich.
125th St., corner Third Ave.

Regal Style Means Correct Style

—And something more: There's never much style in a shoe that is anything less than a perfect fit all round—toe and ball and instep, arch and heel and ankle. The Regal is the only shoe made that is *sure* to fit.—Because it is the only shoe that comes in *quarter-sizes.*

That little quarter-size difference makes all the difference in the world, and it has enabled us to fit thousands of people who had always found half-sizes either a little too roomy or a little too snug.

Not only correct style and quarter sizes, but the finest leathers ever tanned and a wide variety to choose from; the old-fashioned sort of hand-workmanship and a shoe that holds its shape to show for it; the longest kind of long wear and a guarantee to back it up!



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Seventy-five Regal styles—and the regular price, right through the whole list, is $3.50 as usual. But to meet an insistent demand we have made up 10 special models at $4 per pair. The extra 50 cents enables us to build a wholly new line of shoes that we could never before include in the Regal list. The advantages of the special $4 models over the $3.50 Regal are in their extra custom features. All of the leathers and other materials in them are the BEST of the BEST and they have a little more hand-work, etc. They are true bench-made shoes, and few genuine custom-made $15 shoes equal their handsome appearance.

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*1211 Broadway, bet. 29th and 30th Sts.
*1341 Broadway, opp. Herald Building. NEWARK, N. J.
*507 Eighth Ave., bet. 35th and 36th Sts. 841 Broad St., opp. Central R.R. of N. J.
150 E. 14th St., cor. 3d Ave. JERSEY CITY.
338 Sixth Ave., S. E. cor. 21st St.
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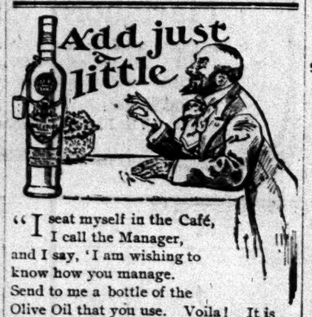

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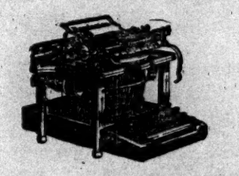

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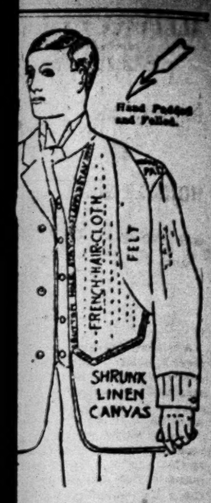

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ROADWAY, COR. WHITE.

ALLIANCE WILL FIGHT ACCIDENT SWINDLERS

Railway and Other Corporations Unite for Protection.

HONEST SUITS WILL BENEFIT

But Witnesses, Physicians, Lawyers, and Others Who Conspire to Defraud Will Be Rigorously Prosecuted.

An organization to protect street and steam railway companies and other large concerns from fraudulent damage suits was formed yesterday at the Hoted Gotham. It's name is "The Alliance Against Accident Frauds."

There were present at the meeting representatives of corporations from Boston to Chicago, and letters were received from many others saying that they would join the alliance. The objects of the alliance are:

To protect and defend its members against fraudulent claims and prosecute all persons engaged in presenting or promoting such claims; to collect and disseminate information to its members concerning fake claimants, shyster lawyers, unprincipled physicians, ambulance chasers, false witnesses, and others engaged in such practices and methods; to insist upon fair dealing with honest claimants and generally to impress upon the public the principles for which the alliance stands.

The companies represented at yesterday's meeting are the United States Casualty Company, General Accident Corporation, Philadelphia Casualty Company, Great Eastern Casualty Company, New York City Street Railway Company, United Railways and Electric Company of Baltimore, Chicago and Northwestern Railway, New York Central and Hudson River Railway, Boston Elevated Railway, Washington (D. C.) Railways and Electric Company, Delaware, Lackawanna and Western, Hudson River Day Line, Travelers' Insurance Company of Hartford, Philadelphia Rapid Transit Company, Interborough Railway Company, Casualty Company of America, Little & Co., printers, and the Fuller Construction Company.

In the discussion of the plan and scope of the new alliance it was said that its mere existence would frighten off many persons who otherwise might bring fraudulent suits. It will be part of the plan to inform stockholders and policy holders in every corporation in the alliance of every case which is to be fought and the reason for contesting it. By this wide publicity it is thought that fraud will be made additionally difficult and dangerous.

It was said at the meeting that the alliance will do quite as much work to see that honest demands are promptly settled as it will to detect swindlers. With fraudulent demands out of the way, it was said, the railways and accident companies could give more time to genuine cases and settle them more promptly.

An effort is also to be made to have passed in every State laws similar to those passed by the Maryland Legislature against so-called ambulance chasers and dishonest physicians. At the meeting of the American Bar Association at Narragansett last Summer the question of barratry was taken up, and that organization said it would co-operate with any association that would labor to put down the practice. A committee was appointed to confer further with the American Bar Association and with the American Medical Association on the subject. The following officers were chosen:

President—Robert B. Armstrong, President of the Casualty Company of America; First Vice President—James R. Pratt of the United Railways and Electric Company of Baltimore; Second Vice President—R. C. Richards of the Chicago and Northwestern; Secretary-Treasurer—Chauncey S. S. Miller.

The first annual meeting will be held Jan. 19.

SAY HE PLANNED PERJURY.

Three Accuse an Investigator of the N. Y. City Railway.

Charged with inducing men to commit perjury, W. J. Blair, an investigator for the New York City Railway Company, was arraigned in the Tombs Court yesterday before Magistrate Wahle. Blair was arrested on a warrant based on affidavits sworn to by John Hodgins of 329 East Ninety-second Street, Matthew Cowgey of 142 East Ninety-seventh Street, and Joseph Volk.

The proceeding follows a suit against the railway company for injuries. On the night of Jan. 7 last Mrs. John A. Quigley of 1,090 Park Avenue was thrown by the sudden starting of a Lexington Avenue car. Her spine was injured. She sued the company for $4,000 and got a verdict for $400 before Justice Platt in White Plains a few weeks ago.

The husband of Mrs. Quigley, who is said to be a race track caterer, learned that there was something odd in the case and placed his information in the hands of a detective agency. The detectives obtained the affidavits on which the warrant was issued.

The case was adjourned to Oct. 30 and Blair was paroled in the custody of counsel for the company.

ROCKEFELLER'S CLASS APPLAUDS MR. JEROME

Young Mr. Rockefeller There, and Leads the Demonstration.

DR. JOHNSON FOR YOUNG MEN

Says the District Attorney Is One of Them—Honest and Not Ruled by Bosses.

A reference to District Attorney Jerome was applauded last night by the Rockefeller Bible class. There was no formal action taken, and no names were mentioned, but when the Rev. Rufus P. Johnson, pastor of the church, praised the District Attorney and demanded the support of the young men of the class for him there was a burst of applause. John D. Rockefeller, Jr., who was present for the first time in months, led the demonstration.

"This is distinctively a young man's age," said Dr. Johnson. "The young man is on the firing line. The young man is the man behind the gun. The problems of the age must be solved by the young man.

"We all of us ought to be politicians. We all of us ought to believe in a party. The party is our only practicable means toward government. Let us work through the party so long as the party works to higher ends. When it fails in this duty it is time for us to think for ourselves.

"There is a young man in this city who is independent, honest—the kind of young man to follow. We are all bound to admire him whether we agree with him or not. He has made mistakes. If you find a man who has not make mistakes you have found a man who has never made anything else.

"He is honored and respected all over this land, because the people believe he is sincere. He doesn't bow to the bosses of either one party or the other. I am not going to call his name. It is not necessary. I believe every man in this class ought to work for the election of this man to office."

The young men applauded and Mr. Rockefeller stayed his hands until they were red.

"That was a great campaign speech," said a member of the class to Dr. Johnson after the meeting. "You are a real Jerome man."

"I certainly am," Dr. Johnson responded.

Mr. Rockefeller was one of the first to reach the church. He looked to be in the best of health and was at least thirty pounds heavier than when he told his Bible class good-bye before his European trip.

The principal speaker of the evening was Gov. Montague of Virginia. He talked about citizenship and its responsibilities.

After the meeting was over a member asked Mr. Rockefeller if he would take up his work again.

"I was afraid to come here to-night," he said, "because I knew that very question would be asked me. I am not ready to say just what my plans are."

He declined to express himself as to Dr. Johnson's advocacy of Mr. Jerome.

"I came around to-night to look on," he said, "not to talk."

Hall Caine was to have addressed the class last night, but it was announced that he would speak on Sunday afternoon.

JEROME SEES A RAID.

Police Smash Into The Allen's Place Once More.

Capt. Hodgins of the Mercer Street Station has had his eye on 80 Sixth Avenue for some time with the suspicion in his mind that The Allen's old place was neither dead nor sleeping.

Yesterday afternoon, with Inspector Hogan and six men, he drove in a patrol wagon to the place. On the sidewalk making a cigarette was District Attorney Jerome.

"Fine day," said the Captain.

"Think so?" said Mr. Jerome. "Storm signals up at Governors for northeast gales. Afternoon, Inspector."

The Captain burst in the doors of No. 80 with a sledgehammer and an axe. He and his men ascended a flight of stairs and found another door which they forced open. Inside it was dark. The lights had been put out and there were sounds as if some one were tearing paper.

John Gorman of 136 Waverley Place, said to be doorkeeper of the poolroom, and John Coyne of 472 Eighth Avenue, alleged master of race-sheet ceremonies, were arrested.

The 200 men in the room were allowed to go. Two telephones were confiscated, also a few racing sheets.

"But," said one of the detectives, "what was that man Jerome doing there? The way he lit that cigarette—say, he makes a man nervous."

City Brevities.

William Collins, convicted of having tried to cart away $3,000 worth of cloaks from the storerooms of Isaac Mezler on Oct. 14, and proved to have served twelve years in prison for six different offenses, was sent to Sing Sing yesterday for four years and eleven months by Judge Rosalsky in General Sessions.

Indictments were returned by the Grand Jury yesterday against Gustav Dinsler and Agnes Renaud. The charge is killing the woman's two-year-old daughter on Sept. 4 and throwing the body into a hallway near their house in West Forty-fifth Street.

A sentence of thirty days in the Tombs and a fine of $350 was imposed in Special Sessions yesterday on Garret P. Couchois of 44 West Twentieth Street and Rutherford, N. J. Couchois was convicted of pirating popular songs. He will appeal.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

Lady Baltimore

By OWEN WISTER
Author of The Virginian

IT WAS at King's Port—not its map name, of course—that Mr. Wister found Lady Baltimore and laid the scene of his love-story of the Carolinas. Imagine the most charming of Southern cities; old and shabby, hushed and gray—but peopled with a high-bred society more exclusive and self-sufficient than that of any court in Europe; a town where the atmosphere and the small talk of the forties are still preserved. In this rarified atmosphere rear a native lover, and at last confront him with a fiancee who spends her summers with the Newport "smart set" playing bridge, drinking high-balls and smoking cigarettes.

¶ A bull in a china-shop would be a more welcome guest than was this young woman when she descended on King's Port. Was it any wonder that the old town was set by the ears, that the young man wondered if he hadn't made a mistake, and as many social tangles presented themselves as a dozen chapters would scarce unravel?

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THE SATURDAY EVENING POST

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The great campaign for healthful food preparations.

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The growing work of the Women's National Household Alliance, illustrated.

My Experience with Boys,
by Edward Markham, author of "The Man with the Hoe."

The Dog of the Home,
by Rev. William J. Tucker, D. D., LL. D., Pres't Dartmouth College.

BE SURE TO GET IT TODAY

A Colonial Thanksgiving (Poem)
by Augusta Kortrecht, with illustrations and decorations in color.

A College Photographer,
by Alice Ward Bailey, illustrated from photographs.

A Genuine Colonial House,
by Louis C. Cornish, illustrated.

Paderewski and the Piano,
by Gustav Kobbe.

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"It is replete with anecdotes, and observations relating to the humorous side of life, intimate bits of interesting personalia, and bright and witty chat concerning things in general."—*Pittsburg Leader.*

12mo, Cloth, Humorous Pen and Ink Sketches by Bart Haley. Frontispiece Portrait of Mr. Wilder. $1.20, net; by mail, $1.30.

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SPECIAL NOTE
TO PHYSICIANS and LAYMEN:

A remarkable book just published is attracting much attention and selling rapidly. It is "The Psychic Treatment of Nervous Disorders," by Dr. Paul DuBois, of the University of Berne, translated by Smith Ely Jelliffe, M.D., Ph.D., and William A. White, Ph.D. 8vo, cloth. 471 pages. $3.00, net.

Frederic Remington says of this Delightful Book that it "would make a wooden Indian part with his cigars."

PARISIANS OUT OF DOORS

By F. BERKELEY SMITH
Author of "How Paris Amuses Itself," "The Real Latin Quarter," etc.

"It is a kaleidoscopic miscellany of anecdote, grave and gay; brief bits of biography and impressionistic portrayal of types, charming glimpses into Parisian life and character, and, above all, descriptions of the city's chief, and, to outward view, sole occupation—the art of enjoying oneself. Tourists have learned that Mr. Smith is able to initiate them into many mysteries uncataloged or only guardedly hinted at by more staidly respectable and professional guides."—*The Globe*, New York.

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NEW PUBLICATIONS.

Her Brother's Letters

Wherein Miss Christine Carson, Living with Her Parents Just Outside of Cincinnati, Ohio, is Shown How the Affairs of Girls and Women are Regarded by Men in General, and by Her Brother, Lent Carson, Practicing Law in New York City, in Particular.

Letter Number Two

In Which the Brother Touches on the Hysterical Adulation of Public Idols by Women

My Dear Kittens: You will be interested, I think, if not altogether pleased, at an experience I had, apropos of your last letter.

You told me in that letter about the "time of your lives" that you girls had at Music Hall the other afternoon at a recital given by ——; how his playing simply "carried you off your feet"; how it "enthralled" you and made you all feel that this pianist was "simply divine." All the girls had "creeps down their spines"; they were "hot and cold all over," etc. In short, you had one of those hysterical flings that seem to appeal to girls and women at these recitals.

You must read the brother's letter in full, in the NOVEMBER Number of

THE LADIES' HOME JOURNAL

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This book, now creating a sensation in Germany, is the most remarkable study of wild animals that has ever been made. It is illustrated with over one hundred startling photographs, many of them aken at night by flashlight, showing wild beasts in their native haunts in the African wilds. True aspects of the r jungle life are now revealed for the nrst time to the human eye. Mr. C. G. Schilling's adventures while taking the pictures are of graphic interest and read like fairy tales.

Mrs. Raffles

John Kendrick Bangs' latest book recounts the burglaries in which, after Raffles' death, his widow is concerned. It is a clever satire on fashionable society and recent events. Mrs. Raffles succeeds in raising a tremendous loan on the strength of a few Steel bonds, persuades a prominent millionaire to bestow a library on Rafflehurst-by-the-Sea, and achieves other master strokes that are sure to be appreciated.

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this week an article in appreciation of a hitherto neglected writer of good verse.

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of a high order will also be represented in reviews of Prof. Woodberry's new volume of lectures, "The Torch," and Clement Shorter's admirable book about

CHARLOTTE BRONTË.

There will be some apt consideration of

The Humorists

who have lately been writing, or otherwise manufacturing new books, and a noteworthy article on

DISCONTENT IN RUSSIA

in review of the remarkable history by Konni Zilliacus of the Revolutionary Movement in the Czar's Dominions.

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NEW YORK, THURSDAY, OCT. 26, 1905.

Entered at the New York Post Office as second-class mail matter.

OFFICES—NEW YORK:
Publication.....Times Square
Downtown.....8 Spruce Street
Harlem.....129 West 125th Street
Wall Street.....39 Broad Street
WASHINGTON.....Washington Post Building
PHILADELPHIA.....Public Ledger Building
LONDON.....160 Queen Victoria Street, E. C.

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EIGHTEEN PAGES.

THE PRESIDENT AT TUSKEGEE.

The President's journey through the Southern States has been referred to as a "progress"—a term strictly applicable to the passage of royalty across its dominions—but there are characteristics of it that no monarch could be sure of and that any monarch might envy. Mr. ROOSEVELT has commanded in his reception a double cordiality, the elements of which it is not easy to divide, though their combination is one of the most striking and significant evidences of the conditions of our National life. He is traversing a section of the Republic which within his own lifetime was torn by civil conflict on a gigantic scale and of marvelous stubbornness. He greets and is greeted by hosts of citizens who bore arms in that conflict on the defeated side and women whose fathers and brothers fell in the course of it. And besides these and their families he meets and addresses multitudes of the unfortunate race whose enslavement was the underlying cause of the war and against whom there survives in varying degrees, sometimes in great bitterness, an unavoidable and ineradicable prejudice reinforced by feelings due to the defects and vices of a considerable portion of the race. And he encounters at every point the most friendly, the heartiest, the most enthusiastic reception.

We cannot say how much of this extraordinary manifestation is for the President and how much for the man, but whether it be given to one or to the other it is creditable to him who receives and to them who give it. There could be no admiration for the man if the President were not the object of deep and sincere loyalty; and loyalty to the President alone would not take the form it does were not the man himself so winning. For it cannot be denied by the severest critics of Mr. ROOSEVELT that on this, as on like occasions, he bears himself at once with all the dignity his high office requires and with manliness, sincerity, and goodwill that touch the common heart. He showed these qualities in a marked manner at Tuskegee. The situation was not without its difficulties. He was officially the guest of the institute the name of whose distinguished President has been the rallying point for the bitterest criticism he has received. He addressed an audience of negroes and of whites on negro education, on the relations of the races, and on the thorny subject of lynching, and he did not dodge them, did not beat about them; he discussed them frankly, moderately, but with the utmost plainness, and what he said every intelligent person of either race was compelled to accept as wise, fair, humane, practical, and helpful.

So true is this that we are confident that the appeal he made for the best men of each race to get together and to seek in conference the solution of common difficulties, the avoidance of threatening evils, the promotion of common interests, will bear fruit. In a sense, it is a counsel of perfection. It is not at all easy to carry out, and especially it is not easy in the beginning, but it is the dictate of common sense, and, tendered by one of such authority, official and personal, it is bound to be listened to. It is not a novel counsel. Dr. WASHINGTON has long preached and sought to practice it, and he has been nobly seconded by men of influence and high character in various parts of the South. The President's advocacy of the sound principle will, however, reach thousands who had previously been inattentive, and will, we are sure, do great good.

AN OVERLOADED DIGESTION.

It has been evident from the beginning of the active campaign in this county that The Tribune was finding a good deal of difficulty in swallowing FLAMMER and putting aside the claims of Mr. JEROME. The explanation it made of the sense of duty which prompted it to undertake the painful and repulsive process was not readily intelligible to those who have learned to trust its instincts as to good government in this community. For ourselves, we were early persuaded that though the swallowing might, after a fashion, be accomplished, digestion would be impossible. So it turns out to be. Yesterday morning The Tribune gave up further effort at assimilation, and made the following interesting announcement:

> A week ago we said that if in the brief course of this extraordinary campaign we should become convinced that such a contribution as The Tribune might be able to make to Mr. JEROME'S success would not hinder instead of promoting the infinitely more important work of electing Mr. IVINS Mayor and putting an end to the Tammany government of "graft" we should not hesitate to advise our readers to support Mr. JEROME. That was a perfectly sincere statement of our position. It was fairly entitled to be regarded as a promise.
>
> The danger to the Republican Mayoralty campaign under the unexpected leadership of Mr. IVINS, which in the light of Mr. JEROME'S unjust and intemperate utterances was then obvious and alarming, has passed away. It is no longer to be feared that Republican voters and other inveterate foes of Murphyism will be deceived as to the sincerity, the capacity, and the independence of Mr. IVINS. He has conclusively demonstrated his courage and his fitness. That is a subject on which Mr. JEROME himself seems to have changed his opinion, but even if he has not it is beyond his power to mislead any part of the community. Moreover, as his campaign has developed it has become more and more in a large way an anti-Tammany campaign.
>
> Under these circumstances, because the serious objections to advocating the candidacy of Mr. JEROME have ceased to exist; because he and Mr. IVINS, each in his own way, represent the determination of the honest and loyal people of New York to put "graft" out of business in this city for at least four years, and because if the District Attorney does not succeed himself, Mr. OSBORNE will succeed him—we urge our readers to support Mr. JEROME as earnestly as they are supporting Mr. IVINS.
>
> This is not entirely graceful, but it is conclusive.

MAYOR M'CLELLAN'S STRENGTH.

Tammany is beaten in a Mayoralty election only when the town has been swept by a wave of public indignation against its misrule and its corruptions. The People's Municipal League movement of 1890 failed to elect FRANK SCOTT, the reform candidate running against Mayor GRANT. In 1894 New York had had enough of Tammany, and Fusion elected Mayor STRONG, but in 1897 Tammany was back again with Mayor VAN WYCK. The vices that flourished during his four-years' term, and in particular the "system" of police blackmail, sufficed to rouse the public anger to a pitch that elected SETH LOW Mayor even against a candidate so able, upright, and distinguished as Mr. EDWARD M. SHEPARD. Two years later Tammany's misdeeds had grown dim in the public memory, and the voters of the city, ranging themselves more nearly according to their political affiliations, elected Mr. MCCLELLAN.

Not only is there no general feeling of public resentment against Tammany this year, but there is, on the contrary, an unusual degree of popular confidence in Mayor MCCLELLAN, a feeling that extends far beyond his own party. Anybody can see that this is a condition that inevitably prefigures a Democratic vote much above the normal strength of the Tammany organization. Distrust of Tammany has been allayed by Mayor MCCLELLAN, and his honest, straightforward management of the public business has very much strengthened his party by attracting reinforcements from other parties.

These considerations are commended to thoughtless persons who are troubled by the "Hearst scare." Even if a candidate as able and as much respected, say, as Mr. GRACE, or Mr. HEWITT, or Mr. LOW were running against Mr. MCCLELLAN this year he would have a decidedly uphill fight. But HEARST—oh, no! The community has not got down to that ignoble depth of degradation. That a candidate of his character, antecedents, occupation, and principles, or the want of them, should cut any serious figure at all in a campaign or should receive more than a mere mindless "crank" vote supplies an argument to those who are skeptical about the advantages of popular suffrage. That the chief city in the Western world should cast even as many as 20,000 votes for such a person would be a deep disgrace, were it not for the fact that in so large an electorate there must inevitably be an uncomfortable percentage of voters who either through sheer ignorance, delusion, or viciousness would at any time be attracted to such a candidacy as that of HEARST. But it is well to remember that for the most part the town is sane.

ACTUAL LIFE INSURANCE REFORM.

The testimony of a life insurance actuary on the witness stand possesses about the same degree of popular interest as a lecture on the binomial theorem. Accordingly, when Actuary MCCLINTOCK of the Mutual Life Insurance Company confronts Mr. HUGHES the audience yawns and dozes, pricking up its ears again only when some witness is called to testify to "graft" or other abuse of trust. Yet the testimony and the technical information given by experts like Mr. MCCLINTOCK, void of meaning and interest as they are to the crowd, are of the highest value to the committee of the Legislature. Vital and enduring reform of the life insurance business must be worked out upon a basis of precisely that kind of information. Shall the great companies be allowed to continue their eager hunt for new business; shall the law put a limit to the life insurance written and the amount of assets accumulated by any given company; shall the policy holder be put in the way to receive his dividends yearly, or will the law sanction a continuance of the deferred dividend practice; of the various policies written by life insurance companies which are sound and worthy of sanction, and which should be discontinued—these are questions which the Armstrong Committee, under the resolution, will be expected by the Legislature to answer. The committee's report must present a competent exposition of these technicalities of life insurance in order that the Legislature may with sufficient information enact remedial laws.

The exposure of the waste of policy holders' money and of the illegitimate profits made by its improper use is no less vital to genuine thoroughgoing life insurance reform. These evil and predatory practices must be stopped. The exposure has made it absolutely certain that they will be stopped. Whatever else the Legislature may do it will be compelled by public opinion to provide a system of safeguards and penalties adequate to protect the interests and the funds of holders of life insurance policies. Meanwhile much remains to be done in the technical part of the committee's inquiry. The inquiry into abuses of trust cannot, of course, be suspended so long as there remain undisclosed any large misdoings.

RAILWAY LAW ENOUGH.

A new note was struck yesterday when shippers were indicted in Louisville for obtaining railway rebates in violation of the Inter-State Commerce law. The nine counts contain allegations that the defendants thereby were guilty of causing discrimination between shippers and districts. The proceedings result from recent investigations of grain rates by the Inter-State Commerce Commission.

The obvious comment is better late than never. It is a timely reminder that there exists a law which has been neglected for many years, and that the commission fulfills a useful function in procuring the enforcement of the law. If we are not mistaken, there never has been a conviction of rebating, and it will be remarked that the defendants now are not the railways, although obviously the railways must be guilty if the alleged rebaters are. The crime cannot be committed alone by those accepting rebates. This novel procedure—which should not be novel—serves as a further reminder that the excellence of existing law has not been fairly tested. Not in one instance has the commission employed the right of summary procedure, which the Supreme Court has declared it possesses under the Elkins law. The commission has the right, without formal preliminaries, to initiate proceedings in the Circuit Court for an injunction against exactly such discriminations as are now subject of indictment.

What more could be asked? What remedy against rebates would control of rates afford? Government-made rates may be rebated as well as any other. And if the commission has been too busily engaged to enforce existing laws what would be its dilemma when confronted with the necessity of dealing with the merits of the existing 2,196,536 tariffs, which are altered at the rate of 165,174 annually? Now the commission employes thirty clerks, say one-third of its force, in merely clerical work affecting these tariffs. If the commission is now preoccupied, what would be the result of adding to its duties? An increase of activity within existing fields of usefulness would be very acceptable to those who are neither for nor against the railways but seek the good of the entire community by punishment of those who wrong it by either giving or taking rebates, or otherwise violating the rules of the game, which in this case are the Federal statutes.

COMSTOCK VS. SHAW AGAIN.

We are inclined to think that Mr. COMSTOCK is within his rights in objecting to the production on a New York stage of what is probably the most daring of all the dramatic temerities of Mr. GEORGE BERNARD SHAW. Not that Mr. COMSTOCK is entitled to any credit for his position in the matter. He appears blithely to dismiss the comedy in question as "one of BERNARD SHAW'S filthy products," without the advantage of having read it. But one who has this advantage may assert, with considerable confidence, that the subject matter of the play is not fit for public and promiscuous presentation in New York any more than the official prude decided that it was in London. It follows that when Mr. ARNOLD DALY, gleefully welcoming the uninstructed opposition of Mr. ANTHONY COMSTOCK as an advertisement, invites Mr. COMSTOCK to come and see "a strong sermon and a great moral lesson," he merely expresses a belief that "Mrs. Warren's Profession," with Mr. COMSTOCK'S able assistance, will draw, if it is allowed to be played here, and that the "strong sermon" and the "great moral lesson" are mainly, so far as Mr. ARNOLD DALY is concerned, in Mr. ARNOLD DALY'S eye.

We are far from denying that they are also in the play. If the reading of the book, or the hearing and seeing of the play, could be confined to the Society for the Promotion of Civics, or the Medico-Legal Society, or the Episcopal Diocesan Convention, we have no doubt that those processes would be interesting. We are even inclined to admit that they might be edifying, though what any one of those societies could do about the matter would remain highly problematical. But it is a convention of civilized society, and the convention is founded on fact, that there are social subjects which cannot be discussed in public, for the very reason that the public discussion of them tends to pique the prurient curiosity which the question is of restraining. It is not quite the same question that arose the other day, when Mr. COMSTOCK most properly "pulled" the posters for the "beauty show," which were unquestionably indecent, while the show itself, which may possibly, by some of its projectors, have been conceived as a purely aesthetical occasion, was practically found to attract mainly "lewd fellows of the baser sort." And the same attraction, we think, would be the chief attraction offered by the production here of "Mrs. Warren's Profession." So that, in our judgment, Mr. COMSTOCK has for once interdicted more wisely than he knew.

To say this is not necessarily to quarrel with the impatience of those artists who write in English with the artificial restrictions that prevent them from choosing the most interesting subjects, nor with their envy of the artists who write in French, and who are permitted by their public a much wider range. There are writers in English who do not feel this difficulty. Mr. HENRY JAMES evades it by writing about whatever he chooses to write about, only he writes in such an unknown tongue that comparatively few people ever find it out. It would probably promote Mr. JAMES'S "sales" if Mr. COMSTOCK should "pull" one or two of the more physiological and less popular of his romances. And we have not observed that Mr. SHAW himself finds himself much more restrained in his choice of treatment of subjects than a canary bird in a ten-acre lot with the bars down. At the same time, these impatient artists, or, if they insist upon it, moralists, ought to remember that the saying which assures us that there are some things which are done but not talked about is, after all, of French origin.

MURAL PAINTERS.

Punishing ninety-nine apprentices to the noble art of painting because circumstantial evidence convicts one of smearing pigment on a wall is so drastic a penalty that we must look deeper for the reason. Messrs. MAYNARD, ALEXANDER, EDGAR WARD and WILL H. LOW, the masters of pictorial art in the school of the Academy, could not have acted in anger. This is impossible if they recall the capers they cut when they were students, capers not so stupid and boorish, of course, as the vandalism wreaked on innocent walls, but equally infantile perchance, equally silly and irritating to their elders. It must have been the latent spirit of revolt which they have sought to nip in the bud by suspending the entire male contingent of the painting class.

The wipe that student gave the lavatory wall with a brush full of raw red paint may be regarded as a symbol of Socialism, or indeed of Anarchism. The mere layman and outsider would attribute it to the perverse moment which comes now and then to the best of boys and drives him to commit fool acts on a sudden impulse, for which he can give no reason. Not so the painter who uses colors with a meaning and associates ideas and moods more or less sharply defined with the different sections of a rainbow and their mixtures. If a man employs colors to express recondite feelings such as only a kindred art like music can render, he becomes oblivious to the streaks of idiocy that shoot from time to time through the brain of a boy and attaches a sinister meaning to what is just ordinary everyday cussedness, analogous to the pleasant shock of the nerves when a window is smashed or the other boy gets a rib caved in at football.

We think these masters are in error to lay so much stress on a smear of paint on a wall. Of course a painter like Mr. MAYNARD must feel that the whole American Society of Murals has been attacked in its tenderest susceptibilities. It is not the painting of the wall but the bad painting that infuriates him. Now, if that boy had put one or two other colors above and below and inscribed his impression "Rhapsody in Cramoisie and Silver" he might have been forgiven, because he has illustrious precedent for Whistlerizing that wall. But the young dolt did nothing of the kind.

The escape of the feminine half of the school from the ukase of suspension only shows how true Mr. BORGLUM'S instinct was when out of forty-two angels he made only one a man. Let us blush for our brutal sex.

ARTHUR PUE GORMAN'S campaign choir of white angels burst upon the Democratic mass meeting in Baltimore on Tuesday evening with the following chorus, of which the Maryland negro, threatened with disfranchisement, was the subject and his champion, Senator RAYNER, the object:

I've got a white man working for me;
I'm going to keep him busy, you see.
Don't care about the cost, I'll stand all the loss.
It's worth twice the money to be a boss,
To see the steam popping out of his brow,
I've got him right where I want him now.
Don't you dare to talk back about the white above the black—
I've got a white man working for me.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

Elmira Gets Virtuous.

Elmira has now raised its municipal soul to the cold, pure height attained several months ago by Stamford, and to the man with a vote to sell it severely remarks: "There's nothin' doin'." In other words, its political bosses have come together, discussed the situation created by themselves, and made public announcement to about this effect: "For thirty years we have been deliberately, almost openly, and with perfect impunity, violating the most important laws on the statute book. We are not at all sorry for what we have done, but the game is no longer interesting. As the vote on election day will result about the same when nobody uses money as when both sides spend all they can get, we have determined to leave the free American citizen, for a change, alone with his conscience and his lead pencil, and no longer to confuse his mind by forcing him to make a difficult choice between taking one small bribe or another, or both." Neither Mr. J. SLOAT FASSETT, Chairman of the Republican City Committee, nor Mr. WILLIAM H. LOVELL, ditto of the Democratic ditto ditto, seems to have any realization of the fact that there is an element of the picturesque and the humorous in their publication of a solemn agreement no longer to indulge in the commission of felony. There really is, however, an element of both in it, and the spectacle would be even more joyful if, as they have united on Mr. BROCKWAY for a non-partisan candidate, they should fling to the winds a banner bearing the brave legend: "Anybody who buys a vote shall be paddled." But away with levity! Elmira, if not yet quite all right, is evidently getting on, and even if an appreciable fraction of her citizens do view the coming Winter with an unwonted apprehension as a consequence of this compact, it is still one that must be commended, simply as a first gleam from the dawn of political decency.

Otisville and Its Pride.

How much better it would have been if the people of Otisville, instead of exulting, as reported, over the superior courage which enabled them to brave the dangers of having a sanatorium for consumptives in their neighborhood, had contented themselves with a quiet announcement that they were too sensible and well informed to share the delusion that such establishments are perilous to the health of those living near them. That, now, would have been worth gloating over. For it is a fact beyond intelligent question or discussion that, under the modern treatment of tuberculosis, the closest approach to perfect safety from the disease is to be found in, and the next closest near, the places where its victims are gathered and so often cured. The danger is in the towns that have so stupidly and brutally fought the selection of sites for these sanatoria within their own limits, for there the old notions as to the nature of consumption and the way and degree in which it is infectious still linger—and still slay. So far as we know, however, the Otisvillians are luckier, rather than wiser, than their neighbors. Their opposition happened to be ineffective, and if they want to be proud of that, let 'em. Some day the people who succeeded in the determination to act like particularly ignorant barbarians will learn something about their own true interests as well as about the rudiments of common humanity, and then they will be happy instead of merely thinking they are happy.

QUESTIONS FOR CASSIDY.

Frank Answers to Them Would Indeed Be Interesting.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In this morning's TIMES I read of an attack upon Mr. Hearst by Joseph Cassidy of Queens.

If Cassidy wants to tell the people of Queens anything, let him answer these questions:

How can a man with the salary of $5,000 a year own a racing stable and pay his brother twice $5,000 to run it for him?

How can a man on $5,000 a year have an automobile, a handsome yacht, and trotting horses, the combined price of which would equal more than he ever earned as Borough President?

Tell the people who owns the poolroom at Hunters Point.

Tell the people the per cent. charged on the various contracts and how to bid successfully.

Tell the people of Queens how many dead men, how many men living in other boroughs, and how many men under assumed names are drawing double salaries from the city?

He, Cassidy, says he made Queens what it is to-day. In his speech of acceptance of the nomination, he said that the year previous to his election his opponents, then in power, had received an appropriation of $35,000 with which they had developed seven miles of highways in Queens. When he was in power he received over a million a year and developed thirty miles of highways. The conclusions drawn from these facts are that before Cassidy was elected the people paid an average of $5,000 a mile for improving the highways, but since he was elected it costs the people over $33,000 a mile, a difference of $28,000 a mile. But Cassidy didn't tell us what caused this $28,000 increase per mile.

JAMES McDONALD.

Long Island City, Oct. 24, 1905.

There Are Others.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In his testimony yesterday before the legislative committee Dr. McClintock of the Mutual Life made a statement which seemed to imply that he and Mr. M. M. Dawson are the only actuaries in this country who bear the title of Fellow of the Institute of Actuaries of Great Britain. Now, this is not so, for we have Mr. Robert Henderson, assistant actuary of the Equitable; Mr. Henry Moir, actuary of the Provident Savings; Mr. A. L. Dickinson of Price, Waterhouse & Co., and Mr. W. A. Hutcheson, associate actuary in Dr. McClintock's own office, all of whom have the honor to be Fellows by examination. ACTUARY.

New York, Oct. 25, 1905.

For Government Insurance.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The Federal Government protects our country, our homes, and every individual. It is the warden of our ports, it distributes our mail, it holds supervision over our National banks, it issues bonds for improvements and to meet expenses, and the subjects in turn for these adventures are taxed to defray such expenses.

Why should not the Federal Government issue insurance and get back the benefit of the $2,500,000,000 of assets which originally came from the Government instead of giving it into the hands of unscrupulous individuals? Certainly their surety would be much greater. I would like to know why it is not practical.

New York, Oct. 25, 1905. W. S. H.

Here Are the Figures.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

May I make an estimate regarding the coming election, taking it for granted that the total vote will be about 609,000 as figured out in editorial headed, "The City Vote"?

Mr. Hearst will no doubt be the next Mayor with a majority that will sweep the two political parties off their feet, polling a vote of about 325,000, as almost all the labor vote is in line for Hearst, which will in time be in line for Socialism.

Mr. McClellan and Ivins will have it out for second place, giving them about 284,000 to divide among themselves. This will leave 50,000 to the Socialists, who are making steady gains every year. A WORKINGMAN.

Hoboken, Oct. 25, 1905.

Where Is the British Flag?

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The decorations of bunting at the docks for the new municipal ferryboats are very pretty, and include the flags of France, Germany, Italy, Russia, Holland, and even Turkey, as well as a lot of minor nationalities, but I notice the British flag is conspicuous by its absence. Why? ANGLO-AMERICAN.

New York, Oct. 25, 1905.

To Secretary Shaw?

From The Washington Star.

"When I was a boy," said the rather vain person, "everybody said I was going to be President of the United States."

"Yes," answered the seasoned politician. "Your case simply illustrates my argument that it isn't safe to start a boom too far ahead of election."

ELECT JEROME.

Defeat for Him Would Mean Defeat for the People.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I have received a request to serve as a Jerome watcher. I am very sorry that my work will prevent me from doing so, and that all I can do instead is to give Mr. Jerome my vote and a small contribution toward expenses.

THE TIMES, with its able editorials and correspondence, is doing a great deal for such a just cause, but permit me to respectfully suggest that more can be done. The matter should not be left to the people; it should be put up to them, good and hard, and no one can do it better than THE TIMES. Make the people realize that the Jerome issue is the one great and vital issue to be decided by them at this election; that it is down with bossism now or never; that defeat for Jerome will mean defeat for the people as against added strength for the bosses; that every decent man anxious for decent government must show himself as such by taking the trouble to split his ticket and showing a little independence from the rotten rule of his party. Make them understand that it is a great principle that Jerome is fighting for, and that it is a National as well as a local issue. Make them know the man, so that they won't be misled by irrelevant and side attacks.

If every man votes for Jerome who would like to see him elected, he will be elected by a sweeping majority.

JEROMITE.

New York, Oct. 24, 1905.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

For years the people have complained they could do nothing against the political machine and its boss. The chief ground of this complaint has been that the boss, backed by the machine, controlled the nomination of all candidates for office. The people have cried, and with some truth, that they were powerless against this evil.

That ground of complaint does not now exist. It has been swept away by a man so fearless, so independent, that he scorns to wear the chain of any boss to get a nomination—a man who has such confidence in the people and in his own past record that he stands for re-election unbacked by any party, trusting to the people, and to them alone. This man has done for the people what they admitted they could not do for themselves—he has given them a people's candidate.

Who have nominated Jerome? The people. Who want him elected? The people. To whom does he appeal? The people. Then is he not distinctly the people's candidate?

A man has been found so independent, so big, with such a clean record, that, in spite of all bosses and combinations of bosses, he is able to bring to the people what they have long cried out for, an independent candidate of their own choosing. What they have long wanted and could not get is now offered to them, as it were, on a silver salver. Will they have the manhood to take it? Have they the independence to vote as they wish?

If four-fifths of those who wish Jerome to be elected will vote for him, he will be elected by a large majority.

Then what would Jerome's defeat (should it occur) mean? It would mean that though the people want a thing, and have the right and power to get it, they have not the independence, the sense, or the honesty to vote for it. In other words, Jerome's defeat would mean that we, the people of this great community, are not fit to govern ourselves, that the right to vote is a curse rather than a blessing, a thing that is used by bosses to defeat our interests and wishes, not a thing used by us to gain them.

LORUYS ELTON ROGERS.

New York, Oct. 25, 1905.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Four years ago I voted for Mr. Jerome. His conduct of office as District Attorney since then leaves no other candidate possible to me in the coming election. I wish to do what I can in my humble way to aid his election besides voting for him. If my means permitted I would be pleased to contribute to the campaign fund. ONE VOTE.

New York, Oct. 24, 1905.

SYRIAN BISHOP SAYS

That Base Slanders Have Been Circulated About Him.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I wish to deny through the medium of your paper the base slanders that have been circulated about me from time to time in the last few weeks, going so far recently as to state that I had offered $5,000 for a man's death.

My people understand the motives which actuate the persons making such statements, but it is only right to me that the press should announce to the great American public that all such charges are absolutely false and without foundation, and that I have tried to live a life in accord with the high position which I fill as head of the Syrian Greek-Orthodox Church in America.

BISHOP RAPHAEL HAWAWEENY.

Brooklyn, Oct. 25, 1905.

Thon.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Reference to the Standard Dictionary will show that "thon" is given as Scottish, meaning "yon, that." I remember in my boyhood days, nigh fifty years ago, hearing "thon" regularly used by men who had passed their threescore and ten. This was in Edinburgh, Scotland, where, I fancy, the word must have been used for centuries.

If we Edinburgh boys ever thought of the matter at all we merely considered that it was the Scottish way of saying "yon."

Robert Louis Stevenson makes use of "thon" in this way, and such expressions as "Thon was a grand sermon." "D'ye see thon laverock in the sky?" were common in my young days, not only in Auld Reekie, but in other parts of Scotland. "Thonder" was also in everyday use.

Turning again to the dictionary, it is found that Charles Crozat Converse proposed in 1858 the use of "thon" to save the trouble of saying "he or she" in such sentences as "I shall see the boy and girl, and he or she must tell me what was done." If "thon" was ever used in this way, except by Converse, it would be interesting to know when and where. SANDY.

Brooklyn, Oct. 25, 1905.

Mr. Cortelyou.

From The Springfield Republican.

It will be observed that Postmaster General Cortelyou's expected retirement from the Chairmanship of the Republican National Committee does not come. This is explained on the ground that Mr. Cortelyou does not deem it fair or courteous to retire until the questions raised by the legislative committee that is investigating the New York insurance companies have been in some way disposed of. He is said to be averse to leaving Cornelius N. Bliss of New York, Treasurer of the committee, to face the expected music alone.

Mutualized.

From The Chicago Inter Ocean.

It should not be overlooked at this time that so far as the McCurdys are concerned they have been consistently leading the mutual life.

An Awkward Habit.

From The Washington Post.

"I am in the habit of telling the truth in my speeches," said Gen. Grosvenor; and then the Philadelphia Republicans promptly thanked him for declining the invitation to take the stump for them.

AN INSURANCE HERETIC.

One Policy Holder Who Does Not Think He Has Been Robbed.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I see you are printing quite a lot about the insurance scandal, and I remark that some people are disturbed about it. I am a policy holder in more than one company, but I am not in sympathy with the manner in which the topic is generally treated in the United States. I say in the United States because the foreign comments are more moderate than American even in quarters where this would scarcely be expected. Our German and English cousins, for instance, are not overkind critics, yet such authoritative journals as the Frankfurter Zeitung and The London Standard print criticisms so restrained that no New York journal would deem them fit to print as their own opinions, such is the terrorism of a presumed outraged public opinion. Perhaps you will permit me to say that I do not find opinion outside of American newspapers like that within them. For instance, a savings bank official spoke to me in words something like this: "Hughes's lynching committee has found the accused guilty and is now looking for evidence. Evidence regarding good results, good intentions, good character, is all allunde. What is wanted is something spicy. Some of us who have read the testimony thus far are making up our minds that the victim of the outrage has been hysterical, and that the harm done financially speaking is more by the investigation than by the defendants."

Perhaps you will permit me to state why this seems to me a rational view. Not one authoritative witness has yet assailed the solvency of the companies. When insolvency is sworn to I, too, will join the lynchers. But I remember that my savings bank was wrecked by virtuous and well-meaning lynchers some years ago, and that in liquidation it paid 100 per cent. A concern which pays out 100 per cent. in liquidation ought never to have been attacked. The result is an indictment of the assailants, not of the administration. Just so now, not even the investigation warrants anybody to hint at insolvency. So long as that is so the investigation loses much of its practicality. When I insured myself I bought so much insurance for so much money, and I am getting it—where's my grievance? Also some assurances were made by canvassers which I did not take too seriously. Suppose I am disappointed in these respects, what then? I find myself better off in one company under investigation than in another not under investigation. The latter so far as I know made no campaign contributions, and maintains a moderate salary list. But if the company were able to obtain such results as have been testified to by paying such salaries as are being denounced it would seem to me a good bargain. I am puzzled when I read about my company being looted by thieves who accumulated some hundreds of millions of assets and scores of millions of surplus, and left every dollar in the safe. If I could turn over my private affairs to such a result I would not grudge a liberal administration, official or personal. It is very wrong to bribe legislators, but if my President had to do it or see my interests suffer, I am going to blame the legislative cattle, not my President. If 70,000,000 of Americans, "mostly fools," go crazy about free silver, I am not going to blame, in the coolness of the present, the judgment which paid out a little something at a time when more of us were excited even more than we are now. It was very wrong, and I am glad he did it. So, too, about the surplus which some critics say ought to have been divided and not accumulated as a temptation to extravagance. I am thinking more about existence than extravagance, and were it not for that same surplus I doubt if my company would have been able to survive such a strain as has been thrown upon it, and which may be repeated at any time for another cause. Certainly it would have been necessary to realize investments upon a large scale in bad markets and suffer loss larger than any yet shown.

I may be wrong, but it seems to me that these pilloried men are merely part and parcel of their time. There are bad men among them, and wrong acts have been done, but all in all nothing below an average has been shown. Rather success and probity above an average is testified to. The methods by which excellent financial results were obtained are open to criticism and reform, but they are not essentials. The assets and profits which justify the judgment by which they were accumulated I find—by looking carefully—buried in small type. Something piquant and personal I find played up for all it is worth, and more in my opinion. Never was there such an opportunity to wreak personal and political and financial revenges. A hundred tomahawks are sharpened and fleshed and editors who have no such motives lend themselves to the game. Suppose railways, or banks, or any private business, were subjected to the same strain, how many would fare better? Suppose that no critic spoke except those free from blame of the same sort? I know that to allege or even to prove that all are bad is not to prove that any are good. But when I bought insurance I was not buying anything else, not even virtue. If these men are up to the average I do not think I have any grievance because they are not better. Their results justify to me anything which is merely doubtful in their conduct. I would not condone theft for me any more than theft from me. I do not find either. I merely find the talents intrusted to them returned with increase according to prevalent standards, taking good and bad together. That is warranted according to Biblical standards. It was the servant who merely preserved his talent who was blameworthy in the parable. What seems to me to be demanded is a reform of the community, not a crusade against insurance companies, to which, on the other hand, no especial tenderness is due. I would broaden, not narrow, the crusade. And I would lecture the policy holders as well as the insurance company officers. Why did they promise to pay too much for insurance? Why did they abdicate their rights and powers? Why are they now squealing at the results of their own deficient performance of their functions as electors and constituents of officials dependent upon their votes for their power? This is a good time to emphasize that citizenship is not a joke in a city or a corporation, and that those who do not vote or who vote foolishly have only themselves to blame for the results. There is little to choose between Directors who do not direct and voters who do not vote.

POLICY HOLDER.

New York, Oct. 23, 1905.

AFTER THE BATTLE.

When John emerged from the football game
He was covered with dirt and gore and fame.
His ears were gone—he had no chin—
His mouth was up where his nose had been.
But his mother said when they shipped him back:
"How lucky I look my best in black."

Jack came home without any chin—
His eyes gouged out and his nose bunged in.
"Tut! Tut, my boy," his mother said,
"I won't say a word if the other chap's dead."

A. E. THOMAS.

ANCE HERETIC.

older Who Does Not Has Been Robbed.

The New York Times:
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POLICY HOLDER.
t. 23, 1905.

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A. E. THOMAS.

COMSTOCK WON'T SEE BERNARD SHAW'S PLAY

Although Actor Daly Invites Him (at Box Office Prices.)

UP TO THE POLICE, HE SAYS

He Understands That "Mrs. Warren's Profession" Is Worse Than "Orange Blossoms."

Anthony Comstock, Secretary of the Society for the Suppression of Vice, will not accept Arnold Daly's invitation to attend a rehearsal of the George Bernard Shaw play, "Mrs. Warren's Profession," which is to be put on at the Garrick next week.

"Why should I?" asked Mr. Comstock yesterday afternoon. "It is not my purpose to advertise Mr. Daly or the works of Mr. Shaw. In writing him regarding the play, I desired to impress upon him the fact that there are laws dealing with those who present plays which are in contravention of the morals of the community and offensive to public decency. If, in defiance of the warning, he persists in producing the play and the play proves to be what I am informed it is, then he will have no excuse to offer, and his punishment will be much more severe."

"Have you read the play?" Mr. Comstock was asked.

"I have not. I have received a number of letters bearing upon the proposed production, however, from people who have read the book, and they tell me that it is quite impossible. Mr. Shaw convicts himself out of his own mouth. His description of the character of the play, if I had no other guide, would convince me that it was unfit for presentation."

"Would you mind saying if men of letters wrote you regarding the play?"

"Whether they were men of letters or not is not essential. They are men of morality and decency, which is to the point."

"If you do not attend a rehearsal of the play, will you be among the first-nighters?"

Up to the Police.

"The society did its full duty when it wrote the letter of warning to Mr. Daly. If the play is put on it is up to the police, and I have not the slightest doubt that Mr. McAdoo will take the proper steps. I am perfectly aware that the trend of the stage is toward the indecent. I know that if a manager would advertise that on a certain day there would be a beautiful girl on exhibition in his theatre in the nude, the theatre would be packed. It is perfectly proper to exhibit the nude in a clinic, but it is not permissible in public. The exhibition in the clinic serves a useful end. Mr. Daly cannot justify himself by saying that the play is a strong sermon. The question of motive does not enter into the proposition. When a man puts on an indecent, corrupting play, the law says that he is supposed to have intended to corrupt the public morals. Some years ago a show entitled 'Orange Blossoms' was given. The man who put it on was convicted, sentenced, and his sentence was confirmed on appeal."

"Would you put 'Mrs. Warren's Profession' in the same class with 'Orange Blossoms'?"

"From what I have been told of 'Mrs. Warren's Profession' it is by far the more reprehensible."

In the "Orange Blossoms" case referred to by Mr. Comstock the decision of the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court, in affirming the decision of the lower court, read:

> It is well settled that whatever outrages public decency and is injurious to public morals is indictable. * * * The question in all these cases must be: "What is the impression produced upon the mind by perusing or observing the writing or picture referred to in the indictment?" It remains but to consider briefly two positions taken on behalf of the defendant. The first is that public decency was not offended because the actress who played the part of the bride exposed but little of her person; second, that the suggestiveness of the exhibition was connected with lawful marriage, not illicit relations.
>
> As to the first proposition, we need only say that the test to which reference is made embraces every picture which tends to deprave and corrupt the morals of those whose minds are open to such influences, and that in applying this test regard is always had to the idea conveyed.
>
> Such a performance as that under consideration is really more dangerous to public morals than any mere vulgar exhibition of nudity. The latter may arouse impure thoughts, but it is more apt to excite disgust. The greater danger lies in an appeal to the imagination, and when the suggestion is immoral the more that is left to imagination the more subtle and seductive the influence.
>
> The appellant's second proposition is somewhat startling. Its logic would suggest an advance into even grosser domain than that of suggestiveness. According to this view, no public display of any form of marital intimacy could be held to be indecent. The proposition is preposterous. The picture is indecent and licentious because it is painted upon a clean canvas. The aim here is not to honor, but to degrade marriage, and the defendant's guilt is enhanced, not diminished, by his utilization of its sacred confidence to serve his criminal purpose.

This is the reply which Mr. Comstock sent Mr. Daly, when the invitation to attend a rehearsal reached him:

"Society for the Suppression of Vice,
"New York, Oct. 24, 1905.

"Mr. Arnold Daly,
"Garrick Theatre,

"Sir: Yours of Oct. 21 is received. I wrote you, giving you the opinion and decision of the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court in and for this District, in order that you might be fully advised of rule governing indecent shows and exhibitions. The laws of this State are under the police power of this State, enacted in the interest of public morals. Their decision is in full accord with the common law decisions of England and the United States, to wit:

"'Every show and exhibition which outrages decency, shocks humanity, or is, contra bonas mores, is punishable at common law.'—Knowles vs. State, 3 days R. 103. 'What tends to corrupt society was held to be a breach of the peace and punishable by indictment.'—2 Archibald Cr. Pr. and Pl. 218, and Queen vs. Hichlin, 9a. & Eng. L. R. (q. B.) 'All acts and conduct calculated to corrupt public morals or to outrage the sense of public decency are indictable.'—Williams vs. State, 4 mo. 480. Says the Supreme Court of the United States: 'The suppression of nuisances injurious to public health and morality is among the most important duties of government.'—Phalen vs. State of Virginia, 8 Howard, U. S. 168, S. C.

"I wrote you upon the receipt of a letter through the mails containing the following: 'I see by this morning's paper that Mr. Arnold Daly intends to put on Bernard Shaw's "Mrs. Warren's Profession." Where one says that she discusses her "profession," and gives reason for its being, defending herself, when she tries to make her daughter see the reason of this, enough ought to be said to make you wipe this out as a moral cancer.'

"But furthermore, the disgusting thing is continued; the woman (Mrs. Warren) does not know who her daughter's father was—he may have been the clergyman in the play—he may have been the ruffian who is the partner in her horrible business,' &c.

"The writer then adds: 'A year ago women were ashamed to admit they had read it, and now it is to be put on a place of public entertainment. It was hounded off even the stage of the Independent Theatre in London.'

"This, and Mr. Shaw's own description of the character of this play, and the public denunciation of the public press of this particular matter, led me to address you as I did.

"In adjudicating these matters before the court, neither the motive, interest, nor opinion of the person who is responsible for the display of any matter prohibited by law, counts. That has been settled by the Supreme Court and the Court of Appeals, over and over again, in this State.

"If the tendency of your play is to corrupt the minds of the young and inexperienced, or to suggest lewd and libidinous thoughts, then it is forbidden by law, and comes within the decision which I sent you the other night. I leave the matter in your hands, calling especial attention to the law, and decisions of the courts of this State. Respectfully yours,
"ANTHONY COMSTOCK,
"Secretary."

Daly to Comstock.

Mr. Daly was busy rehearsing when the letter came. Immediately after the rehearsal he prepared and forwarded this answer:

Mr. Anthony Comstock, Secretary of the Society for the Suppression of Vice:

My Dear Mr. Comstock: I have written you once explaining the play of "Mrs. Warren's Profession," its purport, purpose, and its moral. I am too busy a man to go further into the question with you at present. Your quoting laws to me is useless, as I intend to break none. You are free to come on Monday night at box office prices to get the true message of the play if you are capable of receiving it.

Truly yours, ARNOLD DALY.

"Send the letter at once," said Mr. Daly to his stenographer. Then he remarked that he had meant to have a great deal to say in reply to Mr. Comstock, but really hadn't time.

"I have been rehearsing all day," said Mr. Daly, "and another rehearsal is due now. I know that I could show Mr. Comstock the error of his ways if there was opportunity for me to answer him adequately.

"Why has he not taken exception to such plays as 'Camille' and 'Raffles'? In the old days they burned women as witches because they were old or beautiful—the only two things they ought to be. The world has learned sense since, but it doesn't seem that Mr. Comstock has. I will say, however, that several modern plays I could name, which have a high-wayman for a hero or a courtsan for a heroine, do not seem to have excited him to any undue extent.

"The difference between 'Camille' and 'Mrs. Warren's Profession' is this: If a girl sees 'Camille' she says of the courtesan: 'How grand, how noble. I want to be like Camille.' If she sees 'Mrs. Warren's Profession' she finds Mrs. Warren, and the type which Mrs. Warren represents, repellant.

"Such plays as 'Raffles' and 'Camille' do positive harm. Of my own knowledge I can testify to one misguided young man who tried to emulate Raffles and drew twenty-five years in the penitentiary. Who can say how many girls have been harmed by seeing 'Camille'?

"As I said in my letter, I haven't got time to talk to Mr. Comstock. I am heart and soul in the work of adequately producing 'Mrs. Warren's Profession,' and I do not feel that I need any Comstockian advertising. He is altogether impossible."

"MARSE" SYDNEY SCORES.

He Runs an Educational Campaign with Novel Features.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 25.—"Marse Sydney" Mudd has again demonstrated his ability to rise superior to obstacles that would daunt a lesser man.

Over in Maryland, where a campaign fully as hot as those in New York, Philadelphia, and Ohio is raging, the Democrats have designed a trick ballot. This ballot is designed to disfranchise the unlettered black voters.

The Democrats originally abolished all party emblems and printed on the ballot only the party names. "Marse Sydney" and his Republican associates met this by teaching the illiterate to recognize the letters "Rep." The Democrats countered by bringing into existence a third party with the name "Repudiation Party" so as to confuse the black voter when he groped around on his ballot for the familiar letters.

The Republicans, instigated by "Marse" Sydney, taught the faithful to recognize names such as "Sydney" and "Mudd." In the last campaign the Democrats met this by nominating a man named Sydney for one office and a man named Mudd for another. For lesser offices they named men who had names similar to those of the Republican candidates.

This year "Marse" Sydney has the Democrats beaten to a standstill in this duel of wits. He waited till the last minute and then made up his county ticket of names that absolutely could not be duplicated and then opened night schools to teach the negroes to recognize them. For months prior to the convention he had men searching the district for men with unusual names.

"It's the first time in history," said a Maryland man to-night, recuperating in Washington from the labors of the campaign, "that a man's qualification for office has been his name. But 'Marse' Sydney has certainly got 'em skinned. His ticket is made up of men with names like Zephaniah U. Updegroff, Paraphernalia X. Porphyry, and Pisistratus Y. Eczema. I won't swear to these names, but they're pretty close to the real thing."

"JACK" DISOWNS GIRL'S LOVE.

McAleenan, Pawnbroker's Son, Only Acquainted with Suicide, Miss Caley.

The "Jack" referred to in the notes and letters of Mary Jeanette Caley, the Aberdeen Hotel suicide of Tuesday afternoon, appears to be John McAleenan, son of Henry McAleenan, who owns several pawnshops in Broadway and Sixth Avenue. McAleenan lives with his parents at 18 East Ninety-fourth Street, is a member of the New York Athletic Club, and is familiarly called "Jack." He issued the following statement yesterday afternoon:

"I met Miss Caley last November. We were introduced by mutual friends. Our relations were simply those of acquaintances. Since last June we have met on but three occasions. I know of no reason—not being intimate enough with the young woman—why she took the step she did."

Coroner Scholer at present does not feel justified in attempting to force McAleenan to answer any questions about the case.

It was said yesterday at the Aberdeen Hotel that four hours before Miss Caley shot herself a telephone message came from "Jack," saying: "Am sorry I can't come." The message was given her when she came in a little later.

WASHINGTON STATUE SQUINTS

Boston Tourist at Capital Discovers Freak—Trouble Is Cured.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 25.—The celebrated statue of George Washington on the Capitol esplanade has become cross-eyed. The case of strabismus has caused consternation for several days among the usual Autumn tourists. It was one of these who first directed the attention of the Capitol police to the phenomenon. She was from Boston.

"Can you inform me," she asked Detective Weber, "what authority the sculptor of this statue had for his theory that Washington squinted?"

Weber looked at the statue in astonishment. Washington looked back at him with majestic but cross-eyed benignity.

Investigation showed that a small piece of stone above the eye had been broken off in a storm and lodged between the eye and the upper part of the nose.

CLASSICS ON EAST SIDE.

Nicholas Murray Butler Commends Plan for Shakesperean Performances.

The Educational Alliance is in receipt of a letter from Nicholas Murray Butler, President of Columbia University, commending the plan for a series of Shakespearean performances on the east side. President Butler writes as follows:

"I am most happy to learn from your letter of the 18th that the Social Settlements of New York City, under the leadership of the Educational Alliance, have united in a project to present a series of Shakespearean performances on the east side, and to this end have secured the services of Mr. Ben Greet and his company of English players.

"I cannot imagine any form of dramatic representation more truly educational than these performances by Mr. Greet's company of the great Shakespearean dramas. I wish for the undertaking all possible success, and should be glad to co-operate to that end by such means as lie in my power."

EQUITABLE RECEIPTS JUMP $2,000,000

Current Expenses In the Last Nine Months Cut $414,000.

MOST OF THE GAIN RECENT

The Expenses for the Third Quarter $809,913 Lower—Receipts in Premiums Heavier.

Figures from President Morton's reports for the third quarter of the current year and for the last nine months were made public at yesterday's meeting of the Equitable Life Assurance Society's Directors. The report shows that in the last nine months the receipts were $55,772,000, an increase of about $2,000,000 over those for the corresponding period last year. Current expenses meanwhile were held down so as to show a gain of about $414,000 to the society.

The current expenses for the third quarter were $2,711,052, a decrease of $809,913 from the figures for 1903. The receipts in premiums in the last nine months pass the figures for 1903 by $66,000.

At the meeting Sir William C. Van Horne resigned as a Director, and later was renominated to succeed himself, together with J. D. Kernan and William C. Redfield, to fill existing vacancies. These nominations will be acted upon at the November meeting.

The Controller submitted the following information respecting the society's real estate loans, covering a period of ten years and eight months prior to Oct. 1, 1905:

Cash loans made Jan. 1, 1895, to Oct. 1, 1905, $117,820,500.

Of this amount five cases were foreclosed at a book cost of $422,047.70, and were sold for $434,014.10, showing a profit of $11,966.40.

Purchase money mortgages on property sold by the society, made from Jan. 1, 1895, to Oct. 1, 1905, amounted to $5,176,725.

Of this amount one case was foreclosed at a book cost of $2,577.44, and sold for $1,250, showing a loss of $1,327.44.

Six cases foreclosed—all disposed of—sold at a profit of $10,638.06 over book cost.

Interest due all paid to date, except one loan.

Taxes and assessments, 1904, all paid except 10 cases out of 1,183. The bond and mortgage principal on Jan. 1, 1895, was $26,161,882.33, and on Oct. 1, 1905, was $85,990,060.00, showing a gain of $59,838,177.67 for the ten years.

These figures were made public from the President's reports for the third quarter of 1904 and 1905:

RECEIPTS.	1904.	1905.
Premiums	$14,146,772.28	$13,130,359.33
Interest	2,760,253.39	2,972,317.97
Rents	399,289.20	462,115.40
Profit and loss, cr...	.....	396,345.14
	$17,306,314.87	$16,973,037.84
DISBURSEMENTS.		
Current expenses	$3,550,965.48	$2,711,052.48
Paid to policy holders	8,292,961.04	9,194,931.36
Dividend on stock	3,500.00	3,500.00
Profit and loss, dr	502,823.76	.....
	$11,904,535.40	$11,909,483.84

For nine months the showing was:

RECEIPTS.	1904.	1905.
Premiums	$43,060,187.34	$43,116,416.97
Interest	9,375,443.83	10,414,697.34
Rents	1,293,011.08	1,359,542.62
Profit and loss, cr...	.....	881,519.10
	$53,718,642.25	$55,772,176.03
DISBURSEMENTS.		
Current expenses	$10,183,713.67	$9,768,743.19
Paid to policy holders	26,857,866.77	29,273,235.02
Dividend on stock	7,000.00	7,000.00
Profit and loss, dr	502,923.76	.....
	$37,551,504.20	$39,048,979.11

COUNT NOT A WIFE-SEEKER.

Denies Report That He Comes to Marry Mrs. Goelet.

ComteArmand de Gontaut Biron, who, it had been said, was coming here to marry Mrs. Ogden Goelet, arrived on the White Star liner Oceanic yesterday. He promptly denied the report in these words:

"I am not engaged to Mrs. Goelet, and the stories published are untrue."

Pressed further, he added:

"No, I don't even expect to become engaged."

Henry Arthur Jones, the playwright, was another passenger on the ship. He said that he had merely come over for the trip. He added that one of his plays would be produced in New York next year. W. P. Clyde, one of the owners of the Clyde Steamship Company, also arrived on the Oceanic.

HE WHO'S HURT AND RUNS

Away May Fool the Doctor Some Other Day.

Policeman John Smith found a middle-aged man screaming at Madison Avenue and Thirtieth Street last evening. Two policemen supported him to the Tenderloin Station, where he said he was Charles Kingston, a bricklayer.

Kingston groaned at every step. At one time he said he had been mortally injured, he thought; at another he declared that rheumatism would kill him yet.

Dr. Burroughs rushed up from the New York Hospital, saw that nothing whatever was the matter with Kingston, and gravely said:

"Well, Mr. Kingston, there's nothing to do but take off this right leg."

"Take it off?" screamed the bricklayer. "I guess not."

He ran out of the station before any one could lay hands upon him.

WHAT IS DOING IN SOCIETY.

On Saturday, Nov. 4, Mr. and Mrs. Grant Barney Schley, Sr., will give a hunt breakfast at Froh Heim Farm, their country place at Far Hills, N. J. One hundred and twenty-five persons are expected.

Mr. and Mrs. Herbert S. Carpenter will give a dinner at Delmonico's on Nov. 6 for their daughter, Miss Cora Carpenter, and the attendants at her marriage to Mr. Legg on Nov. 15. They will give a dinner followed by dancing on Nov. 4, at Sherry's.

Bryce Metcalf, whose marriage to Miss Susie Brown is set for the near future, will give his bachelor dinner at Delmonico's on Saturday evening. S. W. Jackson and George Klotz will also give their farewell dinners.

On Nov. 6 Richmond Levering will give his bachelor dinner at Delmonico's.

Thacher Adams, Jr., whose marriage to Miss Edith A. Jackson is set for Nov. 11, will give his bachelor dinner at the University Club on Saturday. His best man is to be John D. Adams, and his ushers Frederick Schlieffelin, Henry Brevoort Kane, Guy McLane, Robert C. Thomas, John F. Talmage, Thomas L. Clark, and George C. Greenleaf.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas F. Walsh and Miss Evelyn Walsh have arrived in Washington and will remain at the Shoreham two weeks before starting West.

Miss Matilde Townsend and her mother, Mrs. Mary Scott Townsend, of Washington, are booked to sail for this country on Nov. 18. After Miss Townsend's recovery from a severe attack of appendicitis she and her mother went to Europe for the Summer.

Miss Helen Varick Boswell will give a reception to-day at the Hotel Astor. She has been visiting in town, having come on from Washington. With Miss Margaret Astor Chanler she was a guest of honor on Tuesday at the Women's Club luncheon at Delmonico's.

Mrs. N. A. Barney and her daughter, Miss Natalie Barney of Washington are to return the end of this month from Europe. They have been abroad a year and a half, spending most of the time in France and Persia. Miss Laura Barney is to remain in Paris until Spring.

Miss Lota Robinson is to spend the Winter with her aunt, Mrs. Charles Poe, in Washington.

Tuxedo will be very gay the rest of the week. Last night Mr. and Mrs. Harry S. Redmond gave a dinner of fifty covers at their cottage. This evening there will be the tableaux or living pictures at the clubhouse, and to-morrow evening will be the annual Autumn ball.

TOLD OF SHERIDAN'S RIDE.

The Letter Brought $24.50—"New Yorkers of Last Century."

Interesting autograph letters were sold at auction by the Merwin-Clayton Company, in East Twentieth Street, yesterday. Among them was a five-page quarto letter describing Gen. Sheridan's famous ride and defeat of Gen. Early at Winchester. The writer of the letter, Gen. Oliver Edwards, was under Sheridan at Winchester. "His presence alone," he says, "was worth many thousands of men." The letter sold for $24.50.

Other items sold as follows:

A four-page folio, dated 1567, containing a list of petitions and proposals which were submitted each day to Charles IX. of France for his consideration, opposite to each item notes in his handwriting disposing of them and at the end his signature in full, $8.50.

Letter of Horace Greeley to members of the Union League Club, 13 pages, octavo, privately printed, his famous defense of his action in going bail for Jefferson Davis, with letters of Greeley, John Jay, John Bell, Jefferson Davis, W. P. Fessenden, and Gen. Robert E. Lee inserted, $15.

Thirty-nine letters signed, the catalogue says, by "distinguished citizens of the last century," including Edward Lauterbach, Morgan J. O'Brien, S. V. White, John D. Crimmins, Asa Bird Gardiner, Elbridge T. Gerry, and Howard Gould, sold for 1 cent each.

STAG FROM A DUKE HERE.

A Rare Tashkend, the Gift of Bedford, Arrives in New York.

The steamship Minneapolis of the Atlantic Transport Line, which arrived on Monday from London, brought over in her cattle pens a valuable ducal gift for the New York Zoological Park. This gift is a fine young Tashkend stag, presented to the park by the Duke of Bedford.

The Duke, who is President of the London Zoological Society, is also an honorary member of the New York society. He has more than once personally and by letter expressed to Director W. T. Hornaday his interest in the American collection. The Bedford parks at Woburn, forty miles northwest of London, contain the finest collection of hoofed animals in the world, and the Duke has proved a valuable friend to many public gardens in England and on the Continent.

"This Tashkend," said Director Hornaday yesterday, "is a rare and valuable species found to the southeast of the Caspian Sea. With our European red deer, our Maral deer from the Caucasus, our Altai wapiti from Northern Mongolia, and our American wapiti, this Tashkend completes our collection of wapiti."

ENGAGES ILKA PALMAY.

Mr. Conried Will Give Her Comedy Part in "Fruhlingsluft."

Ilka Palmay, a German soubrette of much reputation abroad, has signed a contract with Heinrich Conried to play the comedienne rôle in "Frühlingsluft" when Lina Abarbanell retires from the cast to sing in "Hansel und Gretel" at the Metropolitan Opera House.

Miss Palmay has recently been playing at the Karl Theatre, Vienna. For some reason she left that theatre, and came to this country about two weeks ago.

IRVING'S SON A MANAGER.

Produces a Play in London—Most Cordially Received.

LONDON, Oct. 25.—Henry B. Irving, son of the late Sir Henry Irving, joined the ranks of the actor-managers to-night at the Waldorf Theatre. He produced a drama of military life adapted from Franz Beyerlein's well-known German play, "Der Zapfenstreich," and entitled "Lights Out."

Mr. Irving obtained a most cordial reception, which, although it was to some extent a manifestation of public sympathy owing to his recent bereavement, was genuinely won by the fine quality of his acting. The star was well supported by a good all-around company, which included Eva Moore, Charles Fulton, and Henry V. Esmond.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

The leading theatrical managers of this city are arranging to give a testimonial performance for the widow of William A. McConnell, manager and theatrical writer, who died a fortnight ago. Daniel Frohman will act as Chairman, while the benefit will take place at the Lew Fields Theatre, tendered by Mr. Fields and Oscar Hammerstein for the occasion.

A full rehearsal of the new scenic equipment built this Summer for the coming season of grand opera was held yesterday afternoon at the Metropolitan Opera House. Among the new sets shown were two interiors to be used in "The Queen of Sheba." These are an Egyptian palace and a temple. In both scenes 400 persons will be on the stage at the same time.

Alice Neilsen's first New York appearance is definitely announced for a special matinee performance to be given at the new Casino on Friday, Nov. 10, when she will be seen as Norina in Donizetti's "Don Pasquale."

It was a day of presentations yesterday at Proctor's 125th Street Theatre. The patrons of the house gave to the principals of the stock company—Jessie Bonstelle, Beatrice Morgan, and William J. Kelley—a silver loving cup, a ring, and a diamond stud and scarf pin respectively. After the performance a reception was held on the stage.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 25.—The southwest storm has moved since Tuesday night from Oklahoma to Northeast Alabama, and the rain area has extended throughout the Atlantic States, except New England and Eastern Florida. Temperatures have fallen considerably from the lake region eastward, but have risen decidedly in the Dakotas and Nebraska.

The storm will continue its eastward movement during Thursday, causing rain, followed by clearing weather by Thursday night.

Winds along the New England Coast will be fresh north to northeast, probably brisk over southern portion; on the Middle Atlantic Coast, north to northeast and increasing; on the South Atlantic Coast, brisk south to southwest, shifting to west and northwest, and probably becoming higher; on the Gulf Coast, fresh northwest to north, becoming variable Friday; on the lower lakes, fresh, possibly brisk northeast; on the upper lakes, fresh to brisk east to south, probably becoming high on Superior.

Steamships departing Thursday for European ports will have fresh to brisk north to northeast winds, with rain south of the forty-second parallel.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY AND FRIDAY.

Eastern New York—Fair in north and west, clearing and colder in southeast portion Thursday. Friday, fair, warmer; brisk north to northeast winds, becoming southeast Friday.

New Jersey—Rain Thursday, followed by clearing and colder. Friday, fair, warmer; brisk north winds, becoming variable Friday.

New England—Fair Thursday, except probably rain in extreme south portion. Friday, fair, warmer; fresh north to east winds, possibly brisk in extreme south portion.

Eastern Pennsylvania—Fair in north, clearing in south portion Thursday; fresh to brisk north winds. Friday, fair, warmer.

Western New York—Fair Thursday. Friday, fair, warmer; fresh northeast to east winds becoming south and brisk Friday.

Western Pennsylvania—Generally fair Thursday. Friday, fair, warmer; fresh to brisk northeast winds, becoming south and brisk Friday.

Delaware—Rain Thursday morning, followed by clearing and colder. Friday, fair, warmer, possibly brisk north winds, becoming variable Friday.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1904.	1905.		1904.	1905.
3 A. M.	48	50	4 P. M.	53	53
6 A. M.	48	51	6 P. M.	51	52
9 A. M.	51	53	9 P. M.	57	49
12 M.	60	55	12 P. M.	60	45

This thermometer is 108 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 50; for the corresponding date last year it was 56; average on the corresponding date for the last twenty-five years, 50.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 52; at 8 P. M. it was 50. Maximum temperature, 55 degrees at 12 noon; minimum, 45 degrees at 11 P. M. Humidity, 51 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 87 per cent. at 8 P. M.

POMMERY "Sec" AND "Brut"
THE STANDARD FOR CHAMPAGNE QUALITY.

THE man who orders Pommery is a good man to entrust your dinner order to. He is an epicure.

NEW PUBLICATIONS. | NEW PUBLICATIONS.

A NOVEL OF MODERN NEWSPAPER LIFE.

A Yellow Journalist

BY MIRIAM MICHELSON.

The new book by the author of "In the Bishop's Carriage."

D. APPLETON & COMPANY, PUBLISHERS, NEW YORK

BY-LAWS SET ASIDE TO AID ARMY ORPHAN

Lieut. Clayton's Son Put on the School Ship St. Mary's.

FATHER SLAIN BY FILIPINOS

Board of Education Dismisses a Teacher Who Disobeyed Rules "Just to Devil" Her Principal.

Hidden away in the mass of technical matter that occupied the attention of the Board of Education yesterday afternoon was a story of the brave struggles of four children made orphans by the recent troubles in the Philippines. The story was brought to light by the application of the eldest son for a berth on the schoolship St. Mary's. As he is under age the board had to suspend its by-laws to grant the application.

Gen. Wingate, who was a friend of Lieut. Clayton, the boy's father, presented the case.

"Gentlemen," he said, "several years ago during the native uprisings in the Philippines, Lieut. Walter Clayton was shot. His death left his family practically dependent, the Government pension being inadequate for their needs. The two girls were taken under the wing of the Ladies' Relief Association, and I was appointed guardian of the boys. They are too young to be self-supporting, as yet, but they have struggled along bravely. Walter, who is 15 years old, wishes to join the St. Mary's. He is a year under age, but his case is a worthy one. I trust you will see fit to set aside the by-laws and grant him his appointment."

The board granted the request unanimously. Although Walter has been officially assigned to the St. Mary's, it is doubtful if he will graduate from that ship. Immediately after his appointment a committee of five was appointed to take up the matter of procuring a new vessel. The old schoolship has been in active service for nearly sixty-five years. Although still stanch and seaworthy the ship does not meet the requirements of a modern nautical school. There has been some talk of acquiring the cruiser Hartford to take the place of the St. Mary's. The Hartford has steam, electrical, and other modern appliances. It is now in the Atlantic Training Squadron.

Other matters acted upon by the board yesterday were the dismissal of Miss Mayce E. Earle, a teacher in Public School No 62, in Queens, after trial on charges of insubordination and neglect of duty; the framing of an amendment to a by-law forbidding janitors to hire helpers under 18 years old, and the adoption of resolutions advocating the expenditure of $200,000 for sites for athletic fields.

Miss Earle, the teacher who was dismissed, has been tried three times for "insubordination and neglect of duty." Asked why she continually disobeyed the orders of her Principal, Cyrus Smith, she replied that she just did it "to devil Mr. Smith."

SHE'D HEARD OF DOOLEY.

Old Woman Would Not Risk Going to Theatre at Night.

An old woman went up to the box office of the New Amsterdam Theatre yesterday afternoon, where Lulu Glaser in "Miss Dolly Dollars" is playing, and asked for a seat for a matinée.

"But we don't have a matinée on Wednesday," answered Gilbert Gordon, the Treasurer. "You had better come around Saturday."

"But I can't come then," was the answer.

"Then how about the evening performances. Perhaps you can arrange for that," suggested Mr. Gordon.

"Oh, I wouldn't dare come then," quickly answered the old woman with agitation. "The policeman says that ladies who are out after 11 alone will get arrested, and I don't want to get arrested."

Capt. Dooley's curfew arrests had ceased since Sunday night, when Commissioner McAdoo visited the station and made a speech to the men, but she evidently did not know this.

AVERTING COTTON STRIKE.

Fall River Manufacturers and Employes Pave Way for Compromise.

FALL RIVER, Oct. 25.—At the very moment when a strike of more than 25,000 textile operatives employed in seventy-five mills in this city seemed a certainty the situation was suddenly cleared by the action of the Manufacturers' Association.

A committee representing the manufacturers held a conference late this afternoon with a committee from the Textile Council. The manufacturers urged that the unions take no action on the matter of a strike before next Monday night. This request was made, it is explained, in order that the manufacturers and the operatives might hold further conferences.

Accordingly, at to-night's meetings of the unions four of five organizations—the Weavers', the Spinners', the Carders', and the Loom Fixers' Unions—voted unanimously to postpone strike action.

It is now believed in union circles that there will be no strike.

STOCK TRANSFER TAX ARGUED

The Court Asks Why Attorney General Was Not Represented.

The case brought by Albert J. Walsh to test the constitutionality of the stock transfer tax law was argued yesterday in the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court. John G. Milburn and ex-Judge John F. Dillon represented Walsh, and Assistant District Attorney Sandford appeared for the people.

At the conclusion of the argument Presiding Justice O'Brien asked:

"In view of the very great importance of this case, can you inform me why the office of the Attorney General was not represented?"

Mr. Milburn replied that he had written to the Attorney General informing him that the case had been put down for Oct. 25.

"I still have the letter which the Attorney General sent to me," said Mr. Milburn. "He merely thanked me for informing him, and said that he had decided not to be represented."

Decision was reserved.

Masons Bury Jerry Simpson.

WICHITA, Kan., Oct. 25.—With Masonic rites, the body of ex-Congressman Jerry Simpson was laid to rest to-day in Maple Grove Cemetery. Services were held in Scottish Rite Temple, the full Masonic ritual being performed. The address was delivered by Congressman Victor Murdock. Several hundred persons attended the services.

DEATH LIST OF A DAY.

Edward Adams Treat.

Edward Adams Treat died on Tuesday morning at his residence, 153 West Eighty-seventh Street, this city. Mr. Treat was a member of the firm of Treat, Converse & Co., dry goods commission merchants. He was born in Westfield, Mass. He was a member of the Merchants', the Union League, and the Republican Clubs, the Chamber of Commerce, the Pennsylvania and New England Societies, and a Trustee of the Rutgers Riverside Presbyterian Church. He leaves a widow, two sons, and a brother, Frederick H. Treat of Philadelphia. The funeral will be held at the church, Broadway and Seventy-third Street, to-morrow afternoon at 2 o'clock.

Obituary Notes.

CHARLES T. SEARLE, an American dentist, died of typhoid fever in St. Petersburg yesterday. He went there from California.

RUFUS T. ROBINSON dropped dead of heart disease yesterday at Chateaugay, N. Y. He was the head of the wholesale crockery house of R. T. Robinson & Son of Ogdensburg, and was widely known in Northern New York.

HENRY S. STORRS, General Superintendent of the Lake Shore and Michigan Southern Railway, died at Cleveland yesterday of paralysis, aged 57 years. Mr. Storrs started his railway career with the Burlington system as a switchman.

K. K. BROWN, formerly State Printer of Ohio, and Immigration Commissioner at Honolulu, died at Stockton, Cal., on Tuesday night. Mr. Brown was Secretary of the Republican State Committee under Foster and Foraker. He was 66 years old, and was a friend of William McKinley and Senator Dick.

H. J. BROWN, who was the operator for the De Forest wireless telegraph system on board the steamship Haimun, which was equipped for The London Times and THE NEW YORK TIMES in the Japanese-Russian war, was found dead in bed at Barrow, England, on Monday. At the time ago Mr. Brown was sent to England to superintend the erection of the De Forest station for the English syndicate. His widow lives in this city, and his body will be brought here.

Capt. JOHN E. WHITE, who died yesterday in Worcester, Mass., was born in Boston in 1843. He was a member of the Loyal Legion. Early in 1861 Mr. White entered the service as Lieutenant of the Wightman Rifles of Boston, which afterward became a part of the Ninety-ninth New York Volunteers. After the Federal defe

THE NEW YORK TIMES invites information from its readers in aid of its efforts to exclude from its columns fraudulent and objectionable advertisements. All information will be treated confidentially.

Advertisements for THE NEW YORK TIMES may be left at or telephoned to the following offices: Main, Times Square, (Subway Station in building.) 1003—25th; Harlem, (56 Morningside.) 120 West 125th Street; Downtown, (2025 John.) 8 Spruce Street, near Nassau Street; Wall Street, (6311 Broad.) 20 Broad Street, or any advertising office.

LOST AND FOUND.
10c. a line; 3t., 24c.; 7t., 42c.; 7 words to line.

LOST.
At automobile races, Saturday, October 14,
DIAMOND STAR;
liberal reward.
No questions asked.
S. H. P. PELL, 43 Exchange Place, N. Y.
Tel. 4791 Broad.

LOST—A diamond crescent pin, Saturday, Oct. 21, in the Academy of Music or between there and 103d St. and Amsterdam Av.; Subway and cars used; liberal reward for same or pawn ticket; no questions asked. G. H. Boyce, 154 West 93d St.

LOST—On Wednesday, Oct. 18, between Herald Square and 5th Av. and 40th St., gold chain, with lorgnette attached; finder will be liberally rewarded by returning same or pawn ticket to Room 70, Astor Court, 20 West 34th St.

LOST.—12:25 noon train Lackawanna South Orange local, fob, plain gold buckle and bell-shaped gold and cameo seal. If returned Room 705, 18 Broadway, New York, reward paid.

LOST.—Between 91st Subway and 294 West 92d, a pear-shaped turquois pin with diamond setting; liberal reward; no questions asked. Write J. E. Taylor, 50 Broadway, N. Y.

LOST.—Black hand bag, containing papers, gilt mirror and powder box, handkerchiefs, &c.; lost either in Erie Railroad car or in hansom. Reward of $20 if returned to 9 East 12th St.

LOST.—Russian wolf hound puppy, with collar and leash attached; black and white. Return private stable, 149 West 89th; suitable reward.

LOST.—$25 reward for return of fox terrier, white body, brown head; 1904 license No. 4,944. Derricks, 402 West 153d St. 'Phone 3407 Morningside.

LOST—Bowknot diamond pin Saturday night on Columbus Av., near 59th St.; liberal reward if returned to Lambert, 402 West 57th St.

LOST.—White English bull terrier, named Rodney; license 6,085. Please return to 15 West 91st St. and receive reward.

LOST.—On Oct. 24, 1905, about 3:15 P. M., a package of papers; reward. George W. Weill, 320 Broadway.

LOST.—Fox terrier; three black spots; license 7,283; no questions; reward. 316 West 85th St.

LOST.—A silver purse; finder is welcome to the money if purse is returned to 139 West 93d St.

LOST.—Gold ring, 83d St. Subway station, Monday; reward. Return 140 East 34th St.

REWARD.—Sealskin boa, between Amsterdam Av., Broadway, on 120th; reward. 1,230 Amsterdam Av.

$10 REWARD, no questions asked, for return of golden skye female, six months old; disappeared Oct. 6 from 150 West 97th St.

BOARDERS WANTED.
10c. a line; 3t., 24c.; 7t., 42c.; 7 words to line.

147TH ST., 213 WEST.—Large and small rooms; very clean; excellent table board; terms moderate.

147TH ST., 324 WEST.—Elegant rooms, suitable for two or more; excellent board; reasonable.

21ST ST., 17, 19, 21 WEST, The Savage, Near 5th Av.—Desirable rooms for gentlemen and families; parlor dining room; separate tables; table guests; transients accommodated; telephone; references.

23D ST., 39 EAST.—Desirable large rooms and hall rooms, with board; references.

54TH ST., 45 EAST, Near Madison Av.—Fine second floor suite, with board; private bath and dining room; steam heated rooms for gentlemen; table guests accommodated; references.

58TH ST., 30 EAST.—Attractive large room; dressing room, second floor; also sunny fourth floor room; parlor dining; permanent only; reference.

71D, 172 EAST.—Room, excellent table; suitable gentlemen or couple; also table board; references.

82D ST., 55 WEST.—Desirable floor, large sunny communicating rooms, with private bath; rooms for gentlemen; table board; references exchanged.

86TH ST., 114 WEST.—Boarders wanted in handsomely furnished private house; high class in every respect; gentlemen preferred; references.

92D ST., 50 WEST.—Sunny room for two; moderate price; table boarders; parlor dining; references.

91D ST., 163 WEST.—Medium-size room, sunny, for young couple, gentlemen; select home; reasonable.

101 WAVERLEY PLACE, corner Washington Square North.—Beautiful furnished steam heated rooms, single or en suite; superior table; homelike surroundings; references.

103D ST., 111 WEST.—Three large rooms; accommodate three young men; Japanese preferred; private. Boyd.

115D ST., 205 WEST.—Large room in private house; suitable two; hot and cold running water, closet; excellent table; telephone.

A.—Elegantly furnished apartment, private bath; with or without meals, including meals two, $25 weekly, one $15. Alabama, 15 East 11th St.

MADISON AV., 187, Near 34th St.—Clean rooms; perfect cooking; dainty service.

MADISON AV., 115, Near 30th St.—Large and small rooms; first-class table; telephone.

MADISON AV., 673, 694, 696, (61st St.)—Double and single rooms; high-class board.

TWO REFINED GENTLEMEN may obtain exceptional home in small private family, apartment; telephone; Subway, elevated; terms $9. Epicure, Box 327 Times, Times Square.

Brooklyn.

RENSEN ST., 151, Brooklyn.—Two large sunny rooms; small room; first-class board; gentlemen only.

SOUTH ELLIOTT PLACE, 50.—Large sunny room, all conveniences; also hall room; excellent table.

New Jersey.

83 FREMONT ST., BLOOMFIELD, N. J.—Pleasant rooms, with board; good location; convenient and reasonable for permanent. Tel. 1210.

FURNISHED ROOMS.
10c. a line; 3t., 24c.; 7t., 42c.; 7 words to line.

19TH, 16 WEST.—Pleasant sunny furnished rooms; hot and cold water; every convenience.

20TH, 33 WEST.—Parlor floor, singly or en suite; private business family or friends sharing apartments; private baths, toilet; telephone; reference.

24TH ST., 119 EAST.—Clean house, attractive room; tiled bathroom, shower bath; gentlemen; references.

35TH ST., 11 WEST.—Two well furnished single rooms; best of service; telephone.

37TH ST., 29 WEST.—Very desirable large and small rooms; bath adjoining; all conveniences; references.

37TH ST., 56 WEST.—For gentlemen, desirable rooms, southern exposure, in refined, well-kept house.

39TH, 48 WEST.—Single, double rooms, with baths; bachelor; physician's office; breakfast; telephone; references.

41ST, 4 EAST.—Desirable large room, private bath; small room bath adjoining; exclusively bachelors.

43D ST., 13 EAST, Opposite Hotel Manhattan.—Very desirable front room, with private bath; telephone.

45TH, 139 EAST.—Private, high-class house; will let hall bedroom; southern exposure; scrupulously clean; gentlemen only; references.

45TH ST., 16 EAST.—Attractive parlor and bedroom, with private bath; high-class house; breakfast optional; telephone; references.

45TH, 133 WEST.—Parlor floor to let, three rooms deep; running water; small rooms.

46TH ST., 41 WEST.—Two nicely furnished rooms and bath; will divide; gentlemen only; reference.

46TH ST., 159 EAST.—Large and small rooms; running water; bath.

49TH ST., 21 EAST.—Connecting rooms, with bath; single rooms for gentlemen; reference.

51ST ST., 231 WEST.—Back parlor, hall room; nicely furnished and well heated; select neighborhood.

61D ST., 308 WEST.—Large, small, for couple or two gentlemen; also large front parlor.

65TH ST., 40 WEST.—Large, comfortably furnished front room; also hall room. Moore.

70TH ST., 307 WEST.—Elegantly furnished second floor front; also back parlor suitable for two; select; reference; moderate.

73TH ST., 201 WEST.—Attractive, cheerful rooms; homelike surroundings; elevator apartment; moderate.

74TH, 259 WEST.—Beautifully furnished room, facing Broadway; board; home cooking; reasonable. Venable.

83D ST., 29 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms, running water; baths adjoining; private house; references.

86TH ST., 272 EAST.—Nice room, well heated, in private house, for gentleman; reference.

FURNISHED ROOMS.
10c. a line; 3t., 24c.; 7t., 42c.; 7 words to line.

87TH, 209 WEST.—Light, heated rooms, furnished or unfurnished; near Subway; references. Baxter.

93D ST., 165 WEST.—Desirable sunny room, suitable for two; all improvements; homelike table; references.

93D ST., 115 WEST.—Front parlor, suitable for doctor; private house; telephone.

94TH ST., 172 WEST.—Desirable furnished room, with bath; ample closet room; moderate; private family.

96TH, 121 WEST.—Two connecting clean, sunny rooms; private family; reasonable; references required. Vanderhoff.

98TH ST., 20 WEST.—Light room; neatly furnished; use of kitchen. (Bell 7.)

103D ST., 11 WEST.—To party gentleman; adjoining rooms; parlor, alcove; telephone; piano; steam. Blair.

103D ST., 132 WEST.—Front, back room; closets; housekeeping; running water; private house; all trains.

104TH ST., 216 WEST.—Comfortably furnished, heated rooms; single or en suite; moderate; private. Bennett.

105TH ST., 7d WEST.—Large front room, suitable two; all conveniences; private house; L station.

115TH ST., 420 WEST.—Comfortable rooms; delightful air; view Hudson; steam heat; elevator; Subway. Haynes.

129TH ST., 232 WEST.—Comfortably furnished rooms.

140TH ST., 524 WEST.—Double, single rooms; breakfast optional; private house; elegant location; references necessary.

142D ST., 216 WEST.—Comfortably heated room reasonable to refined gentleman. Caswell.

A.—Elegantly furnished apartment, private bath; with or without meals, including meals two, $25 weekly, one $15. Alabama, 15 East 11th St.

GRAMERCY PARK, 22-23.—Parlors, conveniences; large room; private bath; the latter gentleman only.

LENOX AV., 426, Near 131st.—Large, well-furnished second story room; private house; telephone.

LEXINGTON AV., 669.—Large and small newly furnished rooms, running water, bath, heated.

MADISON AV., 1,004.—Suite of two handsome sunny rooms and bath, comprising entire floor; furnished, $900 yearly; unfurnished, $640; references exchanged.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 351, Apartment 55.—Handsome furnished rooms; all improvements; large, small; use kitchen.

UPPER WEST SIDE.—One or two well furnished rooms; strictly private house; gentlemen only; references exchanged. A. B., Box 314 Times, Times Square.

Brooklyn.

COLUMBIA HEIGHTS, 161.—Exceptional opportunity for gentlemen; suite of two bedrooms and Turkish sitting room; river view; convenient to ferries; 15 minutes to City Hall, N. Y.

MONTAGUE TERRACE, 3.—One block from Wall St. Ferry; elegantly furnished large and small rooms for gentlemen; convenient to New York.

GATES AV., 300, Near Bedford.—Large and small rooms; running water; heated; breakfast if desired; convenient to all cars.

RENSEN ST., 166, (Brooklyn.)—Single room and a large double sunny room.

ST. JAMES PLACE, 258, Brooklyn.—Large sunny room; references.

UNFURNISHED ROOMS WANTED.
10c. a line; 3t., 24c.; 7t., 42c.; 7 words to line.

By two Christian ladies, three rooms, private house, housekeeping; references. Brewster, 1,152 Third Av.

COUNTRY BOARD.

A Winter Home at Orange.
Steam heat in chambers; open fire in drawing room; light and sunshine in every room; comfort, cleanliness, and good cuisine; at No. 9 North Arlington Av., East Orange; terms reasonable.

First-class accommodations for Winter; large house with all conveniences, well heated, beautifully situated, overlooking the Hudson; large veranda and grounds; moderate. Old Rush Mansion, Cliffside, New Jersey.

Lady owning beautiful home desires an and wife or two gentlemen; references. Inquire 215 West 22d St.

PIANOS AND ORGANS.

WATERS PIANOS

Don't fail to see and hear the old reliable Waters Pianos, now shown in new, improved styles and offered at very attractive prices and terms.

Also the new Chester Piano—"the best low-priced piano in the world."

$190

on payments of only

$5 Per Month,

without interest. Stool, cover, tuning and delivery free.

HORACE WATERS & CO.
Three Stores:
134 Fifth Ave., near 18th St.
127 West 42d St., near Broadway.
Harlem Branch (Open Evenings).
254 West 125th St., near 8th Ave.

MATHUSHEK & SON PIANOS
Ninth Season. Due to Our Famous
Patent Duplex Sounding Board.
Splendid Stock Used Pianos. Factory Prices.
OUR SMALL PIANOS FOR SMALL ROOMS
Prove Highly Satisfying. Choice Rents; Low Rates.
Mathushek & Son, B'way & 47th St.
BRANCHES AT 607 BROAD ST., NEWARK;
ALSO 77 MONTGOMERY ST., JERSEY CITY.

PEASE PIANOS
128 WEST 42D ST., NEAR B'WAY, N. Y.
(Brooklyn Branch, 667 Fulton St.)
For 61 years a standard of durability. Manufacturer's prices, monthly payments; used pianos of celebrated makes from $100 up. Renting, exchanging. Write for catalog.

RENTING PIANOS Do not rent a poor Piano. A fine tone makes a refined ear. 100 SMALL PIANOS of fine tone to select from. Some at $3 month. Many bargains in used Pianos.
JAMES & HOLMSTROM, 23 E. 14th ST.

WISSNER
Pianos Sold at Manufacturers' Prices.
Used uprights taken in part payment.
$90 $100 $125
WAREROOMS: 25 East 14th St., New York. Brooklyn, 888-840 Fulton Street.

STURZ PIANOS.
Sold on Easy Terms Direct from FACTORY WAREROOMS, 142 to 148 LIVINGSTON AVE. 134th St., Block East of 3d Ave.

$100 A splendid improved Mahogany Upright, fine tone, elegant case. Rents unusually low. Cartage free by the quarter. Instalments, $5.
BIDDLE'S, 7 EAST 14TH STREET.

$3 $4, $5 Pianos to rent. Special offerings in slightly used pianos this week on attractive payment plan.
JACOB DOLL & SONS, 92 5th Av., near 14th.

RELIABLE CONNOR PIANOS
sale and rent; easy terms. Catalogues mailed free. Frederic Connor, Manfr., 4 East 42d St.

$110 New 6 Months Used. BARGAINS: Fisher, Steinway, Chickering, Somer. Almost New Upright $135
CONNOR, 4 and 6 West 125th St.

A magnificent upright piano, as good as new, cost $500 new, must be sold at once; stored. G. Schleicher, 9 West 14th St.

Chickering upright, $150; fine tone; excellent condition; a bargain. Pease, 128 West 42d St.

PIANOS TO RENT, $3 UPWARD.
WISSNER, 25 EAST 14TH ST.

Small upright piano, $40; good for beginner; easy payments. Wissner, 25 East 14th St.

Piano-Player; latest model; like new; fit any piano; $160. Pease, 128 West 42d St.

Want Taller Army Officers.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 25.—The Board of Visitors of the Military Academy, in its report to the Secretary of War, recommends that greater limitations be placed upon admission to the academy, and suggests that the minimum height of the cadet necessary for admission to the academy be increased.

NEWSDEALERS TELL OF TAMMANY GRAFT

Driven from Stands When Politicians Wanted Them.

THE TALE OF A FLASHLIGHT

"Hands Up," Said a Hearst Photographer, and Picture Shows Men Seemingly Cheering Madly.

Grievances against Tammany methods of graft brought 200 newsdealers together last night at Union Square Hall, and for two hours they discussed them. It was a sort of "experience" meeting, those who had been injured most being given the preference.

After President Stratton of the Newsdealers and Stationers' National organization had made a speech, in which he declared Hearst, if elected, would be a second Roosevelt and would right the wrongs now endured by the newsdealers under the McClellan administration, two photographers pushed their way through the crowd. All except newsdealers and reporters had been told to leave before.

The photographers rigged up their paraphernalia. The tray for the flashlight powder held a handful of the stuff. One of the operators had caused the newsdealers to spread out like a fan, though it wasn't possible to spread much.

"Now put up your hands—there, that's right; now keep 'em up. Hey, you, put up your dukes as though you took an interest in the meetin'."

All shot their right or left hands high above their head.

Then the assistant pulled the trigger. "Blame it!" said the photographer. Everybody laughed. Once more the tray was primed. "Click." "——!" muttered the photographer this time. For the third time the powder was spread thick. A man who viewed the proceedings with disgust said:

"Don't hold up your hands—don't let these guys lead you around like a lot of sheep!" But his voice was drowned.

On the third try there was a flash and the picture was taken. The camera was hustled away, the precious plate to appear later labeled "Newsdealers cheering Hearst at their meeting."

Mrs. Filly, who up to a short time ago operated a newsstand at 149th Street and Third Avenue, was invited to give her experience. Her son was sent forward to speak for her. He told in detail how he and his mother had run the stand for a long time; how it had paid $1.75 a working day from 6 A. M. to 12 P. M.

He had been forced to give up the stand—couldn't pay the bonus asked by the Tammany powers in the district. He had been forced into the street with a makeshift stand. The police drove him away.

Mr. Proppe told his experiences. He had paid $950 for the good will of a stand in the Thirty-fourth District on 125th Street. A short time ago he was notified that when his license expired it would not be renewed. Having built up a good business he determined to resist if he could. Going to Leader Cowan, he said, Cowan declared "Tom Lloyd wanted the stand," and Lloyd's wish was law; that he (Cowan) could not help it. Lloyd must have the stand.

Proppe said he had to quit, and when he tried to do business with papers under his arm he was assaulted and finally told by the police he must keep off the street. He tried to maintain his position, but was finally driven away.

Others told of their troubles in a similar vein.

A. Hillman-Russin, Secretary of the National Association, spoke of the newsdealer driven from Franklin Street and West Broadway. He declared that a committee went to see Mayor McClellan about it, and the Mayor had said, snapping his fingers:

"Fix up in the district, fix up in the district." As the newsstand man had no money, he said there was no "fixing up in the district."

All speakers urged that an amendment be passed to the law taking from an Alderman the power to issue certificates to the Bureau of Licenses, which certificates, when signed, resulted in the issuing of a license.

Y. M. C. A. SCHOOL GARAGE.

Dave H. Morris Will Deliver Opening Lecture Next Week.

Dave Hennen Morris, President of the Automobile Club of America, will deliver the opening lecture next Wednesday night to the members of the automobile school of the West Side Young Men's Christian Association. Mr. Morris will speak about the growing popularity of the automobile and the necessity for careful and experienced chauffeurs. The Young Men's Christian Association school, as the result of the two sessions held last year, has graduated eighty experienced drivers of cars, and one of these men is now employed by Miss Helen Gould.

"We are constantly receiving requests for good men who understand not only the driving of cars, but how to take care of them and what to do in an emergency," said Harrison S. Colburn, the educational director of the West Side Branch. "In our two sessions last year nearly 300 men were enrolled, but a large majority were owners of machines who did not care to take the chauffeur's examination. This year we have a somewhat larger proportion of men who intend to secure positions. Many of them are employed in garages as mechanics or assistant chauffeurs. A rigid examination in road work and all the mechanical details of an automobile is held at the close of each session and a high percentage is required to obtain a chauffeur's certificate."

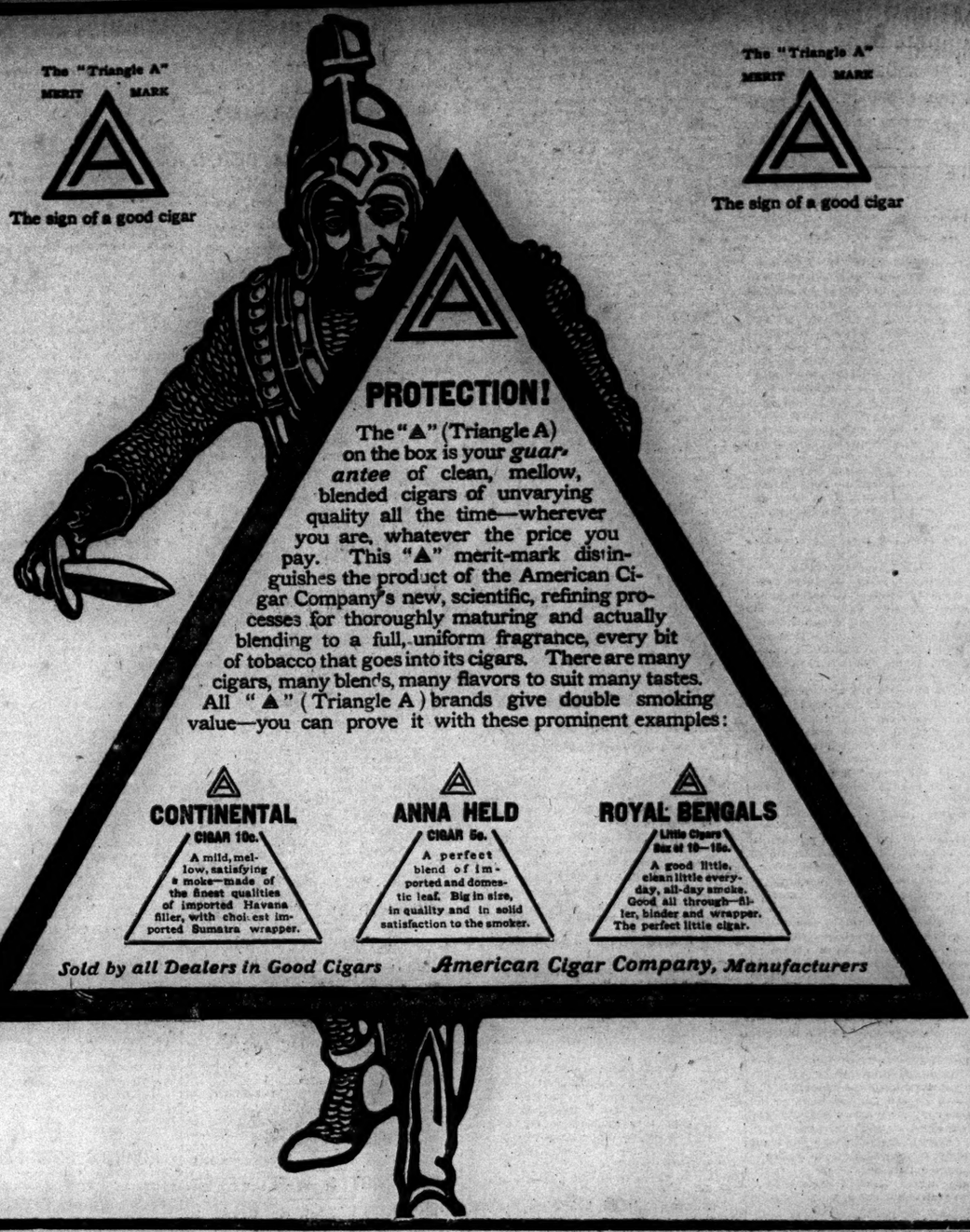
So successful was the school last year that late in the Spring a garage was rented on Broadway and Sixty-third Street. This has been fully equipped this season. Ten cars of different makes are stored there, and the students are instructed in the peculiarities of each machine. The Automobile Club of America, which took an active interest in the establishment of the school last year, still acts in an advisory capacity. Besides Mr. Morris, Winthrop E. Scarritt and Albert R. Shattuck, both ex-Presidents of the club, will lecture to the members later in the season. Jefferson Seligman, one of the Governors of the club, has given two automobiles to the school, both gasoline cars of different makes. Other cars are furnished from time to time by private owners and manufacturers.

Clarence Bowne Brokaw remains as Principal of the school this season. Four sessions will be held, double the number of last year. Each session lasts about three months. The cost is $40, including road instruction, garage work, and lectures. The lectures are held every Wednesday night in the large hall of the West Side Branch, in Fifty-seventh Street, between Eighth and Ninth Avenues. The garage time is arranged to meet the convenience of pupils in morning and evening sessions. The number of cars in the garage permits the dividing of the men into a number of groups which move in rotation from one to another, instruction being confined to one car at each lesson. Half a dozen instructors assist Mr. Brokaw in the technical work.

The practical results of the Young Men's Christian Association school in this city have led the educational departments of many other associations throughout the country to establish automobile departments. Mr. Colburn recently explained the methods adopted here to the managers of the Washington and Syracuse associations, and plans have been made to start schools in both of those places. In Boston, Hartford, Providence, Springfield, Indianapolis, Los Angeles, Buffalo, Cleveland, and New Haven schools conducted by the respective Young Men's Christian Associations are now in session, and in nearly every case the applications for membership have been larger than could be cared for.

The experienced chauffeur never finds any difficulty in obtaining a satisfactory position. He will command from $20 to $25 a week at the start, and it is nothing unusual for a chauffeur to receive $200 a month. The demand for good motor car drivers is greater than the supply. The day of the ignorant driver has passed. Owners of machines realize that it is cheaper to hire a capable man at a good salary than one who has but a smattering of automobile technicalities and whose lack of knowledge will probably cost the owner more to keep his car in repair than he saves in the chauffeur's salary.

The "Triangle A" MERIT MARK
The sign of a good cigar



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The "▲" (Triangle A) on the box is your *guarantee* of clean, mellow, blended cigars of unvarying quality all the time—wherever you are, whatever the price you pay. This "▲" merit-mark distinguishes the product of the American Cigar Company's new, scientific, refining processes for thoroughly maturing and actually blending to a full, uniform fragrance, every bit of tobacco that goes into its cigars. There are many cigars, many blends, many flavors to suit many tastes. All "▲" (Triangle A) brands give double smoking value—you can prove it with these prominent examples:

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A mild, mellow, satisfying smoke—made of the finest qualities of imported Havana filler, with choicest imported Sumatra wrapper.

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A perfect blend of imported and domestic leaf. Big in size, in quality and in solid satisfaction to the smoker.

ROYAL BENGALS Little Cigars Box of 10—15c.
A good little, clean little every-day, all-day smoke. Good all through—filler, binder and wrapper. The perfect little cigar.

Sold by all Dealers in Good Cigars — American Cigar Company, Manufacturers

TRUCK OWNERS CALL IN AID.

National Executive Committee Here to Fight for the Closed Shop.

The situation caused by the strike of the truck drivers for the closed shop in the stables of Thomas Orr was regarded as so serious that the National Team Owners' Association of America was called on to take the matter up yesterday. The National Executive Committee arrived in this city yesterday, accompanied by National President Henry C. Knight, and had a conference over the strike at the association's headquarters, 206 Broadway. It was decided to assist in every way possible all association employers who might be called upon to fight the closed shop.

The New York Team Owners' Association at a special meeting which lasted from Tuesday night into yesterday morning prepared a statement to the public defending the truck owners' stand against a closed shop. The walking delegate, it is stated, had proved an intolerable nuisance. He invaded the stables and caused trouble if a delinquent member of the union was not made to pay his dues or discharged.

The association, the statement declared, was willing to confer with any individual or organization as to rules fair to both sides, but would not discriminate between union and non-union men.

No new strikes were ordered yesterday, but there were many clashes between the new men and the strikers or their sympathizers. Charles Hunter, a walking delegate, was arrested and held by Magistrate Mayo on the charges of felonious assault and carrying concealed weapons. Frank Shay, driver of a truck leased to Orr, was the complainant.

ENTICED HERE, HEYMAN SAYS.

Asks That Service in Divorce Action Be Set Aside.

Counsel for Gerson R. Heyman applied to Justice Stover in the Supreme Court yesterday to set aside the service of a summons and complaint in a divorce suit brought by Heyman's wife, Ethel Klopfer Heyman. Decision was reserved.

Heyman, whose father is a Philadelphia tobacco merchant, alleges that he was enticed from Philadelphia into the jurisdiction of the court on Oct. 4 on a pretext that his wife would meet him and adjust their differences. He also declares that the service on him was improper. After waiting in a downtown office for some time, he declares, J. Hilborn, who had been a guest at the Heymans' wedding reception at Delmonico's on Dec. 30 last, pushed the summons to him. It fell to the floor, he declares, and he refused to pick it up.

Mrs. Heyman is the daughter of Benno Klopfer of the Stock Exchange. She is living with him at 162 West Seventy-second Street.

ARRIVAL OF BUYERS.

Atkinson, E. E., Minneapolis, Minn.; dry goods; Herald Square Hotel.
Arbuthnot, Stephenson & Co., Pittsburg, Penn.; J. F. Morgan, linens; 95 Franklin Street; Hotel Navarre.
Bell Brothers, Olean, N. Y.; G. L. Bell, dry goods; Hotel Imperial.
Baer, D., & Son, Baltimore, Md.; I. Baer, dry goods; Herald Square Hotel.
Brown, Durrell & Co., Boston, Mass.; F. S. Adams, ribbons; 19 West Nineteenth Street; Hotel Astor.
Brown, Thompson & Co., Hartford, Conn.; William Calkins, cloaks and suits; 2 Walker Street.
Barr, William, Dry Goods Company, St. Louis, Mo.; E. H. Wade, housefurnishing goods; 621 Broadway; Hotel Woodward.
Cumberland Dry Goods and Notion Company, Cumberland, Md.; J. S. McCauley, notions, hosiery, gloves, and furnishing goods; Hotel Imperial.
Cutting, S. H., Boston, Mass.; piece goods; Hotel Imperial.
Crandall & Brooks, Elmira, N. Y.; G. B. Brook, notions, laces, and leather goods; C. R. Converse, jewelry; Hotel Albert.
Drewry-Hughes Company, Richmond, Va.; J. H. Estes, notions; 58 Leonard Street; St. Denis Hotel.
Dives, Pomeroy & Stewart, Reading, Penn.; D. C. Dreese, cloths and boys' clothing; 2 Walker Street.
Flaxman Notion Company, Houston, Texas; T. Flaxman, notions, hosiery, and furnishing goods; 61 Leonard Street; Hotel Imperial.
"Fashion," Philadelphia, Penn.; M. Herschfeld, cloaks and suits; Belvedere House.
Field, Schlick & Co., St. Paul, Minn.; J. A. Stevenson, dress goods; 21 Union Square; Hotel Woodward.
Faulkner, E. T., Company, Richmond, Va.; W. E. Barrett, notions, furnishing goods, and millinery; Hotel Astor.
Fraser, R., Utica, N. Y.; A. H. Cavanagh, cloaks and suits; Hotel Navarre.
Gimbel Brothers, Philadelphia, Penn.; J. Matthews, linens; Mrs. H. M. Quirk, suits and skirts; 377 Broadway; Hotel Navarre.
Guttman, Laws & Co., Baltimore, Md.; L. K. Gutman, silks; 79 Grand Street; Hoffman House.
Guttman, Joel, & Co., Baltimore, Md.; A. R. Dyott, dry goods; 79 Grand Street; Hotel Albert.
Hibben, J. H., Dry Goods Company, Cincinnati, Ohio; Laws, woolens; 377 Broadway; Hotel Imperial.
Hilliman's, Chicago, Ill.; B. Dougherty, furnishing goods; 458 Broadway; Hotel Navarre.
Hecht Brothers, Baltimore, Md.; F. Klein, clothing; Hotel Astor.
Hovey, E., & Co., Boston, Mass.; S. Johnson, silks; 29 Green Street; Hotel Cadillac.
Kennedy & MacInnes, Pittsfield, Mass.; D. C. MacInnes, domestics; 320 Church Street; Hotel Normandie.
Krisch, H., Company, Cattletsburg, Ky.; W. L. Andrews, dry goods; Herald Square Hotel.
Kreusaon Dry Goods Company, Bradford, Penn.; G. Worthman, furnishing goods; L. J. Kreuson, dry goods; Hoffman House.
Lorsch, George, & Brother, Pittsburg, Penn.; G. B. Lorsch, cloaks, ladies' and infants' wear; Hotel Astor.
McGrath, E., & Co., Providence, R. I.; E. McGrath, cloaks and suits; Hotel Normandie.
Milliner, J. R., Company, Lynchburg, Va.; J. R. Milliner, corpets and house furnishing goods; 295 Broadway; St. Denis Hotel.
Marks Brothers, Philadelphia, Penn.; Miss Short, ladies' wear; Victoria Hotel.
McWhirr, R. A., Company, Fall River, Mass.; R. I. Thompson, notions and furnishing goods; 75 Spring Street; Hotel Imperial.
Newcomb, Endicott & Co., Detroit, Mich.; G. T. Moody, dress goods and silks; 341 Broadway.
Oppenheim, Oberndorf & Co., Baltimore, Md.; J. Oberndorf, piece goods; Hotel Navarre.
Pitts-kimball Company, Boston, Mass.; G. W. Little, upholstery goods; Hotel Navarre.
Palace Clothing Company, Minneapolis, Minn.; J. F. Byrne, furnishing goods; Hoffman House.
Porteous & Mitchell, Norwich, Conn.; J. Bennett, carpets; 57 White Street.
Quackenbush, G. S., & Co., Troy, N. Y.; W. W. Loomis, waists, hosiery, gloves, lining, and prints; Hotel Walcott.
Rindskoff, J. C., Schenectady, N. Y.; dry goods; Hotel Breslin.
Rosenbaum & Co., Pittsburg, Penn.; G. C. Solomon, dry goods; Hoffman House.
Rochester Dry Goods Company, Rochester, N. Y.; E. Schantz, dry goods; Victoria Hotel.
Rich, M. & Brothers Company, Atlanta, Ga.; J. B. Fallooz, linens; 415 Broadway; Victoria Hotel.
Summerfield, J., & Co., Memphis, Penn.; J. Summerfield, millinery; Hotel Imperial.
Sibley, Lindsay & Curr Company, Rochester, N. Y.; W. P. Briggs, china; 454 Broome Street; Hotel Normandie.
Sinclair, Rooney & Co., Buffalo, N. Y.; E. A. Rooney, millinery; Herald Square Hotel.
Solomon, K. & C., Pittsburg, Penn.; M. K. Solomon, clothing; 13 Astor Place; Hotel Breslin.
Shepard Company, Providence, R. I.; J. F. Duggan, millinery; 31 Union Square; Hotel Breslin.
Siegel, H., & Co., Boston, Mass.; Miss B. Horgan, muslin underwear and infants' wear; Hotel Breslin.
Shepard-Norwell Company, Boston, Mass.; T. Stewart, notions, leather goods, and dress trimmings; 31 Union Square; Herald Square Hotel.
Sheahan, Dean & Co., Elmira, N. Y.; P. H. Allerton, cloaks and suits; 320 Church Street; Hotel Marlborough.
Thomas, C. U., & Co.; Boston, Mass.; G. Ferrell, prints and wash goods; Hotel Wolcott.
Taft, A., & Co., Parkersburg, West Va.; R. V. Taft, cloaks and carpets; 45 Lispenard Street; Victoria Hotel.
Weil, E., & Co., San Francisco, Cal.; A. D. Sangster, cloths and dress goods; 43 Leonard Street; Herald Square Hotel.
Wallace, J., & Son, Stroudsburg, Penn.; C. D. Wallace, dry goods; Hotel Breslin.
Wyckoff, A. B., Stroudsburg, Penn.; dry goods; Hotel Breslin.
Woods, W. J., & Co., Worcester, Mass.; W. J. Woods, clothing; Hotel Breslin.
Wanamaker, John, Philadelphia, Penn.; J. F. Collins, housefurnishing goods; Broadway and Tenth Street; Westminster Hotel.
Woodward & Lothrop, Washington, D. C.; F. E. Kibbey, cloaks and suits; J. M. Bussil, domestics and dress goods; 438 Broadway; Hotel Cumberland.
Woodward & Lothrop, Washington, D. C.; Mrs. F. Evans, ladies' and infants' wear and corsets; 438 Broadway; Park Avenue Hotel.
Zinn, W. H., Company, Lafayette, Ind.; G. B. Beadle, notions and millinery; Hotel Normandie.

THE CHILDREN ENJOY

Life out of doors and out of the games which they play and the enjoyment which they receive and the efforts which they make comes the greater part of that healthful development which is so essential to their happiness when grown. When a laxative is needed the remedy which is given to them to cleanse and sweeten and strengthen the internal organs on which it acts should be such as physicians would sanction, because its component parts are known to be wholesome and the remedy itself free from every objectionable quality. The one remedy which physicians and parents, well-informed, approve and recommend and which the little ones enjoy, because of its pleasant flavor, its gentle action and its beneficial effects, is—Syrup of Figs—and for the same reason it is the only laxative which should be used by fathers and mothers.

Syrup of Figs is the only remedy which acts gently, pleasantly and naturally without griping, irritating, or nauseating and which cleanses the system effectually, without producing that constipated habit which results from the use of the old-time cathartics and modern imitations, and against which the children should be so carefully guarded. If you would have them grow to manhood and womanhood, strong, healthy and happy, do not give them medicines, when medicines are not needed, and when nature needs assistance in the way of a laxative, give them only the simple, pleasant and gentle—Syrup of Figs.

Its quality is due not only to the excellence of the combination of the laxative principles of plants with pleasant aromatic syrups and juices, but also to our original method of manufacture and as you value the health of the little ones, do not accept any of the substitutes which unscrupulous dealers sometimes offer to increase their profits. Please to remember, the full name of the Company—CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.—is printed on the front of every package. In order to get its beneficial effects it is always necessary to buy the genuine only. For sale by all reliable druggists.

SENSATIONAL FINISHES IN MORRIS PARK CHASES

Lipton, Capt. Hayes, and Kumshaw Heads Apart.

JUSTICE TURNS SOMERSAULT

Horse Falls at Stone Wall, but Neither He Nor Jockey Is Seriously Injured.

The second day of the steeplechase meeting at Morris Park, held by the United Hunts Racing Association, provided an afternoon's sport that was full of incident, ranging all the way from many spectacular falls at the various stiff jumps to a sensational heads-apart finish for three horses in the two-mile flat race, with which the card was concluded. The attendance was not up to that which marked the opening of the meeting last Saturday, but this caused no discouragement to the promoters of the meeting, since yesterday was, in point of attractions, the off day of the three, while the unfavorable weather doubtless kept many persons from the track.

The clubhouse was, as on Saturday, comfortably peopled with representatives of the hunting and horsey sets, who displayed the well-informed interest in the racing that was to have been expected of them. Several coaches were aligned in the parking inclosure, and the automobile exhibit was again of considerable extent. The meeting, which its promoters admit to be experimental, ends on Saturday, when a most attractive programme will be offered. With good weather, there should be such an attendance as will induce the men behind the meeting to repeat it another year.

Yesterday's fields were neither so large nor so full of quality as those of Saturday but there were several spirited contests for all that, and some tumbles that looked like very nasty ones, but which luckily turned out not to be serious. The worst fall of the day came to the professional rider, E. Kelly, whose mount in the Upland Steeplechase, Justice, came a terrific cropper at the wicked stone wall plump in front of the grand stand. The horse turned a complete somersault, and Kelly lay where he fell, but he soon revived, and, though he had to be carried off in an ambulance, the surgeons could find no injuries worse than bad bruises.

Without a doubt the most spectacular affair of the day was the finish between Lipton, Capt. Hayes, and Kumshaw in the last race of the afternoon. This was a journey of about two miles on the flat, for hunters, and the three horses named were the only starters. All three jockeys were gentlemen riders, which fact enabled the backers of their mounts to put up the more philosophically with their shortcomings. Lipton was the odds-on favorite, and he went out to make the pace at the start, Kumshaw and Capt. Hayes being content to wait for him to come back. This he did after a mile, and at the top of the stretch Capt. Hayes collared him and the two fought it out hammer and tongs. Meantime Kumshaw had been restrained with what his backers thought an unskillful hand, and when Mr. Higgins tried to let him down he couldn't keep him straight. The gelding swerved in behind the other two time after time. His rider got him out finally in time almost to catch the other two and the three finished heads apart, like Blue Wing, Dry Monopole, and Hidalgo in the famous lithograph of the finish in the first Brooklyn Handicap.

Four gentleman riders in the first race, a galloway scurry of five furlongs, were fined $10 each by the starter for their leisurely manner of going to the post. The victims of discipline were Messrs. Pinkerton, Carle, Cooley, and Lannon. The race itself was a spirited affair, with Step Away coming at the end with a strong burst of speed to beat Tramotor and Orton Dobbie, who had made the pace. Tramotor was found on measurement to exceed the galloway height limit of 15 hands and was disqualified. It seems rather rough on his backers that he should have been allowed to start.

The chief stake of the day was nominally the Middlesex Cup, but scratches reduced the field to four. Rosebank refused at the first jump, putting one of the two amateur riders out of the running, and Willie Price and Owaissa went on and had the race to themselves. It was a pretty duel for two miles, when the Newcastle gelding came away to win by 6 lengths.

For the Upland Steeplechase a poor lot of hunters answered the bugle. Cariboo behaved like one possessed of the devil, and gave a fine exhibition of buck jumping. Hewett, his jockey, performed feats of rough riding that one rarely sees at the Wild West Show, but the race was finally started and finished. Cariboo is said to be a splendid jumper, but if his temper cannot be controlled, he should never be sent to the post again. The race was an easy thing for Batford, which was backed down from 6 to 2½. Babsquada and Justice fell, while Crusader ran out, but finally finished third. Four favorites were successful, so that the talent had a little the better of the speculation.

Among the visitors to the clubhouse was Lieut. Martin, of the Fifteenth Cavalry, U. S. A., Fort Ethan Allen. Lieut. Martin brings his jumper Dominion and will ride him in the Military Steeplechase on Saturday, when riders from Squadron A, Squadron C, the First Philadelphia Troop, and other crack military organizations will compete.

Summary:

FIRST RACE.—Galloway Scurry; about five furlongs.

Stepaway, 167, Mr. Carle, 5-1, 6-5	1		
Tramator, 167, Mr. Cooley, 8-5, 3-5		2	
Edna Tanner, 167, Mr. Pinkerton, 7-1, 7-5			3
Orton Dobbie, 155, Mr. Valentine, 2-1, 4-5			4
Blue Print, 155, Mr. Van Schaick, 20-1, 6-1			5
Whirlwind, 155, Mr. Gannon, 15-1, 5-1			6

Won cleverly by three lengths; place driving by half a length. Winner ch. m., 6 years, by Orion d'Or-Waitawhile. Owner, W. Gould Brokaw. Trainer, C. F. Rockett.

*Disqualified, giving second to Edna Tanner and Orton Dobbie third.

SECOND RACE.—Brandywine Steeplechase, for three-year-olds; about two miles.

Kernel, 142, Brooks, 8-5, 2-5	1		
Onteora, 142, Finnegan, 7-1, 8-5		2	
Oleroso, 142, Heider, 3-1, 1-2			3
Pacer, 142, Walcott, 8-5, 1-2			4
Hagamans, 142, Higgins, 8-1, 4-1			*
Agento, 142, Davidson, 10-1, 3-1			*
Aconto, 142, Wilson, 15-1, 5-1			*

Won easily by six lengths; place driving by half a length. Winner blk. c., by Sir Dixon-Nutshell. Owner, J. W. Colt. Trainer, J. B. Mans.

*Threw rider. †Ran out.

THIRD RACE.—Middlesex Cup, steeplechase, for hunters 5 years old and over; about two miles and a half.

Willie Price, 168, J. Floyd, 8-5, —	1		
Owaissa, 168, T. Wilson, 1-1, —		2	
Tiger Lilly, 168, M. Fitzgerald, 9-2, 6-5			3
Rosebank, 168, Mr. Batjar, 10-1, 2-1			*

*Refused.

Won driving by six lengths; place easily. Winner b. g., aged, by Newcastle-Carleton Maid. Owner, W. R. Grace. Trainer, H. Hewitt.

FOURTH RACE.—Upland Steeplechase, for bona fide hunters five years old and over; about two and a half miles.

Batford, 158, T. Wilson, 5-2, 1-1	1		
Eric, 158, G. Roberts, 5-1, 2-1		2	
Crusader, 173, Mr. Fitzgerald, 4-1, 6-5			3
Babsquada, 158, Mr. Carle, 7-5, —			4
Justice, 163, E. Kelly, 13-5, 1-1			*

Won handily by 15 lengths; place easily. Winner b. g., 5 years, by Ban Chief-Bonnie Girl. Owner, Mr. Cheland. Trainer, T. Wilson.

*Fell.

FIFTH RACE.—Rose Tree Steeplechase; about three miles.

Ben Crockett, 154, Gallagher, 1-2, out	1		
Judge O'Gin, 150, Finnegan, 10-1, 2-1		2	
Woolgatherer, 163, A. Johnson, 1-2, out			3
Gypsie, 153, Grantland, 15-1, 4-1			*
Buck O'Dowd, 163, (Brooks,) 7-2, 4-5			†

Won ridden out by four lengths; place easily. Winner b. g., 5 years, by Holiday-Maggie Moore. Owner, T. P. Phelan. Trainer, P. Gallagher.

*Threw rider. †Fell.

SIXTH RACE.—For qualified hunters; about two miles and a half on the flat.

Lipton, 168, Mr. Martin, 9-10 and out	1		
Capt. Hayes, 168, Mr. Orem, 9-2 and even		2	
Kumshaw, 178, Mr. Higgins, 13-10 and out			3

Won driving by a head; place same. Winner b. g., 5 years, by Tristan-Favora. Owner, F. Johnson. Trainer, C. Ray.

NO COMPROMISE ON JOYCE.

A. A. U. Officials Do Not Wish Injunction Vacated.

There have recently been repeated rumors to the effect that the Irish American Athletic Club, which supported John Joyce in his application for an injunction to restrain the authorities of the Amateur Athletic Union for disqualifying him from competing in the annual championships at Travers Island last month, would apply for the vacation of the order of the court and permit the authorities to deal with the case according to their best judgment. Inquiry yesterday indicated a disposition on the part of the organization to take such a step, but no inclination on the part of the union to accept the proposition. Counsel for the A. A. U. officials wants the case brought to trial, when he is confident the restraining order will be dismissed and the union be free to deal with both club and individual according to the provisions of its by-laws.

In entering for the championship Joyce subscribed to the clause which stated that he agreed to abide by the action of the A. A. U. upon his entry, and in joining the union his club agreed to be bound by its laws and accept its rulings. It is not at all impossible that club and individual may be punished for their failure to adhere to their agreements, suspension of both being by no means an impossibility.

NATIONAL MOTOR BOAT CLUB.

Seventy Members Join New Organization—Planning for Busy Season.

Over seventy members of the proposed National Motor Boat Club of America were enrolled last night at the preliminary meeting at the Hotel Manhattan. Representatives from many metropolitan yacht clubs, the Automobile Club of America, the American Power Boat Association, and other clubs were present, and there was a unanimity in favor of a single National motor body organization which would both control and guide the interests of the sport in this country.

Charles P. Tower of the Larchmont Yacht Club was chosen temporary Chairman, and Hugh S. Gambel, Secretary of the National Association of Engine and Boat Manufacturers, acted as Secretary. It was decided unanimously to form the club, and the following committee was appointed to draw up by-laws and nominate a list of officers: Charles Francis, H. H. Behse, John D. Roach, George J. Vestner, and Dr. Seymour Oppenheimer.

The committee will report at the next meeting, which will be held within two weeks, when the officials will be elected and an active campaign will be mapped out for racing and cruising next season. It is possible that perhaps one or two cruises of several hundred miles will be planned. The club will also open negotiations with the leading motor boat organizations abroad, with the view of being recognized as the National motor boat club in America, through which entries will be made for all international motor boat contests. Plans have already been made for the building of a number of fast cruising and racing boats, which will be ready early in the year, and it is probable that a series of short as well as long distance races will be held at intervals during the season.

JAECKEL HOLDS STEVENS CUP.

Successfully Defends Wrestling Trophy Against Challenger Jurgensen.

Egbert A. Jurgensen, challenger for the Stevens Cup, held by Richard Jaeckel of the New York Athletic Club, for 135-pound wrestlers, failed to wrest the title from the holder last night at the clubhouse on Fifty-ninth Street in the best two of three falls bout to a finish. Jaeckel won the first two falls and the cup. The first was stubbornly contested and required 61 minutes and 3-5 of a second for decision. The second lasted just 6 minutes.

The two men were of exactly the same weight, though Jurgensen looked much the heavier. His stocky build and sturdy muscles seemed to augur much greater strength than the lithe, slender frame of Jaeckel. And he appeared in the contest to possess the greater power, though Jaeckel's skill was markedly superior and his agile figure appeared to possess the greater endurance.

Jurgensen was on the mat the greater portion of the time, rarely having the ascendant position, and fourteen times during the bout he nearly scored he seemed in jeopardy. On the other hand he came once within a hair of scoring on Jaeckel, and twice had holds that promised to land him at least a fall.

A half Nelson did the trick finally in the first bout, and a neck and elbow in the second. Though the men had 21 minutes' intermission between the bouts, the rest appeared to do Jurgensen little good, while the title holder was apparently as fresh as when he started.

In the intermission Hugh Leonard wrestled with Fred Nargaines, the 145-pound Metropolitan champion, a six-minute exhibition go without a fall, and with three minutes' intermission threw C. Worms, the 225-pound wrestler, in 4 minutes and 15 seconds. Col. J. R. Branch refereed the bouts.

Entries for Jamaica Races.

FIRST RACE.—Handicap for two-year-olds and upward; six furlongs.

Pounds.		Pounds.
Rusk 107	Martinmas 107	
Wotan 119	Diamond Flush 107	
Frontenac 119	Foralia 100	
Cloten 118	Ancestor 100	
Brush Up 117	Royal Window 98	
Toscan 116		

SECOND RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward, selling allowances; one mile and a quarter.

*The Southerner	114	Embarrassment	101
Copper	106	Our Sister	100
Macbeth	106	Critical	100
Rais	106	Nine Spot	98
Palette	103	Fra Fillipo	98
*Jack Young	101	Bryan	95

THIRD RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward, with allowances; one mile and a sixteenth.

Red Knight	116	Benvolio	106
First Mason	106	Kiamesha	105
Coronal	106	V. Muskoday	104

FOURTH RACE.—The Ravenswood Handicap, for three-year-olds; six furlongs.

Handzarra	117	Keator	112
Santa Catalina	107	Taxer	107
Belle Strome	114	Diamond Flush	107
Gold Rose	113	Lochinvar	104
Brush Up	112	Aeronaut	104

FIFTH RACE.—For two-year-olds, selling allowances; five and a half furlongs.

Mintia	108	Sextax	100
Benevolent	107	*Sentian	99
Herman Johnson	105	Flavigny	97
*Andria	104	Birmingham	97
J. K. F.	102	Ingleside	97
Deludo	100	Wee Wee	97
Hencare	100	Bundoran	94
Main	100		

SIXTH RACE.—Handicap, for two-year-olds; six furlongs.

Rattleaxe	126	Ruth W	107
*Midas	118	Mollie Donohue	107
Pantoufle	112	J. K. F.	105
Mintia	110	Old Guard	97

†H. P. Whitney entry.
*Apprentice allowance claimed.

Notes of the Thoroughbreds.

The perversion of the selling race for betting purposes had a singular demonstration at the Jamaica race course yesterday, when after the first event had been decided seven claims, of which five were "friendly" claims, were put in for two horses. The winner was Platoon, of legitimate selling merit, with the horse Grapple, for which J. A. Drake is said to have paid $6,000, second, and Dreamer, a horse that could not be bought at private sale for anything but a big price, third. Grapple was entered to sell for $800 and Dreamer for $1,000, both having been put in for small prices at light weights, that their connections might bet on them. Five claims for Grapple were made, and the claimants drew lots, Archie Zimmer drawing the horse, and as he acted in Mr. Drake's interest, promptly returning him. Of course the claim for Dreamer Mr. Drake's was the successful one, and Dreamer went back to his old barn, Mr. Drake having made the claim in the interest of H. B. Duryea, Dreamer's owner.

The victory of Watergrass in the race for the Packer Stakes at Jamaica yesterday made the totally of races won by horses trained by A. J. Joyner that sixty-two, thus equaling Trainer Joyner's record for races won last season. The trainer whooped delightedly when Watergrass got home first, but promptly declared that having tied his old mark he would go on and establish a new figure in the three weeks left of racing in New York. The total sum in money won by Trainer Joyner's stable for two owners, Sydney Paget and August Belmont, is only a little short of $190,000.

The newcomers among the jockeys kept up the winning streak that has been theirs through the Fall at the Jamaica track yesterday, the apprentice Wiley and the new star rider Knapp riding two winners each and leaving two races for the other boys, while Sewell, another apprentice, rode another winner. O'Neil was the only one of the older riders to have a winning mount, and it was his first winner in about two weeks.

The Stewards of the Jamaica meeting, who have been called on frequently in the nine days of the meeting to reprimand jockeys, called up Shaw after his ride on Dreamer, when that horse was beaten in the first race, and questioned him closely as to how he came to wait with Dreamer in a race such as the horse ran in, a six-furlong sprint. Shaw's riding was freely criticised by the spectators, but the Stewards made no announcement of action taken in the matter.

"Jimmy" O'Brien, the English steeplechase rider who through the season just closing was employed by J. E. Widener, departed yesterday for a visit to England, where he will spend the winter. Before leaving, O'Brien completed a contract under which he is to return to New York next Spring under engagement to J. High Brown, who will race a stable of English steeplechase horses in the name of the Brownleigh Park Stable.

Jockey "Jack" Martin has signed a renewal of his contract to Capt. S. S. Brown, who retained him through 1906, and under the agreement will ride the Brown horses next season. The terms of the engagement are similar to those of the contract which practically expired when the Brown horses were shipped to Kentucky to go into Winter quarters, and Martin will receive a retaining fee of about $10,000 a year.

WATERGRASS, OFF LAST, CLEVERLY WON STAKES

Filly Took the Packer After Being Almost Left at the Post.

HANDICAP WENT TO BAD NEWS

Heavily Backed Favorites Beaten in Three Races at the Jamaica Track —Lord Badge Lands Long Odds.

Results that restored the Jamaica track's Fall average of three winning favorites a day made the most satisfactory part of the racing at the Metropolitan Jockey Club's course yesterday. It was not all plain sailing for the backers, however, for in three races that were regarded as "sure things" the favorites were beaten, and the ill-fortune of Grapple and D'Arkle in these events served to destroy the confidence of the betting crowd in the third "sure thing," Sydney Paget's fast filly Watergrass, which was the single short-price favorite to get to the winning post first.

Watergrass, with Wiley up, was always a warm choice for the Packer, the stake feature, and started at odds on, with Caprige second choice. When the barrier rose the form followers, who had bet on Grapple and D'Arkle and had backed Watergrass to recover losses, groaned in chorus, for Watergrass was the last horse to leave the post, and broke so badly that she was all but left, while Oriflamme, first away, went on in front attended by Miss Point. Watergrass went on after the field so quickly, however, that in the first half furlong she had made up her lost ground and was on the heels of the leaders, racing in third place to the first quarter pole, and on the turn out of the backstretch going on to the front. From the moment that she took command Wiley kept her going, and Watergrass won rather cleverly by a length from Caprice, which was second through the last quarter of a mile, and beat Bribery, the next best backed horse, a length for the place.

In spite of his earlier failures Sir Tristan was backed again in the race for maiden two-year-olds, and in a field of fifteen often beaten maidens started a mild favorite at 5 to 2, with O'Neil riding him. Sir Tristan this time ran up to the expectations of his stable, for breaking third to Billy Banastar, the favorite shot out to the front in the first strides, and with Blue Mamie hanging at his shoulders went on in the lead. Blue Mamie raced with Sir Tristan in the first quarter pole, where the favorite shook her off, and galloping on alone for the remainder of the distance, won easily, while Blue Mamie quit in the last furlong and dropped far back in the crowd, Hallowmas then getting second place.

Bad News, with the top weight up in the mile and a sixteenth handicap, was the third winning favorite of the day, he making all the running and winning easily in the closing event, with Zeala second.

The longest chance winner of the day turned up in the veteran campaigner Lord Badge, at 8 to 1, in the selling mile and a sixteenth, fifth on the card. Rose of Dawn was the favorite, but in the task of holding the lead, against the challenges of King Rose and Baron Esher, which went out after the filly at the lifting of the barrier, and tried every jump of the first seven furlongs to take the lead from her, proved too much for Rose of Dawn, as it did for the challengers, for all three stopped after King Rose showed in front for a few strides on the last turn, Lord Badge then going on to the front from sixth place and winning easily by three lengths from Athlone, second. Summary:

FIRST RACE.—For three-year-olds, selling; six furlongs.

	S.	½	F.
Platoon, 96, Sewell, 6-1, 8-5	4	1	1¹
Grapple, 99, Wiley, 4-5, 1-3	7	2	2½
Dreamer, 109, Shaw, 3-1, even	2	2	3⁴
Hannibal Bey, 96, Murphy, 100-1, 40-1	5	4	4
Massa, 101, Brown, 40-1, 12-1	8	5	5
Blue Coat, 105, Helgesen, 60-1, 20-1	9	5	6
Cutter, 109, O'Neil, 50-1, 20-1	8	8	7
Colossal, 101, Miller, 25-1, 8-1	6	6	8
Ralbert, 101, Myers, 40-1, 12-1	10	9	9
Fra Fillipo, 104, W. Knapp, 200-1, 80-1	1	12	10
Janeta, 101, Romanelli, 40-1, 15-1	14	11	11
Snow King, 103, Breeden, 200-1, 80-1	10	10	12
Doctor C., 101, Hohman, 300-1, 100-1	11	14	13
Flat, 106, Bell, 200-1, 80-1	12	13	14

Time—1:13 1-5. Start good. Won easily; place same. Winner br. g., 3 years, by Prig-Hermesite. Owner, Mrs. P. J. Miles. Trainer, P. J. Miles.

SECOND RACE.—For maidens two years old; five and a half furlongs.

	S.	¾	F.
Sir Tristan, 110, O'Neil, 5-2, even	3	1	1¹
Hallowmas, 110, Romanelli, 15-1, 6-1	8	3	2²
Billy Banastar, 107, W. Buchanan, 50-1, 15-1	1	2	3³
Melbourne Nominee, 110, O'Brien, 20-1, 8-1	6	4	5
Royal Scot, 110, Bell, 50-1, 20-1	13	7	6
Blue Mamie, 107, Murphy, 8-5, 3-5	7	5	7
Greenland, 110, J. Martin, 4-1, 8-5	11	8	8
There Now, 110, L. Smith, 40-1, 12-1	7	9	9
Tarine, 110, Wishard, 100-1, 40-1	10	10	10
Adonis, 107, Sewell, 7-2, 2-1	4	11	11
True Boy, 110, J. Jones, 50-1, 15-1	9	12	12
Music Box, 107, Wiley, 40-1, 12-1	4	14	13
Full of Fun, 107, Creamer, 100-1, 40-1	12	13	14
Stalactical, 107, Klenck, 20-1, 8-1	15	15	15

Time—1:08 2-5. Start good. Won easily; place driving. Winner br. c., by Tristan-Bunch. Owner and trainer, William Cahill.

THIRD RACE.—For three-year-olds and upward; selling; one mile and a sixteenth.

	S.	¾	F.
Chimney Sweep, 98, Wiley, 5-1, 8-5	8	3	1¹
D'Arkle, 102, Miller, even, 2-5	1	4	2½
Jane Holly, 106, Bell, 5-1, 8-5	4	1	3¾
Goldfinder, 90, L. Smith, 60-1, 20-1	7	5	4
Shenandoah, 90, Garner, 4-1, 7-5	3	2	5
Amberjack, 98, Clare, 200-1, 60-1	2	6	6
Panique, 106, W. Buchanan, 100-1, 40-1	9	8	7
Robador, 98, Notter, 30-1, 10-1	10	3	8
Atwood, 101, Murphy, 20-1, 8-1	7	9	9
Cascine, 106, Romanelli, 30-1, 15-1	6	10	10

Time—1:48 1-5. Start fair. Won easily; place driving. Winner blk. c., 3 years, by Buck Massie-Lisrio. Owner, R. H. McCarter Potter. Trainer, F. E. Gardner.

FOURTH RACE.—The Packer Stakes, for two-year-old Fillies; five and a half furlongs.

	S.	¾	F.
Watergrass, 99, Wiley, 9-10, 1-3	6	1	1¹
Caprice, 104, Daniel, 7-2, 6-5	3	2	2½
Bribery, 100, Notter, 4-1, 6-5	3	3	3⁴
Miss Point, 96, Sewell, 25-1, 6-1	2	4	4
Listless, 99, L. Smith, 30-1, 8-1	7	6	5
Oriflamme, 104, Miller, 10-1, 3-1	1	5	6
Marvel P., 104, Burns, 25-1, 6-1	4	7	7

Time—1:07 4-5. Start good. Won handily; place same. Winner ch. f., 2 years, by Watercress-Miss Clay. Owner, Sydney Paget. Trainer, A. J. Joyner.

FIFTH RACE.—For mares and geldings three years old and upward; selling; one mile and a sixteenth.

	S.	¾	F.
Lord Badge, 107, W. Knapp, 8-1, 3-1	3	3	1¹
Athlone, 107, Notter, 10-1, 4-1	4	2	2½
King Pepper, 103, J. J. Walsh, 8-1, 3-1	7	5	3
Rose of Dawn, 110, Shaw, 13-5, 6-5	4	2	4
Arsenal, 103, Miller, 15-1, 6-1	11	8	5
Bronze Wing, 103, L. Smith, 30-1, 12-1	10	6	6
Cottage Maid, 106, Bell, 30-1, 10-1	10	11	7
King Rose, 105, W. Buchanan, 30-1, 10-1	2	1	8
Baron Esher, 103, Sewell, 8-1, 3-1	5	6	9
Pronta, 98, Myers, 4-1, 8-5	9	10	10
Novena, 100, McDaniel, 5-1, 2-1	6	7	11
Irish Witch, 103, J. Miller, 12-1, 5-1	8	13	12

Time—1:47 4-5. Start good. Won easily; place same. Winner b. g., six years, by Badge-Mocking Bird. Owner, W. L. Oliver. Trainer, W. L. Oliver.

SIXTH RACE.—For all ages, handicap; one mile and a sixteenth.

	S.	¾	F.
Bad News, 119, W. Knapp, 9-5, 4-5	3	1	1¹
Zeala, 107, J. Jones, 8-1, 3-1	1	2	2²
Tongorder, 116, Sewell, 4-1, 6-5	4	3	3¹
Kittie Platt, 95, Notter, 5-1, 8-5	2	5	4
Sailor Boy, 97, L. Smith, 15-1, 4-1	6	4	5
Cederstrome, 106, Miller, 4-1, 7-5	3	6	6

Time—1:47 1-5. Start good. Won easily; place same. Winner br. g., 5 years, by Flying Dutchman-Black Sleeves. Owner, E. R. Bradley. Trainer, W. Hurley.

Dinner In Honor of "Mike" Donlin.

Michael J. Donlin of the New York National League Baseball Club was the recipient of a complimentary dinner last night at Khalil's ratskeller in Park Place. Two hundred guests were laid and the guests included "Big" and "Little Tim" Sullivan, "Tom" Foley, Assemblyman J. Al. Smith, John McGraw, and James J. Morton, Assemblyman Smith was the toastmaster. A gold-headed umbrella was presented to the popular player during the dinner.

Georgetown's Fall Class Regatta.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 25.—Georgetown University classes held their annual Fall regatta to-day in the harbor facing Georgetown, and the all-college crew won against the law department eight, and the seniors won the academic event.

Princeton vs. Columbia, Sat., Oct. 28, at 2:30, B'way and 116th. Seats for sale, Spalding, 29 West 42d and 126 Nassau.—Adv.

ATHLETES WANT PROTECTION.

Local Club Members Organize to Correct Abuses at Athletic Meets.

A meeting of local athletes was held last night at the St. Bartholomew's Club, which may have a far-reaching effect on future athletic meetings in this city, the purpose being to correct certain abuses which have crept into amateur athletics. The meeting was held by athletes as individuals and not representing clubs or organizations, and had for its object the betterment of athletes, assisting the Amateur Athletic Union, where committees fail in their duties, compel athletic organizations and others holding meetings to live up to their promises, and request the Registration Committee of the Amateur Athletic Union to notify athletes a reasonable time in advance of the expiration of registration cards.

It was one of the most representative gatherings ever held in this city. Among the prominent athletes present were: H. L. Hillman, James S. Mitchel, Lawson Robertson, Harvey Cohn, J. P. Sullivan, P. J. Walsh, H. Valentine, J. H. Teevan, P. J. Callahan, Myer Prinstein, J. Gerity, S. Northridge, P. Walters, O. Rubette, Macey Block, J. M. Devere, and F. Trube. The organizations represented were: The New York Athletic Club, Irish-American Athletic Club, New West Side Athletic Club, Mohawk Athletic Club, Pastime Athletic Club, Acorn Athletic Club, St. Bartholomew's Athletic Club, and National Athletic Club.

A temporary organization was formed with H. L. Hillman, New York Athletic Club, President, and Lawson Robertson, Irish-American Athletic Club, Secretary. In explaining the object of the meeting the temporary President said the condition of the athletes of the Metropolitan District of the Amateur Athletic Union made it necessary for the organization of a protective body to safeguard their interests. He wished it understood that the contemplated action would in no way be antagonistic to the Amateur Athletic Union, but would aid that body in correcting abuses at athletic meetings. He pointed to the fact that at a recent athletic meet the first medals were advertised at solid gold, whereas the medals were only gold filled, and stamped so by the makers. This was only one of a number of instances, and it would be the object of the organization to protect athletes from this imposition in the future. Another important question to be discussed was the necessity of the Registration Committee of the Amateur Athletic Union to advise all athletes of the expiration of their registration cards in sufficient time to enable them to renew them before the athletes were liable to disqualification on the grounds of expiration of registration. He also suggested that the handicapping have careful consideration so as to insure fair and equitable handicaps for all athletes.

The President's remarks were indorsed by those present, and an open discussion followed. Committees were appointed to select a name for the organization and draw up a set of by-laws and report at the next meeting, which will be held Wednesday, Nov. 15, when a permanent organization will be effected and action taken on the matters brought before the meeting last night.

PILGRIMS LEAVE FOR HOME.

English Association Football Players Sail After Successful Tour.

Sir Charles Kirkpatrick and his band of English Association football players sailed for their homes yesterday by the White Star liner Teutonic, after two months' missionary work in introducing "socker" to the American public as it should be played. During the trip, which began in Canada Sept. 2, the team played matches at Montreal, Quebec, Toronto, Hamilton, Berlin, Rosedale, Detroit, Chicago, St. Louis, Philadelphia, Boston, Fall River, and New York. In all they played 23 games, winning 21 and losing 2. The loss of the first game in Canada was due to inefficiency of the referee, which gives America the only real victory over the Britishers, Chicago winning a close game by the score of 4 to 3.

The mission of the visitors was to introduce association football to the American public, more particularly the colleges, with the hope of supplanting the present style of football as played by the big teams.

So well satisfied are the promtoers of the project and the players, though the trip was not a financial success, that plans are again under way for a return visit next year. All the players are due to join their clubs in England by the 1st of November, on which date the championship contests begin. Capt. F. H. Milnes has agreed to captain another team, which will visit the United States next year, when a more extensive tour will be undertaken.

There is much regret over the failure of President Roosevelt to witness a game. Capt. Milnes and Vivian Woodward had made the necessary arrangements to wait until the President's return to Washington to explain to him fully the principles of the game, but Capt. Milnes received a cablegram on Tuesday announcing the serious illness of his father, and necessitating his returning with the team yesterday. He expects to take his team to Washington next year, and play a match before the President and his Cabinet.

A number of enthusiasts were on hand to bid Sir Charles and Lady Kirkpatrick and their fellow-voyagers good-bye. Charles H. Murray, the real promoter of the tour and business associate of Sir Alfred Harmsworth, will remain in this country a couple of months longer to complete some business deals before bidding his many friends good-bye, Sir Charles Kirkpatrick said:

"Our trip has been a most delightful one, and every member of the team has enjoyed himself. Our mission was to introduce association football in America, and we all feel we have, at least in a measure, accomplished our object. We are all very much surprised at the progress of the game in this country, and it would not take long to get a number of really first-class teams together. The standard of play has been far superior to that we were led to expect. The improvement is specially noticeable in the forward line play. Half backs on this side of the water have not yet mastered the game, but by the time the next eleven comes over the teams will have improved to such an extent that it will be no easy matter to defeat them. We have learned a lot about college football during the trip, and I predict a big future for association football in the colleges to come, the same as it did in England, and when it does we will be ready for international contests."

VANDERBILT'S PAIR WON.

Defeated Moore and Jordan Entries at Chicago Horse Show.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Ill., Oct. 25.—The Vanderbilt, Moore, and Jordan stables met in competition twice this afternoon and the Moore horses and those of Vanderbilt got a blue ribbon apiece. In the class for pairs shown before a T cart Mr. Vanderbilt came out ahead with Amazement and Astonishment. Mr. Moore was represented by Sidney C. and Harold H., while Mr. Jordan had Electric Light and Flash Light. In the matter of height Mr. Vanderbilt had a shade the best in matching. The Jordan horses got second and the Moore horses third.

Mr. Vanderbilt appeared in the saddle in the polo pony contest. He is a heavyweight, however, and did not finish first or second. His pony, Miss Flip, is a pretty mare, but he was out-ridden by the Chicagoans, Love and Keith. In the Vernon Booth prize he seemed to have a better show, but even his imported mare Peggy was not placed by the judges. Mr. McLaughlin, on Golden Sceptre, Mr. Keith on Pimlico, and Mr. Love on Comanche finished in the order named.

Results of Harness Races.

WOONSOCKET, R. I., Oct. 25.—Favorites won three of the four races at the Woonsocket track to-day, Alberta, in the 2:13 trot, being the only favorite to lose. The summary:

2:20 Trotting, Purse $300, (five heats trotted Tuesday.)—Nellie Ayres won third, fourth, and fifth heats and race. Time—2:25; 2:23; 2:21¼. Lou Wilkes, second, won first and second heats. Defiant Jr., Miller, 10-1, 3-1 ..... 1 5 6
Time—2:20¾; 2:21¾. Crescent Lass, third, won fifth heat. Time—2:24. Libby Queen also started.

2:24 Pace, Purse $300.—Effie Shannon won first straight heats. Time—2:26; 2:24¾; 2:27¼. Ellis Boone was second, and Robert P. third. Ready also started.

2:21 Pace, Purse $300.—Arrow won first, second, and fourth heats and race. Time—2:21¾; 2:22¼; 2:20¾. Colner, second, won third heat. Time—2:21¾. The Strup was third. Belle Benton and May Wonder also started.

2:13 Trotting, Purse $400.—Jennie Scott won first, third, and fourth heats and race. Time—2:18; 2:17¼; 2:21. Alberta, second, won second heat. Time—2:18¾. Roberta was third. No other starters.

NASHUA, N. H., Oct. 25.—There were three events on to-day's card at the Fair Grounds track, the 2:19 trot, 2:14 pace, and Great Medium the 2:19 trot.

The 2:19 trot, won the unfinished pacing event, Hal Patron the 2:14 pace, and Great Medium the 2:19 trot.

The summary:

2:20 Pacing—Purse, $300, (five heats paced Tuesday.) Josie L. won first, fourth, and sixth heats and race. Time—2:21¼; 2:21¾; 2:21¼. Baron B., second, won second and third heats. Time—2:22; 2:21¾. Vina Inez, third, won fifth heat. Time—2:21¼. Little Tuff, Lady St. Croix, and Mary H. also started, the last two being drawn in the fifth heat.

2:14 Pacing.—Purse $400. Hal Patron won first, third, and fourth heats and race. Time 2:16¼; 2:17½; 2:18¾. Harry Hull, second, won second heat. Time—2:16½. Mace was third. Wild Wave also started.

2:19 Trotting.—Purse, $300. Great Medium won second, third, and fourth heats and race. Time—2:23¼; 2:22¾. The Bishop was second and Harry Johnson third. Kremeletta won the first heat in 2:21¾, but was distanced in the fourth heat. No other starters.

HARTFORD, Conn., Oct. 25.—The feature of the second day's racing at the meet at Charter Oak Park to-day was the defeat of Dr. McGowan, the favorite in the 2:25 pace. Dr. McGowan, after finishing eighth in the first and seconds heats,

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TRADING IN BALTIMORE.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Oct. 25.—Western Maryland Railroad shares, Seaboard Company second preferred, and some of the semi-speculative bonds were in fairly good demand.

Sales: Shares, 3,600; bonds, $200,600. The list:

Sales.	BONDS.	High.	Low.	Last.
$200	A. C. L. of Conn. 4s	95¼	95¼	95¼
400	A. C. L. of Conn. 4s 15-20s	95	95	95
1,000	Ga. Car & North 5s	112¾	112¾	112¾
54,000	Maryl. & Penn. inc.	62¼	62¼	62¼
1,000	Rich. & Danville 6s	116¾	116¾	116¾
10,000	Balt. Sparrow's Point & Ches. 4½s	95¼	95¼	95¼
24,000	United Rys. 4s	92¾	92¾	92¾
6,000	United Rys. inc.	66	66	66
1,000	Light & Power 4½s	99	99	99
15,000	Breweries 4s	60¾	60¾	60¾
57,000	Breweries inc.	34¾	34¾	34¾
46,000	Cotton Duck 3s	82	81¾	82
6,000	Ala. Coal & Iron 5s	96	96	96
	STOCKS.			
11	A. C. L. of Conn.	430	430	430
160	Seab. Co. com.	28¾	28¼	28¾
900	Seab. 2d pf.	58¼	58	58¼
2,130	West. Maryl.	16¾	16	16¾
10	Fidel. Trust	15	15	15
135	Houston Oil	7½	7½	7½
10	Com. & Farm. Bank	142½	142½	142½
110	Central Trust	90	90	90
60	U. S. Fidelity	128	128	128
8	Fidelity Trust	185	185	185
16	Balt. Brick	14	14	14

The Review declares its belief that under new management the Republic Iron and Steel Company will enjoy greater prosperity and be a larger factor than ever before. It says that while Mr. Gates has often been active in speculative affairs, those who know him best say no man understands a genuine business proposition more thoroughly than he or is more sane or conservative in the management of great properties.

Mr. Gates has a controlling interest, the Review asserts, and associated with him are a number of men, some of whom are on the new Executive Committee and some not publicly known as actively interested in the company, who have the very highest reputations in the business world, their names being synonymous with integrity and sound conservatism.

THE FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks Irregular — Call Money Rates, 3@4¼ Per Cent.

Marked Advances Early, Breaking Near Close—Exchange Rises Sharply.

An irregular advance in prices marked four hours of yesterday's trading on the Stock Exchange, while the fifth hour developed a break which canceled the earlier gains in many directions and left the general list a trifle below the closing level on Tuesday night. In the upward movement of the morning there were such contrasts as gains of 6 points in Delaware and Hudson, 2 points in Reading, and 4 points in Jersey Central, and losses of 2 points in Metropolitan and 1 point or more in Brooklyn Rapid Transit and the Rock Island issues. Advances of a full point were made by many active shares, including Union Pacific, New York Central, Louisville and Nashville, and Pennsylvania, but in the later reaction these gains were lost. The persistent weakness of the Rock Island shares and the slump in the traction issues forced themselves upon the attention of the professional interests after the upward movement had been long under way, and it was largely due to the course of these two groups of stocks that the market finally yielded. No explanations beyond the general recognition of the poor showing of the road in its recent report attended the further fall in Rock Island shares, while the breaks in the traction issues were ascribed to the possibilities of municipal ownership in certain political contingencies. Little weight was given to this belated explanation. The sharp decline in the preferred stock of the American Hide and Leather Company was due to a belief that the management of the company has determined to conserve its resources, and to that end will to-day take no action on the dividend hitherto paid on the stock.

Money ruled a shade easier yesterday, the bulk of the day's loans being made on a 4 per cent. basis, but in London there was a rise in rates in money needed to carry stocks over the fortnightly settlement now under way, which resembled a "squeeze." The rates on American stocks were exceptionally stiff, touching 6½ per cent., and a rather unwieldy speculation for the rise in these securities was disclosed. Rates in Berlin advanced ¼ per cent. Demand sterling again rose sharply, touching 4.87 at one time, the advance following closely the easier money rates here and the firmness abroad. Announcement was made of an increase of 1 per cent., to 4 per cent. per annum, in the Norfolk and Western common stock dividend. This action had been generally expected owing to the favorable progress of the road. It was learned after the close of the market that the Trustees of the Mutual Life Insurance Company had appointed a committee of three of their number to investigate matters brought to light in the pending investigation. The character of the committee and the certainty that entire independence will mark their deliberations and conclusions will make this announcement of exceptional and widespread importance.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Money on call on Stock Exchange collateral loaned at 3@4¼ per cent., with the last loan at 3¾ per cent. Most of the day's business was done at 4 per cent.

Time money rates, 5 per cent. for sixty days to four months, and 4½ per cent. for six months.

Mercantile paper rates, 5@5½ per cent. for sixty to ninety days' indorsed bills receivable and choice four to six months' single names, and 6 per cent. for others.

Clearing House statement: Exchanges, $352,639,756; balances, $12,366,176. The Sub-Treasury debit balance was $1,029,007.

Foreign exchange was strong. Nominal rates were $4.83½ for sixty days and $4.87½ for demand. Rates for actual business were as follows: Sixty days, $4.8325; demand, $4.8680; cables, $4.8750; commercial bills, $4.82½@$4.83¾.

Commercial bills were quoted: Francs, 5.15⅝ and 5.15⅜ less 1-16@5.16¼ less 1-16; reichsmarks, 94 7-16 and 95 3-16@95 5-16; guilders, 39⅝@39 15-16 and 40¼.

Exchange on New York at domestic centres: Boston—Par. Chicago—Par @10c discount. New Orleans—Commercial, 50c discount; bank, $1 premium. Savannah—Buying, 50c discount; selling, 75c premium. Charleston—Buying, par; selling, 1-10 premium. San Francisco—Sight, 2c; telegraphic, 4c. Cincinnati—10@15c discount. St. Louis—10c discount.

LONDON STOCK MARKET.

LONDON, Oct. 25.—Rates for money and discounts were firm in the market to-day. The Stock Exchange requirements were fairly heavy.

Trading on the Stock Exchange was quiet and mostly uninteresting. Contangos were stiff owing to the dear money. Consols were a shade off. Home rails were in fair demand, helped by the latest traffic returns.

Americans were irregular and quiet. The movements were slight on either side of parity and mostly fractionally lower on profit taking. The local operations were merely an evening up of accounts. Prices dropped later on New York selling and closed dull with a few exceptions, notably Reading.

Grand Trunk was lower on the traffic returns. Mexican rails benefited by the traffic increase.

Russian and Japanese securities were easier on realizations.

Japanese Imperial 6s of 1904 were quoted at 102.

Bar silver steady at 28⅞d per ounce.

Gold premiums are quoted as follows: Madrid, 27.95; Lisbon, 5.50.

The amount of bullion taken into the Bank of England on balance to-day was £77,000.

LONDON CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

The following were the closing prices in London yesterday for American stocks, comparisons being made between New York equivalents and the previous New York closing:

	London Closing Yesterday.	N. Y. Equiv. lent.	N. Y. Previous Closing.	Net Ch'ge.
Consols, money	88 9-16	53	...	-1-16
Consols, account	88⅝	...	...	-⅛
Anaconda	119½	119½	119¾	-¼
Atchison	91¼	88⅝	89	-⅜
Can. Pacific	177⅝	172⅝	172⅝	-⅝
St. Paul	187¼	181⅝	181½	+⅛
Erie	50⅝	49	49	...
Erie 1st pf	84	81½	81½	...
Illinois Central	185	179⅝	180⅝	-⅛
Louis. & Nash	157	153	153	...
N. Y. Central	157½	153½	153¾	+⅜
Pennsylvania	74½	145¼	145	+¼
Reading	64⅝	126¼	124¾	+1½
Southern Pacific	73¼	71⅝	71½	+⅛
Union Pacific	137⅝	133⅝	133⅞	-⅛
U. S. Steel	39½	38½	38½	...
U. S. Steel pf	108⅛	105½	105	+½

In Continental Centres.

PARIS, Oct. 25.—Prices on the Bourse to-day were heavy, but became stronger on semi-official reports that the conclusion of the negotiations for the new Russian loan was imminent.

Russian Imperial 4s were quoted at 93.25 and Russian bonds of 1904 at 529.

Three per cent. rentes, 99f. 70c. for the account.

Exchange on London, 25f. 15½c for checks.

BERLIN, Oct. 25.—Prices on the Boerse to-day were weaker on account of the high rates charged for money.

Exchange on London, 20 marks 46¼ pfennigs for checks.

Discount rates—Short bills, 4 per cent.; three months' bills, 4⅝ per cent.

American Mining Stocks in London.

The following prices for American mining stocks were received from London yesterday:

	£ s. d.		£ s. d.
Camp Bird	1 15 0	Esperanza	5 6 0
Tomboy	1 12 0	Dolores	2 0 0
El Oro	1 19 0	Stratton's Ind	0 9 0

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

	1905.	1904.	1903.
BUFFALO, ROCHESTER & PITTSBURG—			
Mileage	553	500	500
3d week Oct.	$201,900	$168,545	$160,364
July 1-Oct. 21	2,921,157	2,628,671	2,658,081
CANADIAN NORTHERN—			
Mileage	1,092	1,350	1,350
3d week Oct.	115,700	93,200	.....
July 1-Oct. 21	1,472,700	1,167,000	.....
CANADIAN PACIFIC—			
Mileage	8,568	8,183	7,748
3d week Oct.	1,284,000	1,106,000	1,019,000
From July 1	18,019,000	16,238,072	14,822,000
DENVER & RIO GRANDE—			
Mileage	2,398	2,398	2,398
3d week Oct.	405,900	381,900	389,000
July 1-Oct. 21	6,624,300	5,296,200	5,748,600
GULF & SHIP ISLAND—			
Mileage	280	261	261
2d week Oct.	32,941	37,998	37,928
July 1-Oct. 14	524,385	537,690	546,688
INTERNATIONAL & GREAT NORTHERN—			
Mileage	1,159	1,159	1,104
3d week Oct.	157,000	157,400	155,608
From July 1	2,046,522	1,953,071	1,820,439
MISSOURI, KANSAS & TEXAS—			
Mileage	2,048	2,991	2,733
3d week Oct.	480,268	527,015	421,529
From July 1	6,530,390	6,278,718	5,601,537
MISSOURI PACIFIC—			
Mileage	5,849	5,718	5,519
3d week Oct.	785,000	915,000	821,000
From July 1	12,863,000	13,649,961	.....
CENTRAL BRANCH—			
Mileage	388	388	388
3d week Oct.	38,000	29,000	32,000
From July 1	685,016	561,640	.....
SOUTHERN RAILWAY—			
Mileage	7,196	7,199	7,186
3d week Oct.	1,071,034	1,025,801	933,121
From July 1	15,894,181	15,055,572	13,987,068
UNITED RAILROADS OF SAN FRANCISCO—			
September gross	614,055	617,642	541,196
9 mos. gross	5,187,341	4,911,994	4,580,577
WABASH—			
Mileage	2,516	2,486	2,484
3d week Oct.	388,321	381,228	503,924
July 1-Oct. 21	7,803,669	8,890,382	7,866,209
BOSTON, REVERE BEACH & LYNN for the			
Sept. 30 quarter—			
Gross	249,628	234,032	220,337
Net	49,371	46,767	46,173
Other income	6,920	5,674	5,202
Sur. over chgs.	40,679	36,958	35,442
HUDSON RIVER ELECTRIC POWER CO.—			
	1905.	1904.	Increase.
September gross	69,530	52,355	17,174
Oper. expenses	34,861	25,836	9,025
Net	34,668	26,519	8,149
9 mos. gross	525,103	385,308	139,794
Oper. expenses	301,861	198,994	102,867
Net	223,242	186,314	36,927
NEW YORK, ONTARIO & WESTERN for the month of September—			
Gross earnings	553,960	594,449	61,531
Op. exp. & taxes	467,759	390,971	76,788
Operating ratio	71.31%	65.77%	
Net earnings	188,221	203,478	*15,257
Net charges	70,360	70,700	9,025
Surplus	117,859	142,778	*24,919
From July 1—			
Gross earnings	2,147,457	1,948,525	203,832
Op. exp. & taxes	1,445,551	1,206,151	239,380
Operating ratio	67.32%	62.05%	
Net earnings	701,926	737,674	*35,748
Net charges	200,059	174,150	26,840
Surplus	495,876	561,524	*65,648

*Decrease.

PITTSBURG TRANSACTIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, Oct. 25.—Trading on the local Exchange to-day was as follows:

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
250	Con. Ice	5½	5½	5½
100	Crucible Steel	13⅝	13⅝	13⅝
132	Crucible Steel pf.	67½	67	67½
110	Fire Proofing	6½	6½	6½
40	Fire Proofing pf.	21¼	21¼	21¼
15	Ind. Brewing	15	15	15
20	Ind. Brewing pf.	41	41	41
50	Lustre Mining	34½	34½	34½
120	M. L. & H.	36	36	36
278	Ohio Fuel	35¼	35	35
2,220	Ohio Tonopah	25	24	24
25	Pittsburg Brewing	27	27	27
90	Pittsburg Brew. pf.	48½	48	48
50	Pittsburg Plate Glass	119½	119	119
50	Sewer Pipe	32¾	32¾	32¾
5	U. S. Cable	200	200	200
30	U. S. Steel	39¾	39¾	39¾
205	U. S. Steel pf.	105¾	105	105¾
77	West. Air Brake	149½	149	149½

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

A trader depending upon his feeling of the market for speculative guidance would have been hopelessly at sea in yesterday's session. Price movements not only were erratic but contradictory, some stocks breaking sharply as others advanced, some showing weakness when the general market was strong and strength when the general list was weak, or vice versa, the whole market vacillating in a perfectly bewildering manner. It was withal a very active day, transactions considerably exceeding a million shares. At the close speculative sentiment, as may be supposed, was very much confused.

***

The feature of absorbing interest in the first hour was Reading common, which advanced on very heavy trading to the high record price of 127¾. The highest previous quotation for the stock was 125¾, touched in August, when Wall Street was afraid that Reading had been cornered and sold other stocks as it advanced. This demonstration in Reading was supported by an exhibition of aggressive strength in all coaler stocks. Delaware and Hudson reached a new high-record price, selling at 237½. In the Philadelphia market Lehigh Valley made another sensational advance, crossing 82. The strength imparted to the general market by the coaler stocks was offset about midday by fresh weakness in the Rock Island issues. The market was about to disregard that matter and was showing strength again when Metropolitan Street Railway began to break sharply. This incident only checked the market and doubtless would have been put aside as a thing of isolated consequence had not the Rock Island issues become acutely weak again shortly after 2 o'clock. The cumulative effect of these perturbing matters was all felt in the last hour, when under a heavy general selling movement prices broke sharply throughout the active list. Before the closing a rally occurred and stocks closed showing generally small recoveries from their lowest prices. On the decline in the last hour Union Pacific, which had been distinctly heavy until then, showed much better resistance than might have been expected. There was surprisingly little pressure upon it.

***

Advance information of the Reading movement was widely circulated before the opening of the market. Nearly every large wire house in the Street sent it out. Nobody seems to know how any of these "tips" originate. Nobody ever assumes direct responsibility for them. They are simply "repeated" for what they are worth, and they travel with incredible rapidity. The private wire systems give them a large out-of-town circulation. The Reading "tip" yesterday morning was the most profitable that has been given out for some time. People do not act promptly on information of this sort. They wait to see if it is going to be made good. The stock starts up and looks very strong, and then those who have waited rush in to buy. Anybody who had acted on the Reading "tip" promptly at the opening yesterday would have made two points in an hour, but the advance was very rapid, and the chances are that there was more general buying at or above 127 than below that price. It was the activity in Reading that lifted the total of yesterday's transactions above the million-share mark. The trading in that one stock exceeded 280,000 shares. The price reacted 1½ per cent. from the high point, the net gain for the day being only 1¼ per cent. The movement was shrewdly timed. The possibilities of coaler stocks had been freshly and very favorably advertised by an extraordinary advance in Lehigh Valley in the Philadelphia market. The market position of Reading no doubt is strengthened by the presence of an obstinate short interest in the stock.

***

American Locomotive common, the book value of which was fixed at 70 by its bullish friends some time ago, sold yesterday at 71, the highest price so far reached on this movement.

***

During Mr. Harriman's absence there has not been a pronounced movement either way in Union Pacific stock. It has been, in fact, a less prominent feature of the market than in any corresponding period in the last eighteen months. Since the culmination of the August rise, which was followed by a break in the general market on which Union Pacific went below 130, the stock has fluctuated between 130 and 135. It has been as low as 130⅝ and as high as 135¼. For several weeks its range was from 132 to 134. Last week it sold down to 130⅝, but was heavily bought on the level of 131, and since then it has sold at 135¼. Its range yesterday was from 133⅝ to 135. There is perhaps no other stock in the market that has been sold short more persistently than Union Pacific in the last few weeks, the reason for this being that the banking interests who control the ultimate movements of the stock were supposed to be out of sympathy with bullish operations. Southern Pacific, on the other hand, has been very strong. It has been strong with Union Pacific lagging.

***

Some very shrewd observers of the tape declared yesterday that the movements of Union Pacific were indicative of accumulation. After the advance to 135 in the forenoon on large transactions, the stock fell back on a small volume of trading to 134. After that it swung back and forth within a range of ¾ per cent., advancing to 134¾, or 134⅝ on heavy trading, falling back to 134, or 133⅞ on sales of only a few hundred shares, and advancing again on much heavier transactions. After a sale of 100 or 200 shares at an eighth, as many thousand would be taken at a quarter, and so on, the large transactions generally occurring at an eighth over the preceding quotation. On the break in the last hour the stock declined only from 134 to 133⅝, and recovered immediately, closing at 134¼, where it showed a net gain of ⅜ per cent.

***

Union Pacific is selling at about where Mr. Harriman left it when he started for his trip to the East.

***

Wall Street is trying to anticipate the speculative mood in which Mr. Harriman will approach the stock market situation, and its capacity for dealing with so intangible a matter has enabled it already to arrive at conclusions. It does not matter at all that the conclusions disagree. On the day that Mr. Harriman started inland it was rumored in stock market circles that he was coming home a great bull. Some persons have pretended to have authority for assertions to that effect. Others have an idea that Mr. Harriman will not be so very bullish on his return. This conclusion is reached by inference. It is inferred, for example, that Mr. Harriman will be made conservative by hearing that the Hill interests have assumed an aggressive attitude in Western railroad territory; that the St. Paul is preparing to build to the Pacific Coast, and that other things inimical to the railroad peace of the West are happening or may be about to happen.

***

A news item telling of an accident to H. H. Rogers's special train at Leavenworth, Kan., which gave that eminent capitalist a shaking up, but did him no serious harm, was printed in Wall Street in the forenoon. In the afternoon, when the market was breaking, this incident became the basis for a sensational rumor that Mr. Rogers had been in a bad railroad wreck and was seriously injured. Similarly, when Metropolitan Street Railway was breaking, rumors were circulated referring to a real estate transaction the details of which were printed day before yesterday.

***

Perhaps the invitation to sell Rock Island shares short is a little too general. Some shrewd traders are somewhat suspicious of the weakness which has suddenly developed in those stocks. For one thing, the apparent indifference of the members of the Moore crowd to what is going on in the market is very singular. They are all away. Judge Moore is at his country place in Massachusetts. J. H. Moore is in the West. Messrs. Reid and Leeds are together at Hot Springs, Va. If anything serious were the matter with Rock Island it is only reasonable to suppose that these gentlemen would be on hand to deal with the situation. The only explanation of the selling is that it started with the liquidation of a stale bull account and is being continued by bearish operators. Rumors that the preferred dividend is likely to be reduced or passed altogether are disregarded by persons who pretend to be informed on Rock Island affairs. The annual report, of course, made a very poor showing, but the question of earning power or real value has never counted for much in the case of Rock Island common. Its principal value lies in its speculative franchise. It seemed yesterday as if everybody who felt at all bearish on the market was selling a little Rock Island. Commission houses sold both common and preferred short with considerable freedom. The floating supply of the preferred stock, which represents control, is very small. The preferred stock might easily become oversold.

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Metropolitan Street Railway was very freely offered in the loan crowd after the close of the market.

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The fortnightly settlement at London this week has shown that a very large bull account in American securities is being carried on the other side.

SECURITIES AT AUCTION.

At the auction sale of stocks and bonds at 14-16 Vesey Street yesterday Adrian H. Muller & Son, auctioneers, sold the following securities:

50 shares Hudson County Consumers' Brewing Company, 75.
25 shares United National Bank, 92.
2 shares Chemical National Bank, 4,400.
1 share Western Union Telegraph Company, 94½.
10 shares Pennsylvania Railroad Company, $50 each, 145½.
$4,000 Metropolitan Elevated Railway Company first mortgage 6 per cent. gold bonds, due 1908, 106⅞.
$500 Brooklyn Union Gas Company 6 per cent. convertible gold bonds, due 1909, 173.
6 shares Chemical National Bank, 4,394 to 4,361.
1 share Western Union Telegraph Company, 95½.
15 shares National Park Bank, 480½.
100 shares White Knob Copper Company, Limited, $10 each; 50 shares Manhattan Transit Company, $20 each, $159 for lot.
5 shares Trust Company of America, 744½.
50 shares Northern Insurance Company of New York, 350.
20 shares People's Trust Company of Brooklyn, 340.
10 shares Franklin Trust Company, 368.
4 shares New York Life Insurance and Trust Company, 1,000.
6 shares Title Guarantee and Trust Company, 666.
1 share United States Trust Company, 1,425.
50 shares United States Title Guarantee and Indemnity Company, 128.
100 shares American Slate Company common, $10 each, $95 the lot.
10 shares Mutual Alliance Trust Company, 200.
25 shares Realty Associates, 173@173½.
10 shares Guaranty Trust Company, 834½.
$15,000 Bay Ridge Park Improvement Company 6 per cent. registered debenture bonds, due May 1, 1900, 10 of $1,000 each and 50 of $100 each, 40.
$15,000 Cross Country Railroad Company first mortgage 4 per cent coupon bonds, due Jan. 21, 1951, $1,000 each, 5.
10 shares New York Trust Company, 725.
8 shares Title Guarantee and Trust Company, 667½.
6 shares New York Mutual Gaslight Company, 270¾.
6 shares Albany and Susquehanna Railroad Company, 248½.
20 shares Mortgage Bond Company, 100.
7 shares Home Insurance Company, 532.
50 shares Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, $25 each, 1,481.
$5,000 Illinois Central Railroad Company (Western Lines) first mortgage 4 per cent. gold bonds, due 1951, 107⅝.
$5,000 Chicago, St. Louis and New Orleans Railroad Company (Memphis Division) first mortgage 4 per cent. gold bonds, due 1951, 105½.
100 shares New York Mortgage and Security Company, 184½.
13 shares Bowling Green Trust Company, 215.
70 shares R. R. Mabie Roofing Company, $1 per share.
100 shares Atlantic Roofing Company, $1 per share.
$10,000 Standard Milling Company first mortgage 5 per cent. gold bonds, due 1930, 84⅝.

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

The following were the closing quotations for Government bonds and for stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
2s, r., 1930	103	103½	H.B. Claflin	109	115
2s, c., 1930	103	103½	H. E. R. pf.	75	78
3s, r., 1918	103½	104½	Homestake	78	82
3s, c., 1918	104½	105½	Int. S. P.	1..104	..
1918, reg.	103½	..	Int. S. P.	28	30
4s, r., 1907	104½	105½	Iowa Cent.	28½	29
4s, c., 1907	104½	105½	Iowa C. pf.	58	59
4s, r., 1925	133¾	134	Kan. C. & Ch.	180	..
4s, c., 1925	134½	135	Kan. & M.	35¾	38
D. C. 3-65s	118	..	K. & D. M.	14	17
Philip'ne 4s	108½	..	K. & D. M. pf.	45	50
Adams Exp.	230	255	K. I., C., pf.	68	76
Am. Sug.	125	..	Lacl. G. pf.	95	110
Am. Sug. pf.	120	..	Long Island	37	39
A. A. C. pf.	92½	95½	Man. Beach.	9	13
Am. B. Sug.	23	25½	Man. Elev.	165½	168
A. B. S. pf.	80	85	M. & C. pf.	110	..
A. C. Pow. pf.	..	..	Mich. Cent.	..	150
pf.	101½	102½	M. & St. L.	80	83
Am. Coal	175	195	M. & St. L. pf.	..	..
A. C. Cot. pf.	94	100	Mex. Cent.	100	105
Am. D. Tel.	39	40	M., St. P. & S. S. M.	136	139
Am. Exp.	227	233	M., St. P. & S. S. M. pf.	162½	164
Am. Snuff	183	185	Mur. & Es.	190	200
Am. Snuff pf.	102	105	Nat. Enam. pf.	85	88
Am. Sug. R. pf.	139	140	Nat. Lead	40	46
A. T. & T. C.	93	95	N. Y. C. & St. L.	1st pf.	114	120
A. T. & T.	136	138	N. Y. C. & St. L. 2d pf.	83	86
Ann Arbor	35	37	N. Y. C. & St. L.	29	30
Ann A. pf.	73	80	N. Y. D. Co.	25	26½
At. Mer. 1st pf.	109	111	N. Y. D. Co. pf.	..	..
B. A. L. pf.	106	..	N. Y. Dock	72½	75
B. Un. Gas	182	190	Nor. & W.	136	140
Bruns. City	14½	15½	N. & W. pf.	90	94
B., R. & P.	145	153	Ont. Mining	¾	1
B., R. & P. pf.	150	167½	Pac. Coast	104	105½
B. & S. pf.	86	88½	P. C. 1st pf.	103	107
But'k Co.	52	62	P. C. 2d pf.	103	108
C. & A.	90	..	Peo. & East.	41	42
C. & A. pf.	130	140	Pitts. Coal	15½	16
Chi. & Alt.	54	55	Pitts. C. pf.	56	57
C. B. & Q.	200	..	Pr. S. C. & F.	..	..
C. & E. I.	180	189	St. L. pf.	106	112
pf.	180	..	P. Ft. W. & C.	182½	..
Chi. G. W.	17	18	pf., B.	35½	36
Chi. G. W. deb.	87½	88½	& C. sp.	179	..
C., I. & L.	80	100	Q'kslf'r pf.	3	4
pf.	80	100	Ry. St. Sp.	..	..
C. & N. W.	240	245	pf.	102	104
C. St. P., M. & Om.	188	194	Rdg. 1st pf.	92¾	94
C. St. P. M. & Om. pf.	190	200	Rdg. 2d pf.	80	82
C. C. C. & St. L. pf.	117	121	R., W. & O.	35	..
C., L. & S.	82	90	Rub. G. M. pf.	36½	38½
C., L. & W.	..	..	R. G. M. Co. pf.	104	106
pf.	105	..	Rutland pf.	50	60
Cleve. & P.	182	186	St. Jos. & G. I.	..	..
C. & P. sp.	105	..	St. L. & S. F.	17	20½
Consol. Coal	60	..	St. L. & S. F. 2d pf.	32	33¾
D. & R. G. pf.	87½	88	St. L. & S. W. pf.	95¼	96¾
D. M. & Ft. D.	16	21	St. L. & S. W.	17	20½
Det. S. & T.	12	12¾	T. R. & L.	32¾	33¾
Det. So. pf.	42	43	U. S. C. I.	..	..
Det. U. Ry.	91	92	U. S. C. I. pf.	96¼	96¾
D., S. S. & A.	15¼	15½	U. S. Exp.	122	126
East. Kod.	152	153	U. S. Leath.	14½	15
Elec. S. B.	83	87	U. S. Leath. pf.	111	115
Erie & T. H.	72	77	Vand. R. R.	93	100
E. & T. H. pf.	85	95	Va.-I. & C.	41	42
F. M. & S.	120	121½	W.-F. Exp.	230	245
Ft. W. & D. City	73	75½	W. U. Tel.	93	93¼
Gen. Ch. Co.	71	73	W. & L. E.	17	18
G. C. Co. pf.	106	107	W. & L. E. 1st pf.	39	42
G. & S. T.	120	..	W. & L. E. 2d pf.	24½	25½

Big Four's Annual Meeting.

CINCINNATI, Oct. 25.—At the annual meeting of the Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis (Big Four) Railroad to-day W. P. Bliss, H. McK. Twombly, J. De Layng, and F. W. Vanderbilt were re-elected Directors. At the annual meeting of the Cincinnati Northern, operated by the Big Four, two changes were made in the directorate, W. C. Brown succeeding F. W. Whiteridge and W. H. Newman succeeding O. F. Osborn.

Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Company
CAPITAL AND SURPLUS - $9,000,000
TRUST AND BANKING DEPARTMENT, 59 LIBERTY ST. / TITLE DEPARTMENT, 37 LIBERTY ST. } MANHATTAN
BROOKLYN OFFICES, 31 COURT STREET.
RECEIVES DEPOSITS subject to check or on certificate, allowing interest thereon.
LENDS ON APPROVED STOCKS, Corporation Bonds and on Mortgages as Collateral.
ACTS AS TRUSTEE, Guardian, Executor, Administrator, Assignee or Receiver, Transfer Agent or Registrar of stocks of Corporations. Takes charge of Personal securities.
OFFICERS
EDWIN W. COGGESHALL, President and General Manager.
DAVID B. OGDEN, JOHN T. LOCKMAN, LOUIS V. BRIGHT, HENRY MORGENTHAU, } Vice-Presidents.
HERBERT E. JACKSON, Comptroller. WALTER N. VAIL, Secretary. LEWIS H. LOSEE, Asst. Genl. Manager. ARCHIBALD FORBES, Asst. Treasurer. GEORGE A. FLEURY, FREDERICK D. REED, } Asst. Secretaries.
THORWALD STALLKNECHT, Treasurer.

Guaranty Trust Co.
OF NEW YORK.
MUTUAL LIFE BUILDNG.
Captial, $2,000,000. Surplus, $5,500,000
JOHN W. CASTLES, President.

BULLION AND MINING

NEW TRUST COMPANY NOW BEING ORGANIZED

The Columbia Will Have $2,000,000 Capital and Surplus.

ITS SCOPE TO BE EXTENSIVE

Peter B. Bradley of Boston Likely to be President—Clark Williams Arranging the Preliminaries.

A new trust company, to be called the Columbia Trust Company, with a capital and surplus of $2,000,000, is being organized under the direction of Clark Williams, formerly Vice President of the United States Mortgage and Trust Company. The company is to be operated under the charter held by the New York and London Trust Company, which was granted by a special act of the New York Legislature in 1871. Its powers are much broader than those of companies organized under the General Trust Company act.

The Directorate of the new institution will include many men prominent in New York financial institutions. A. B. Hepburn, President of the Chase National Bank, is to be Chairman of the Board of Directors. Temporarily at least Peter B. Bradley of Boston, Vice President of the American Agricultural Chemical Company, will be President of the company. It is believed, however, that the plans of the promoters include the selection of a man of National reputation as the permanent President of the new institution.

It is known that the company contemplates the conduct of business on much broader lines than that commonly done by trust companies. It will be fitted for this by the terms of its charter.

Others Who May Be Directors.

Mr. Williams refused yesterday to make any statement in regard to the plans of the company, or to divulge the names of those who are to act as Directors. These, however, include, it is believed, in addition to Mr. Hepburn, Mr. Williams and Mr. Bradley, A. H. Wiggin, J. M. Gifford of the American Agricultural Chemical Company, and President Charles O. Gates of the Royal Baking Powder Company.

In addition to doing a regular banking business such as that now conducted by trust companies, the new institution is expected to develop the field of guaranteeing corporate mortgages. It may also invest in bank stocks, thus having a collateral interest in other financial institutions.

The institution may also do an international business. In this respect it will occupy a field quite apart from that of the regular trust company. Its charter gives it the right to establish branches in any place without restriction.

The New York and London Trust Company's charter was originally granted to the Mutual Benefit Life Policy Loan and Trust Company. The name was changed in 1894 to the Commercial Trust Company and again in 1900 to the New York and London Trust Company. Mr. Williams is Vice President of this corporation, which, however, is not actually engaged in business.

By an amendment of the company's charter passed by the Legislature in 1904 the number of Directors, originally fixed at thirty-one, was increased to thirty-five. It was provided in the same amendment that not more than twelve of the thirty-five Directors should be non-residents of the State of New York.

Comes Under Banking Laws.

At the time of this amendment the duty was imposed upon the company of accepting the supervision of the State Banking Department and of reporting to the Superintendent of Banks at such times as required by the banking laws of the State.

The charter granted to the company empowers it to establish a general agency for procuring and settling life, accident, and health insurance, and to guarantee to insurance companies the payment of premiums. To this was added the power of guaranteeing bonds, securities, obligations, and contracts issued by any proper authority, or person, or individual.

It is also provided that in addition to its main office in the City of New York the New York and London Trust Company shall have the right to establish and maintain agencies and branch offices at such other places as the Board of Directors of the company may consider convenient.

The right of the corporation to hold real estate is limited to a period of five years after title to any place of real estate is taken by the company. Any real estate held for the corporation's own uses is excepted from this, and real estate taken over as a result of the non-payment of loans secured by it or which may come into the possession of the company in similar manner is also not included.

PHILADELPHIA PRICES.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 25.—Conditions in the local market were similar to those of yesterday, with the exception of greater activity and a slump in prices within the last fifteen minutes of the session.

The Anthracite stocks were the features, Reading and Lehigh Valley recording new high records, under New York buying, and Lehigh Navigation making a further substantial advance. There was also good buying of United States Steel common, local houses being advised that the quarterly statement to be issued next Tuesday would be highly favorable. Fourth Bank also established a new National high record by advancing 9¾ points to 300¾.

Philadelphia Company was strong, and Welsbach was up ½, but renewed pressure drove United Gas Improvement down 1¼. Bonds were in better demand. Total sales, 81,206 shares.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
100	Amalgamated Copper	85¼	85¼	85¼
123	American Railways	52¾	52¼	52¾
6	Cambria Iron	49	49	49
616	Cambria Steel	29¼	29	29¼
5	Catawissa 2d pf.	62	62	62
100	Con. Traction of N. J.	82¼	82¼	82¼
6	Diamond Steel pf.	114	114	114
137	Electric Co. of Am.	11¾	11¼	11¾
100	Electric Storage Bat.	84½	84¼	84¼
700	Erie	49¼	49	49
25	Fourth St. Nat. Bank	309¾	309¾	309¾
17	Int. Co. Co. Am.	27	27	27
450	Keystone Telephone	14¾	14¼	14¾
10	Lake Superior Corp.	82	79½	81¾
83,170	Lehigh Valley R.	113	112¾	113
200	Lehigh Navigation	113	113¾	113¾
2,068	Lehigh Nav. Ir. ctfs.	113	62¾	62¾
18	Little Schuylkill	62¼	62¼	62¼
850	Marsden	3¾	3¾	3¾
900	N. Y. Ont. & West	56½	56¼	56½
80	North Penn. R. R.	104½	104½	104½
1,277	Pennsylvania R. R.	72¾	72¼	72¾
29	Philadelphia Traction	100¼	100¼	100¼
335	Philadelphia Electric S	11½	10¾	11½
2,703	Philadelphia Company	49	48¾	49
51	Philadelphia Co. pf.	63	63¼	63¼
94,940	Reading	49¼	49¼	49¼
850	Reading 2d pf.	31	30	30
600	Rock Island	37¼	37¼	37¼
100	Southern Railroad	15¾	15¾	15¾
15	Tonopah Mining	92	92	92¼
1,302	United Gas Improve.	82¾	82¾	82¾
20	Union Traction	38	38¾	38¾
3,320	United States Steel	33	105	105
520	United States Steel pf.	106¾	6	6
30	Warwick Steel	28¼	28¼	28¼
100	Welsbach Company	80¾	80¾	80¾
145	Westmoreland Coal	53¾	53¾	53¾

667
Rubber Goods Manuf'g Preferred.
AT 105 PAYS 'LOVE
Write for income value and quotation record.
ENNIS & STOPPANI
38 Broad St., New York
Members { Chicago Board of Trade. Comb. Stock Exchange, N. Y. New York Produce Exchange. } Estb. 1885.

WE ADVISE THE PURCHASE OF AND BUY AND SELL
UTAH APEX
AND ALL COPPER STOCKS.
Send for Daily Letter and Quotations.
O. F. Jonasson & Co.,
COMMISSION MINING STOCK BROKERS
44-46 Broadway, N. Y.
Tels. 2186-2187 Broad.

INTERNATIONAL PAPER'S AIM.

It Is to Keep Up Standard, Says Chisholm—The Outlook Fair.

The annual report of the International Paper Company gives the gross earnings for the year ended June 30 as $20,908,668. The net earnings, $3,968,468, show an increase of $114,495 over the previous year. The year's surplus was $768,716, or 4.55 per cent. on the common stock.

The total surplus on June 30 was $6,770,147; after the deduction from this of $750,000, discount on sale of bonds, the profit and loss surplus amounted to $6,020,147. President Chisholm says:

"During the past fiscal year prices were well maintained, and the company has been successful in obtaining fairly satisfactory contracts for all its product for the next eighteen months. It is the aim of the company to keep the quality of its product at such a standard that it will at all times command the preference and a commensurate price. The condition of the plants has been steadily maintained and improved, and the plants of the company in general are now at a higher standard of efficiency than ever before."

TRANSACTIONS IN BONDS.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE.

Wednesday, Oct. 25, 1905.

U S 3s, reg. 1908-18 ..... 106¾
Imp Jap Gov 6s, steri loan
20,000 99
3,000 ..... 99⅛
4,000 99
2,000 ..... 99⅛
500 ..... 99⅛
2d series 98
80,000
Jap Imp Gov, Kuhn, Loeb & Co temp ctfs full paid for 4½ ster loan
78,000 ..... 90⅜
10,000 ..... 90⅝
37,000 ..... 90⅜
15,000 ..... 90⅝
13,500 ..... 90⅜
2,500 ..... 90⅝
$1,000 ..... 90⅜
2,500 ..... 90⅜
5,000 91
3,000 ..... 90⅝
1,000 91
3,000 ..... 90⅜
10,000 91
5,000 ..... 90⅝
4,000 91
15,000 ..... 90⅜
10,000 91
25,000 91
Jap Imp Gov, Kuhn, Loeb & Co temp ctfs full paid for new 4½s, 2d ser
87,500 ..... 91¼
10,000 91
1,500 ..... 91¼
12,000 ..... 91⅛
58,000 ..... 91¼
35,500 ..... 91⅛
1,000 ..... 91¼
7,500 ..... 91⅛
20,000 ..... 91¼
25,000 91
Repub of Cuba 5s
2,000 ..... 105⅝
U S of Mexico 4s
10,000 ..... 94⅜
50,000 ..... 94½
Virginia 6s dstd.
Brown Bros & Co certfs
10,000 ..... 16⅞
50,000 ..... 16⅝
20,000 17
10,000 17
25,000 ..... 17⅛
10,000 ..... 17⅜
10,000 17
2,000 18
45,000 18
4,000 17
Adams Express 4s
1,000 ..... 102¼
2,000 ..... 102⅜
500 103
Am Hide & L 6s
2,000 ..... 94⅞
5,000 95
5,000 ..... 95½
Am Tobacco 6s
3,000 114
5,000 ..... 113⅞
15,000 ..... 113¾
Am Tobacco 4s
198,000 ..... 80⅝
11,000 ..... 80⅜
101,000 80
At T & S Fe gen 4s
53,000 ..... 102⅝
..... 103
adjust 4s, stmpd
15,000 97
conv 4s 104
Atlan Coast L 4s
4,000 ..... 101⅛
1,000 ..... 101½
2,000 ..... 101⅝
4,000 ..... 101⅛
Balt & O gold 4s
500 103
27,000 103
prior lien 3½s
10,000 96
10,000 ..... 95⅞
2,000 ..... 95⅝
S W div 3½s
6,000 93
F L E & W V 4s
5,000 ..... 100½
7,000 ..... 100⅜
5,000 ..... 100⅝
B R T ref conv 4s
5,000 ..... 96⅛
10,000 ..... 96¼
1,000 96
25,000 ..... 96⅛
10,000 ..... 96¼
15,000 96
5,000 ..... 96⅛
5,000 ..... 96¼
1,000 ..... 96⅛
10,000 ..... 96¼
11,000 ..... 96⅛
15,000 ..... 96¼
5,000 ..... 96⅛
1,000 ..... 96¼
4,000 ..... 96⅛
50,000 ..... 96¼
14,000 ..... 96⅛
5,000 ..... 96¼
37,000 96
Bklyn Un Elev 1st
2,000 ..... 100¾
2,000 ..... 100⅝
Buffalo Gas 6s
11,000 88
Cen of Ga 1st inc 5s
2,000 ..... 96¼
2d inc 5s 82¾
1,000
Centl Leather 5s
10,000 100
10,000 ..... 99⅞
20,000 ..... 99⅝
20,000 ..... 99⅞
18,000 100
Ches & O gen 4½s
2,000 ..... 108¾
8,000 ..... 108½
2,000 ..... 108⅜
9,000 ..... 108¾
Chi & E Ill 5½s
1,000 ..... 81¾
Chi, Bur & Quincy joint 4s 102
13,000 ..... 102¼
5,000 ..... 102⅜
11,000 ..... 102¼
2,000 ..... 102⅜
14,000 ..... 102¼
16,000 ..... 102⅜
20,000 ..... 102⅝
12,000
registered 101¼
10,000 ..... 101⅜
Chi & N W gen 3½s
5,000 ..... 96¼
C, R I & P R R 4s
10,000 ..... 82¾
2,000 ..... 82¾
18,000 ..... 82¾
Chi, R I & P R
conv 4s 82¼
4,000 ..... 82¾
2,000 ..... 82⅝
Chi, R I & Pac Ry
refunding 4s
10,000 ..... 96⅝
2,000 ..... 96¼
Chi Term Trans 4s
coupon off
15,000 90
Colorado Industrial
1st 5s, Ser A
20,000 74
1,000 74
20,000 ..... 74¼
1st 5s, Ser B
15,000 ..... 72¾
25,000 ..... 72⅝
15,000 ..... 72¾
60,000 ..... 72⅝
11,000 ..... 72¾
Col Mid 1st 4s
4,000 75
1,000 ..... 74¼
Sol & So 1st 4s
5,000 ..... 94½
Com Cable 1st 4s
5,000 ..... 96¼
Conn Ry & Lt 1st & ref 4½s
stamped std
5,000 ..... 102⅞
Consolid Gas Co conv deb 6s
1,000 168
Consol Tob 4s
1,000 ..... 81¾
Dear & R G con 4s
1,000 ..... 91¼
Detr Un Ry con 4½s
5,000 ..... 93½

Net changes of 1 per cent. or more were as follows:

ADVANCED.

C B & Q 4s, reg. 1
M T C M 5½s reg. 1 ..... Va-Car Chem 5s 1

DECLINED.

Consol Gas 6s 2
Total sales Oct. 25, 1905 ..... $2,120,000
From Jan. 1, 1905 161,375,420
Corresponding date last year 676,864,560

Dist Sec Cor 5s
10,000 ..... 80½
1,000 ..... 80⅝
4,000 ..... 80½
1,000 ..... 80⅝
Dul, S S & At 5s
2,000 ..... 113⅝
East Tenn, V & G con 1st 5s
7,000 ..... 121½
Erie 1st con 4s
2,000 ..... 102½
1,000 ..... 102⅝
Erie conv 4s
10,000 ..... 108½
38,000 ..... 108⅝
25,000 109
10,000 ..... 108⅜
4,000 ..... 108½
Erie Penn col tr 4s
10,000 ..... 95⅛
Ga & Ala 1st con 5s
1,000 ..... 112½
Green Bay & Wn deb ctfs B
10,000 ..... 22½
Ill Cent, Lo div 3½s
2,000 95
K C, Ft S & M 4s
3,000 ..... 87⅞
Kans City So 3s
5,000 ..... 72¾
L S & M S deb 4s
1,000 ..... 100⅜
22,000 ..... 100⅝
Leh Val C of N Y gtd 4½s regstd
1,000 ..... 110¼
Louisv & Nashv col trust 4s
2,000 ..... 88½
3,000 ..... 88¾
unified 4s
25,000 ..... 104⅜
5,000 ..... 104⅝
Manhattan con 4s
6,000 ..... 108⅝
Met St Ry ref 4s
1,000 ..... 80⅝
Mex Cent con 4s
7,000 81
15,000 ..... 81¼
10,000 ..... 81⅛
Mex Cent 1st inc
5,000 ..... 25¼
2,000 ..... 25¾
Mex Cent 2d inc
1,000 ..... 18¼
Mo, K & T 1st 4s
1,000 ..... 101¼
Mo P R col 5s
1,000 ..... 107⅜
Nas Elec R R 4s
10,000 ..... 89¼
10,000 ..... 89½
10,000 90
N Y Cent & H R deb 3½s, 1934
2,000 ..... 102¼
5,000 ..... 102⅜
gen 3½s
1,000 ..... 99⅝
M C col 3½s registered
2,000 90
N Y C & St L 4s
2,000 ..... 104⅜
N Y Dock Co 4s
Norf & Wn, Pocah C & C 4s
7,000 ..... 96⅜
Norf & Wn con 4s
1,000 ..... 101⅜
4,000 ..... 101¼
1,000 ..... 101⅜
4,000 ..... 101⅛
North Pac 4s
25,000 ..... 104⅜
5,000 ..... 104⅝
5,000 104
Nor Pac gen 3s
12,000 ..... 78½
North Pac, St P Dul div 4s
2,000 101
Ore Sh L 1st con 5s
R 000 ..... 119¼
Ore Sh L gtd ref 4s
17,000 97
10,000 ..... 97¼
7,000 ..... 97⅞
2,000 97
1,000 ..... 97⅛
Penn conv 3½s
4,000 105
5,500 105
10,000 105
28,000 ..... 105¼
Reading gen 4s
1,000 ..... 102¼
5,000 ..... 102⅜
1,000 ..... 102⅝
20,000 ..... 102⅜
Rdg Jer Cent col 4s
6,000 ..... 99⅝
2,000 ..... 99⅞
5,000 ..... 99⅝
Rio Gde Wn 1st 4s
4,000 ..... 99¼
St L & M & So gen 5s
1,000 ..... 115⅝
22,000 ..... 115⅞
St L & San Fr R R refunding 4s
40,000 80
St L, Sthn con 4s
12,000 ..... 83¼
3,000 ..... 83⅜
1,000 ..... 83¼
1st 4s
1,000 ..... 99½
1,000 ..... 99¼
Sea Air L Ry ref 5s
10,000 ..... 104⅜
So Pac temp ctfs for 1st refunds 4s
1,000 97
9,000 ..... 97⅛
South Ry 1st 5s 120¼
5,000
Union Pac 1st 4s
20,000 ..... 106¼
15,000 ..... 106⅜
500 ..... 106⅝
3,000 106
Union Pac conv 4s
10,000 138
10,000 ..... 136¼
1,000 ..... 135½
Underd El Rys London prof shar 5s
2,000 99
U S R & Imp 5s
15,000 100
U S Reduc & Ref 2s
10,000 ..... 100⅜
U S Steel Corpor sink fund 5s
10,000 ..... 98⅝
10,000 ..... 98¾
50,000 ..... 98¼
9,000 98
5,000 ..... 98⅛
5,000 98
22,000 ..... 99¼
1,000 99
31,000 99
1,000 99
2,000 99
registered
800 ..... 98⅝
1,000 ..... 98⅜
Va-Car Chem 5s
5,000 ..... 100½
Va Ir, Coal & C 5s
5,000 ..... 91¼
4,000 ..... 91¾
4,000 ..... 91¼
1,000 ..... 91⅝
Wabash deb B 6s
4,000 ..... 78½
8,000 ..... 78¾
20,000 ..... 78¼
18,000 ..... 78¾
Wab Pitts Ter 1st
1,000 90
Wab Pitts Ter 2d
7,000 ..... 35⅜
8,000 36
5,000 ..... 35¾
Westn Maryland 4s
1,000 ..... 87½
2,000 ..... 87⅝
2,000 88
West Shore 4s
1,000 ..... 100¾
West Va fund & real est 4½s
10,000 ..... 106¼
Wheeling & L Erie 1st con 4s
8,000 ..... 89¼
8,000 ..... 89½
1,000 ..... 89¾
1,000 90
Wis Cent gen 4s
11,000 ..... 90¼

Net changes of 1 per cent. or more were as follows:

ADVANCED.

Va-Car Chem 5s 1

DECLINED.

Nor P. St P & D 4s 1

Total sales Oct. 25, 1905 ..... $2,120,000
From Jan. 1, 1905 161,375,420
Corresponding date last year 676,864,560

J. S. WILLIAMS RENEWS FIGHT AGAINST RYAN

Protests Against His Re-election to Seaboard Directorate.

ATTACKS THE ANNUAL REPORT

Says It Justifies His Statement That Ryan-Blair Interest Planned to Seize the Property.

The annual meeting of the voting Trustees of the Seaboard Air Line Railway was held at the company's office in this city yesterday. There were present John Skelton Williams, S. D. Warfield, Thomas F. Ryan, J. B. Dennis, H. Clay Pierce, B. F. Yoakum, and J. A. Blair. The object of the meeting was to select a board of Directors to be voted for at the annual meeting of stockholders to be held in Petersburg, Va., Nov. 9.

The old Board of Directors was renominated without change, but John Skelton Williams entered a protest against the election of Thomas F. Ryan, J. A. Blair, J. B. Dennis, T. J. Coolidge, Jr., and J. M. Barr.

The annual report of the company for the year ended June 30, 1905, was made public. Mr. Williams asserts that the condition of things shown in this report fully justified the position taken by himself and other stockholders in opposing the radical plan for the reorganization of the system which was proposed by the Ryan-Blair syndicate last Spring and which was defeated. Under that plan it was proposed to place ahead of the present Seaboard Air Line preferred and common shares $7,500,000 of new 5 per cent. first preference stock.

The annual report for the year, just published, shows that the total expenditures for improvements and betterments, over and above operating expenses and taxes, amounted to less than $500,000.

This is less than the average amount expended by the company for improvements and betterments for the past four years, and, Mr. Williams says, sustains his, contention that the object of the Ryan-Blair interests in making the large issue of first preferred stock was to strengthen their hold upon the property and to secure to themselves the $7,500,000 of new common stock, which was equivalent to $10,000,000 of the present common stock of the railway, it having been provided in the reorganization plan proposed by the Ryan-Blair party that new common stock was to be given for the old on the basis of only 75 per cent. of new stock in exchange for the old.

The ratio of operating expenses and taxes to gross earnings on the Seaboard system for the past year was 70.8 per cent. This ratio, Mr. Williams says, is largely due to bad operative management, the ratio of expenses on the Atlantic Coast Line being only about 63 per cent. Mr. Williams said that if the Seaboard Air Line had been operated at the same ratio as the Atlantic Coast Line the Seaboard's net earnings would have been nearly $1,000,000 more than they were.

MAY PASS ITS DIVIDEND.

American Hide and Leather Preferred Declines on Rumor.

American Hide and Leather preferred declined 2¼ points in yesterday's market on small trading. The generally accepted explanation of the decline was that the Directors who meet to-day to act on the quarterly dividend will decide to pass it. The positive statement was made in fact that the matter has already been gone over by the Directors, and they have decided to suspend the dividend for the time being.

The preferred stock of the American Hide and Leather Company is entitled to 7 per cent. cumulative dividends, but that rate has never been paid. For some time quarterly dividends of 1¾ per cent. have been declared. The dividends are now in arrears to the amount of about 37 per cent. The authorized amount of the issue is $17,500,000, of which $12,545,800 is outstanding.

MORE TELEPHONE STOCK.

New York and New Jersey Co. Will Largely Increase Its Issue.

The stockholders of the New York and New Jersey Telephone Company authorized yesterday the increase of the capital stock from $15,000,000 to $50,000,000. The Directors will meet to-morrow to decide on the amount to issue immediately. It is understood that the stockholders will be allowed to subscribe to stock up to 25 per cent. of their present holdings.

The capital stock now issued is $13,770,100, and if the additional issue amounts to 25 per cent. of that, the total capitalization will be $17,212,625. The company operates in Brooklyn and in several counties of New Jersey.

NEW YORK INCORPORATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Oct. 25.—These companies were incorporated to-day:

Newton-Scheu Company, New York, (cultivate fruits and vegetables); capital, $100,000. Directors, Arthur Lovell, Plainfield, N. J.; Herbert Shubert, D. I. Wicks, New York; Centemeri & Co., New York. (Gloves); capital, $125,000. Directors—E. B. Adam, W. C. Carroll, Bufford C. Van Doren, New York.

Importing Company, New York. Directors—(Oriental goods); capital, $25,000. Directors—G. Awad, Salamy, Isaac Awad, New York; The Sunbury Realty Company, New York; capital, $40,000. Directors—M. L. McLaughlin, Brooklyn; C. H. Peter, W. L. De Wart, Sunbury.

Fuller Realty Company, New York; capital, $10,000. Directors—H. H. Fuller, W. B. Logan, New York; Frank Gardner, East Orange, N. J.

Municipal Iron Works, New York; capital, $9,000. Directors—Robert Feinstein, Aaron Sachs, New York; M. Glesser, Brooklyn.

Imperial International Trading Company, Importers; capital, $100,000. Directors—D. W. New York; capital, $100,000. Directors—D. W. Smith, G. B. Hartell, New York; H. F. Bristol, Jersey City.

Cornwall Telephone Company, Cornwall; capital, $5,000. Directors—W. B. Goodwin, Learned Hand, G. Morrell, New York.

Wilkinson Realty Company, New York; capital, $100,000. Directors—B. J. Parrell, D. W. Delaney, J. H. Ferguson, New York.

The Olborah Auto Company, New York; capital, $5,000. Directors—J. C. Finn, E. F. Sullivan, G. E. Welch, New York.

C. T. Derogra Manufacturing Company, Ticonderoga, (clothing); capital, $10,000. Directors—C. T. Derogra, Jr., G. Royce, E. S. Smith, Smith, E. G. Royce, E. S. Smith, Brooklyn.

Sweetwood Toothpick Company, Nyack; capital, $35,000. Directors—W. F. Hutchinson, C. W. A. Blauvelt, C. A. Morrell, Nyack.

The Albany Garage Company, Albany, (manufacture, sell, and store horseless vehicles); capital, $50,000. Directors—E. Palmer Gavit, Frederick W. Rockwell, Francis C. Huyck, Albany.

INCORPORATED IN NEW JERSEY.

The Park Amusement Construction Company, Jersey City; capital, $250,000. Incorporators—David H. Cagney, Timothy G. Cagney, Michael McGiverin.

The Apak Cutlery Company, Hoboken; capital, $100,000. Incorporators—Elisabeth V. Gulnan, Herman R. Hoppe, Joseph L. Hoppe.

The Real Estate Company of New Jersey, Jersey City; capital, $100,000. Incorporators—Henry Kohlmeyer, Fred L. Huber, Joseph Krienert.

Secucus Land and Improvement Company, Hoboken; capital, $30,000. Incorporators—Louis H. Hilke, Jr., Julius H. Kruse, W. F. Rusch.

The Day Inventions Company, Jersey City; capital, $10,000. Incorporators—Joseph Day, William E. Torrens, Thomas F. Day.

The Sanitary Plumbing and Construction Company, Perth Amboy; capital, $100,000. Incorporators—Albert F. Reitmeyer, Frank L. Boyd, Lloyd P. Johnson.

The Pennsylvania Theatrical Transfer Company, Camden; capital, $2,500. Incorporators—James C. Williams, Francis C. Williams, George M. Smith, Frederick G. Nirdlinger.

The American Power and Gas Machine Company, Cranford; capital, $10,000. Incorporators—W. J. Cox, S. S. Newton, Herman Meyer.

The Oaxaca Real Estate Development Company, Jersey City; capital increased from $250,000 to $1,250,000.

NEW PERE MARQUETTE BOARD.

Its Majority Is Now Composed of Erie Representatives.

The Directorate of the Père Marquette Railroad, which is controlled by the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton, recently acquired by the Erie Railroad, was reorganized yesterday by the election of a majority of Erie representatives. F. D. Underwood, President of the Erie Railroad and of the Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton Railroad, was elected President of the Père Marquette. The Père Marquette board as reorganized is composed of the following men: George F. Baker, Norman B. Ream, E. H. Harriman, H. McK. Twombly, Samuel Spencer, Charles Steele, J. G. McCullough, F. D. Underwood, Russell Harding, George W. Young, W. C. McMillin, W. R. Cross, George A. Richardson, C. S. Goldsborough, and W. A. Smith.

Russell Harding's recent appointment as Vice President of the Erie Railroad was confirmed by the Directors, and he was made Vice President also of the New York, Susquehanna and Western. A. J. Stone, formerly Superintendent of the Delaware and Hudson, was made Assistant General Manager of the Erie Railroad.

Positive denial was given at the Erie Railroad's office yesterday to the report that the Erie had given an option to the Delaware and Hudson on the controlling interest in the Wilkesbarre and Eastern. In regard to the reported sale of the Wilkesbarre and Eastern it was explained that that road is controlled by the New York, Susquehanna and Western, the stock of which is owned by the Erie Railroad. The Susquehanna and Western stock is pledged under the mortgage given as security for the issue of Erie Railroad Pennsylvania Coal collateral trust bonds.

N. & W. DIVIDEND RAISED.

2 Per Cent. Semi-Annual on Common—$2,000,000 Car Trust Certificate Issue.

The Directors of the Norfolk and Western Railway, at their meeting in Philadelphia yesterday, declared a semi-annual dividend of 2 per cent. on the common stock, raising the annual rate from 3 per cent. to 4 per cent. The increase had been expected for a long time.

Semi-annual dividends at the rate of 1½ per cent. have been paid since December, 1901. Dividends on the stock were begun in 1901 by the payment of semi-annual dividends of 1 per cent.

The Directors also authorized the issue of $2,000,000 car trust certificates.

THE CONSOLIDATED EXCHANGE

Wednesday, Oct. 25, 1905.

Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.
200	Allis-Chalmers	20⅝	20	20	20
7,980	Amal. Copper	85	85	85¼	85¼
410	Am. Car & Fy.	41⅞	42⅜	41½	42⅛
19,770	Am. Locom.	68¾	71	68¾	70
3,730	Am. Smelting	131¼	129¾	130½	129¾
1,980	Am. Sugar	144¼	144⅝	142½	142⅝
320	Am. Woolen	42½	44	42½	43⅝
2,300	A., T. & S. F.	89¾	89¾	88½	88⅝
610	Balt. & Ohio	113⅜	113⅞	113	113
13,750	Brook. Rap. T.	78	78⅝	77½	77⅝
100	Can. Pacific	172½	172½	171½	171½
500	Ches. & Ohio	57⅞	57⅞	56¾	56¾
250	Chi. Gt. West	22	22	21¾	21¾
5,110	C., M. & St. P.	181¾	182¼	180⅛	181¼
1,440	Col. Fuel & I.	40¾	40¾	40	40¼
100	Corn Products	14¾	14¾	14½	14½
5,580	Del. & Hud.	49	49¾	48⅞	49
300	Erie rights	1¼	1¼	1¼	1¼
20	Ill. Central	131	131	130	130
10	Int. Paper	23¾	23¾	23⅜	23⅜
490	Louis. & Nash.	153½	154½	152½	152½
170	Met. Securities	80¾	80¾	79	79
7,910	Met. Street	126¾	126¾	122⅜	122⅜
60	Mex. Central	24¾	24⅞	24½	24½
200	Mo. Pacific	104	104½	103¾	104
250	Nat. Lead	47½	47½	46¾	46¾
1,430	N. Y. Central	153¾	154½	152	152
2,830	N. Y., O. & W.	55¾	56½	54⅝	54⅞
2,940	Nor. & West.	88¾	88¾	87½	87½
490	Pacific Mail	40⅝	40⅝	39¾	39¾
7,080	Pennsylvania	146¾	146¾	145	145¼
170	People's Gas	105¾	105¾	104¾	105⅜
670	Pres'd St'l Car	53⅝	53⅝	52	52
30	Ry. St'l Spring	48¾	48¾	47	47
37,280	Reading	125	127¼	125	126¾
150	Rep. Steel	26⅜	26⅜	20	20
6,780	Rock Island	31⅜	32⅜	29⅞	29⅞
10	St. L. S. W.	23⅝	23⅝	23⅜	23⅜
6,790	Southern Ry.	72¼	72¾	71⅛	71⅝
200	Southern Ry.	37¾	37¾	36¾	36¾
1,400	Tenn. C. & I.	83⅞	83⅞	83⅜	83⅜
15,220	Union Pacific	134½	134⅞	133⅜	134⅛
130	U. S. Rubber	53¾	54	53¾	53¾
10,990	U. S. Steel	35⅝	35¾	35⅜	35⅜
2,810	U. S. Steel pf.	105¼	105¾	104¾	105⅜
60	Wabash	22	22	21½	22
50	Wabash pf.	42¾	42⅞	42¾	42⅞
10	Wis. Central	31	31	31	31

220,180

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 25.—The official closing quotations for mining stocks to-day and yesterday were as follows:

	Wed.	Tues.		Wed.	Tues.
Alta	.03	.03	L. W. Con.	.02	.02
Alpha Con.	.11	.11	Mexican	.87	1.80
Andes	.29	.27	Occid. Con.	.87	.87
Belcher	.29	.29	Ophir	8.75	8.62½
Best & Bel.	1.55	1.50	Overman	.10	.10
Bullion	.37	.35	Potosi	.15	.14
Caledonia	.47	.45	Savage	.51	.52
Chal. Con.	.15	.15	Sier Nevada	.04	.04
Challenge Con.	.18	.15	Silver Hill	.51	.51
Confidence	.75	.70	Standard	.11	.11
C. C. & Va.	1.80	1.70	St. Louis	.06	.06
Con. Imp.	.01	.01	Union Con.	.50	.50
Crown Point	.08	.08	Utah Con.	.04	.05
Gould & C.	.23	.23	Yellow Jacket	.22	.21
Hale & Nor.	1.20	1.15	Silver bars	.62¾	.62¾
Julia	.05	.05	Drafts, sgt	.05	.05
Justice	.02	.02	Telegraph	.07¼	.07¼
Ken. Con.	.02	.02			

Mexican dollars unchanged at .48@.50.

Special to The New York Times.

COLORADO SPRINGS, Oct. 25.—Gardner & Co. report closing prices as follows:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Acacia	11¼	12	Keystone	1¾	2
American	2	21	Lexington	4¼	4¾
Anchor	13	13¾	Little Puck	2¾	3
Anaconda	13	14	Moon Anch.	4½	5
Banner	2¼	2½	Mollie Gib.	5	5¼
C. K. & N.	4	10½	Missouri	1½	2
Cash	2¼	2½	Nevin	5	5¼
Con. Coms.	6¼	6¾	New Haven	2¾	3¼
Dante	3½	3¾	Old Gold	3	3¼
Dr. Jackpot	8	8½	Pilgrim	8	8½
Elkton	69	69½	Pharmacist	3	3¼
Findlay	82	85	Portland	215	220
Gold Bond	3¾	4	Rose Nicol	2¼	2½
Gold Coin	12½	13	Sample	15	17
Gold Dollar	8	8¼	Un. Gold	4¾	5
Golden Cycle	60	70	Vindicator	7½	8
Sovereign	9¾	10	Work	7¼	7½
Isabella	26½	27	Independence	102	105
Jackpot	5	6¼	Teutonic	4¾	5¼
J. Johnson.	16	20			

TREASURY BALANCES.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 25.—To-day's statement of the Treasury balances in the general fund, exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve, shows:

Available cash balances	$120,640,857
Gold coin and bullion	76

COURT CALENDARS.

FEDERAL COURTS.

Supreme Court of the United States.

30—Valentine Huber vs. Jennings-Heywood Oil Syndicate et al.—Passed.
22—Corkran Oil and Development Company vs. Laurent Arnaudet et al.—Argument concluded.
24—The New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad Company vs. the Inter-State Commerce Commission, and 27—The Inter-State Commerce Commission vs. the Chesapeake and Ohio Railway Company et al.—Argument commenced.
Day call for Oct. 26: 24, (and 27,) 25, 26, 29, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, and 36.

Calendars for Thursday, Oct. 26.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT OF APPEALS—Wallace, Lacombe, Townsend, and Coxe, JJ.—Opens in Room 124, Post Office Building, at 10:30 A. M.
54—Armour & Co. vs. Carlas
5—Carpenter-Steam T Gage
57—In re Bloch
42—Brown-U S
44—Nat Salt Co-Ingraham
UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT—Hazel, J.—Opens in Room 48, Post Office Building, at 11 A. M. Calendar for customs appeals called at 11 A. M.
UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT—Holt, J.—Opens in Room 47, Post Office Building, at 11 A. M. Equity calendar.
98—Lauterbach-Buhl vs. Nat Bank
62—N Y N H & H R R R-City of N Y
84—Butler-Pub Pr Assn
86—Cutter Elec & Mfg Co-F. A. La Roche Co
UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT—Adams, J.—Opens in Room 72, Post Office Building, at 10:30 A. M.—Admiralty.
157—Hagan-Hudson
219—Sheridan-Smith
255—Publisi-N Y & Tex
88 Co

STATE COURTS.

Court of Appeals Calendar.

ALBANY, Oct. 25.—The Court of Appeals calendar for to-morrow is Nos. 119, 155, 154, 156, 86, 160, 101, 102.

Calendars for Thursday, Oct. 26.

SUPREME COURT—Appellate Division.—Recess.
SUPREME COURT—Appellate Term—For the hearing of appeals from the City Court and Municipal Court.—Recess.
SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part I.—Stover, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Litigated motions.
1—Thonet-Wilkinson
2—In re Delancy St
3—In re Plasmon Co
4—Stewart-Mouling
5—Ehrich-Grant
6—Abbate-Herter
7—Knickerbocker Trust Co-O'Rourke
8—Nichols-F & C Co
8½—Same-same
9—Mergel-McGibbin
10—Boller-Boller
11—Griger-N Y Ry
12—Koenig-McMiller
13—Kannes-No Bald Co
14—Burnett-Schmitz
15—Brady-Brady
16—Seward-Goodsell
17—Delorme-Met Ry
18—Doerle-Doerle
19—Camp-Schotwell
20—Gordon-Bradford
SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—McCall, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Ex parte matters.
SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part III.—Davis, J.—Opens at 10:15 A. M. Case on. Motions. Preferred Case on. 3256—Mertens-Mertens
8571—Goodwin-Goodwin
General calendar.
Highest number reached on regular call of this calendar, 3127.
SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part IV.—Addoms, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Case on.
SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part V.—Gildersleeve, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Case on.
SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Parts VI., VII., and VIII.—Adjourned for the term.
SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I.—Davy, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Assistant District Attorneys Ely and Lockwood for the People.
1—Herman Ernst
2—George Beyer
SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I.—(June Term)—Davy, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. No day calendar.
SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part II.—Leventritt, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Case on Inquest.
1—Thomas-Smith-Whitney Lum Co
4005—Kaufman Adv Ag-Klee
8307—Liebig Malt Ex Co-Gem Bot & S Co
4065—Van Deventer-Am Temp L Assur Assn
3006—Leon-Thacher
5436—Phelps-Joseph C Co-Nag W W Co
5536—Franco-Tusco
4715—Wineburgh-Dernbitzer
4784—East Adv Co-Dernbitzer
4746—Pocher-Barnes
5320—Hamlin-Carriage Co
5118—Forbes-Reynard
4078—Dall-Dall
512814—Am Ex N Bank-Squires
SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Day Calendar —No. 1.—To be called in Trial Term, Part III., at 10:15 A. M. The attention of the bar is called to Rules VI., VII., and VIII. of the Trial Term of the Supreme Court in the First Judicial District in reference to adjournments, which in part provide: "Causes on the day calendar from Calendar No. 3 shall be sent from Part X. for trial. Not more than two causes shall be held ready on the day calendar for one counsel; in addition to the cause in which he is engaged, and in all causes the counsel who is to try the same must be designated, if required by the court, on the call of the day calendar."
4038—Brenen-Brenen
2440—Mennie-Taylor
5384—Howard - Bank of the Metropolis
2856—Bloscntnal-Wise
1408—Am Am Credit & Ind Co
8003—Maynicke-Central Realty R & T Co
1528¾—Morrison-Koven
1942—Goldstein-Margolies
Highest number reached on regular call of this calendar, 1,280.
SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part III.—O'Gorman, J.—Opens at 10:15 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Calendar clear.
SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part IV.—Dugro, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Case on.
SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part V.—Macomber, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Case on.
SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part VI.—Dowling, J.—Opens at 10:30 A. M. Cases to be sent from day calendar for trial. Case on.
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5118—Forbes-Reynard
4078—Dall-Dall
512814—Am Ex N Bank-Squires
SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part III

TIONS WANTED.
insertion; 7 words to line.
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by intelligent young man housekeeper; office man, or apid penman; quick, accu- ian; has excellent business references; very moderate e. Box 328 Times, Times
English; 18 months' ex- n reference; height 6 feet, quare Hotel, 10th Av. and
VALET.—Smart about gen- plies; wages $30; city, coun- Harlem.
ist or servant to gentleman; th 25; good references. J. 60th St.
2 years' experience, as office clerk, having knowledge of writing, and bookkeeping; Canadian. Box 328 Times,
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1879. STERN'S SCHOOL OF GUAGES, ES AND GENTLEMEN, East 86th Street. School, 177 Montague St. t the school or at private resi- B. MERAS, Director.
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IN THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

Aldrich Estate Properties Bring Nearly $5,000,000 at Auction—Purchases by Operators on West and Greenwich Streets—Other Dealings.

The auction branch of the real estate market has witnessed in recent years no more thoroughly successful event than yesterday's sale of the Aldrich estate holdings. Not only did about $5,000,000 worth of property change hands—the exact amount realized was $4,911,500—but the tradition about the difficulty of disposing of parcels of high value at auction received a serious setback. Aldrich Court and the Columbia Building were sold for $1,200,000 and $1,050,000, respectively, and for half a dozen other properties, worth over $250,000 each, there was no lack of competition.

No other auction offerings had been listed yesterday, a provision which turned out to be a wise one, for the crowd attracted by the Aldrich sale spread out from Auctioneer Bryan L. Kennelly's stand to the walls of the salesroom in every direction. It was estimated that when the sale began over 1,000 persons were present, included in the gathering being nearly every operator and broker of prominence in the city.

After 872 Broadway had been sold for $139,000 and one or two other properties of comparatively moderate value struck down, the reading of the terms of sale for Aldrich Court, at 41 to 45 Broadway, caused the crowd to sit up and take notice. The first bid was $750,000. Advances of $50,000 and $100,000 carried the price to $1,000,000. R. E. Simon of L. J. Phillips & Co. offered $1,050,000 and, after three more bids had been taken, succeeded in getting the property for $1,200,000. Mr. Simon announced immediately afterward that he had bought the building for the Hamburg-American Packet Company. Gossip in real estate circles throughout the afternoon was all to the effect that the company had paid a very modest price for a very choice piece of real estate. The building, which is nine stories in height, stands on a plot of over 15,000 square feet, with a Broadway frontage of 80.3 feet.

The other lower Broadway structure, the Columbia Building at Morris Street, which shared with Aldrich Court the distinction of being the feature of the sale, was the subject of less competition. The bidding for it started at $800,000 and went to $1,050,000, at which figure it was sold to Evan Shelby, an attorney representing one of the Aldrich heirs.

Broadway properties in the mercantile district brought out some of the liveliest bidding of the afternoon—notably the building at 600 and 602, near Houston Street, occupied by Sullivan, Drew & Co. The price of this parcel was carried from $270,000 to $405,000, the successful bidder being C. W. Landon. The old three-story structure at the southwest corner of Broadway and West Third Street was bought by Charles Laue for $175,000.

Robert E. Dowling of the City Investing Company took a hand in the bidding for several properties, but was a buyer only in one instance, that of the building covering the block front along the east side of Church Street, between Warren and Chambers Streets. Other properties in the immediate dry goods district, on Leonard and Worth Streets, found ready buyers, and good prices were also paid for buildings on Murray and Warren Streets, between Broadway and Church Street. The group of three apartment houses at the northeast corner of Amsterdam Avenue and Seventy-fifth Street, went to the Whitehall Realty Company on a bid of $267,000.

Several Brooklyn properties served to swell the proceeds of the sale by $73,300, while 491 lots at South Oyster Bay, L. I., sold in one parcel, bought an additional $6,200.

Complete details of the Aldrich sale, with buyers' names and prices, will be found below.

Deals on West and Greenwich Streets.

Daniel B. Freedman and William H. Chesebrough have bought from the New York Steam Company 117 and 118 West Street, between Cortlandt and Dey Streets, old buildings on plot 48 by 72. The Chelsikahk Company and Robert R. Rainey were the brokers in the deal.

Mr. Freedman has also bought, through Robert R. Rainey, from the Hazen estate the five-story building 74 Greenwich Street, with lot 23 by 100.

Amsterdam Avenue Purchase.

Harry Schwitzer has sold to S. G. Proops 803 Amsterdam Avenue, a five-story triple flat, 25 by 100.

William F. Koch has sold for A. Guthman & Co. the two five-story double flats 203 and 205 West 102d Street, each 50 by 100.11.

Duff & Brown have sold for Charles M. Vance 452 West 151st Street, a five-story double flat, 25 by 100.

Site for New Apartment House.

Samuel Mandel has bought from Meyer Bernheimer the northeast corner of Amsterdam Avenue and 118th Street, a plot 74.10 by 50; also, the plot, 100 by 100.11, adjoining on the street. A nine-story elevator apartment house will be erected on the site.

The Beekman Realty Company has resold to Barbara Schultz 2,617 Eighth Avenue, between 139th and 140th Streets, five-story triple flat, 27 by 100. Louis Dolber was the broker.

The property sold by Widmayer & Co. and Joachim & Goldschmidt for C. V. Schmidt to Caspar Levy and Henry Mandel, was the southwest corner of Amsterdam Avenue and 106th Street, not 165th Street.

Dwellings Sold in Various Sections.

Slawson & Hobbs have sold for William F. Havemeyer the three-story brownstone dwelling, 896 West End Avenue, 20 by 87 by 69.

Charles A. Moran has sold the four-story dwelling 107 East Sixty-fifth Street, on lot 20 by 80.

Blakeslee Barnes and M. Kinzler are the buyers of 72 West Fifty-second Street. White & Phipps were the brokers.

Shaw & Co. have sold for Nettie Cohen 162 West 130th Street, a three-story brownstone dwelling, 19 by 57 by 100.

Grayson Martin has sold 244 West 130th Street, a three-story dwelling on lot 18.9 by 99.11.

The Ernst-Cahn Realty Company has sold for M. L. & C. Ernst to Moritz Sondberg the three-story dwelling 12 Washington Terrace, 17.9 by 62.6.

Buyer for 28th Street Building.

F. & G. Pflomm have sold for Henry Goodkind 43 West Twenty-eighth Street, a five-story building, on lot 21.4 by 98.9.

S. B. Goodale & Son have resold for Emma L. Canton 224 West Twenty-eighth Street, front and rear tenements, on lot 24.6 by 98.9, to George W. McAdam.

Frankenthaler & Sapinsky, as attorneys, have bought the five-story tenement 410 West Fifty-sixth Street, 25 by 95 and irregular.

Charles E. Duross was the broker in the sale of 92 Jane Street for John J. Clark to John J. Danahar.

More Opposition to Mortgage Tax.

The Harlem Property Owners' Association has instructed its Committee on Legislation to make inquiry as to the views of nominees for the Assembly, relative to the repeal of the mortgage tax law, and to report at the next meeting of the association, to be held on Friday, Oct. 27.

The West Side Taxpayers' Association has adopted resolutions pledging its members, irrespective of political affiliations, to seek the repeal of the mortgage tax law and to co-operate to this end with the Allied Real Estate Interests.

Sixteenth Street Building Leased.

Frederick Fox & Co. have leased for Kurzrok Brothers to various tenants all but one floor in the new ten-story building 55 West Sixteenth Street.

Second Avenue Properties Sold.

Louis Levin and Isaac Portman have sold 198, 200, and 202 Second Avenue, a plot 51 by 120, to a builder, for improvement.

L. Linze and Walter D. Starr have sold for L. S. Schwartz and H. Lipman to the Rose Hill Realty Corporation the two four-story flats 552 and 554 Second Avenue, on plot 32.9 by 100.

George Rudolph has sold 1,538 Second Avenue, a four-story building, on lot 17 by 77, to Morris Steinheimer, who owns the adjoining southeast corner of Eighty-first Street, and now controls a plot 37 by 77.

Deal for Pleasant Avenue Corner.

Nieberg Brothers have bought the southwest corner of Pleasant Avenue and 117th Street, 75 by 94.

F. Dornberger has sold for Carl Fetch to W. Schroeder the four-story double flat 348 East Eighty-sixth Street, on lot 25 by 100.

Lubetkin Brothers are the buyers of the two five-story tenements 228 and 230 East 104th Street, recently reported sold.

O'Reilly, Fried & Dahn have sold for a client to a Mr. Boess the five-story tenement 332 East Seventy-third Street, 25 by 102.2.

Julia Kann has bought from Louis Knopping 1,759 Third Avenue, a five-story tenement, on lot 25 by 85.

Webster Avenue Lots Change Hands.

Moses Hochster has sold six lots on Webster Avenue, between 169th Street and Anna Place, running through to Brook Avenue, 75 by 200.

Charles S. Kohler has sold for W. W. Nyles the frame dwelling on plot 50 by 100, on the south side of 203d Street, 167 feet east of the Grand Concourse.

J. Helion & Co. have sold to a client for Patrick Minehan the five-story double flat 716 East 137th Street.

The Ernst-Cahn Realty Company has sold for Moritz Sondberg 560 East 135th Street, a five-story tenement, on lot 25 by 150.

Weissman & Henschell have resold to a client 538 East 134th Street, a five-story double flat, 25 by 100.

The Wakefield Park Realty Company has sold to P. K. McGawley Lots 287 and 288, at Wakefield Park.

To Open Up Atlantic Highlands Tract.

William H. Appleton & Co. have sold for the First National Bank of Red Bank, N. J., to the Property Development Company Sheriff Thompson farm at Atlantic Highlands, N. J., comprising about 108 acres, together with the Thompson homestead, a colonial mansion well known to the residents of Monmouth County. The property is about three-quarters of a mile west of the Atlantic Highlands pier of the New Jersey Central Railroad, and has a frontage of about 1,200 feet on Valley Drive and 4,000 feet on Thompson Avenue, running down to Raritan Bay. The Property Development Company is cutting up the tract into about 1,100 lots. The place will be known as "Mardean."

Quick Resale of Brooklyn Houses.

Lubetkin Brothers have bought four four-story double flats, 682 to 688 Lexington Avenue, Brooklyn, each 26 by 100, and have resold the property.

Results of Aldrich Estate Sale.

Detailed results of the auction sale of the Aldrich estate properties follow:

By Bryan L. Kennelly.

Executors' Sale.

Broadway, 41 to 45, n s, 116.6 ft s of Exchange Place, and running through to Trinity Place, 80.3x190.4x82.1x190, nine-story building, known as Aldrich Court; to L. J. Phillips & Co., representing the Hamburg-American Packet Co. $1,200,000

Broadway, 29, n w corner of Morris St, extending to Trinity Place, 29.9x18.3x88.7 and irregular, twelve-story office structure known as Columbia Building; to E. Shelby 1,050,000

Broadway, 600 and 602, w s, 56.8 ft s of Houston St, and running through to Crosby St, 49.8x198, six-story store and loft building; to C. W. Landon 405,000

Broadway, 681, s w corner of 3d St, 25x100, three-story brick building; to Charles Sokolyn 175,000

Broadway, 372, e s, 75 ft s of White St, 25x100, running through to Cortlandt Alley, five-story marble-front store and loft building; to Herman and Martin King 139,000

Warren St, 32, and Chambers St, 102, being the block front on the east side of Church St, between Warren and Chambers Sts, 25x175, five-story building with two stores; to R. E. Dowling 248,000

Leonard St, 75 and 77, n s, 114 ft e of Church St, 50.10x100, five-story marble-front store and loft building; to Simon Lebowitz 169,000

Warren St, 82 and 84, n s, 175.7 ft w of West Broadway, 50x100, two five-story buildings; to Robert J. Mosbach 102,500

Worth St, 71 and 73, n s, 75 ft e of Church St, 50x100, two-story brownstone front building; to Herbert A. Sherman 185,000

Worth St, 75 and 77, n s, adjoining the foregoing on the east, 50x100, five-story marble-front building; to Alister Greene 189,500

14th St, 8 East, s s, 100 ft e of 5th Av, 42x100.3; leasehold, five-story iron-front building; to B. Englander 83,500

Murray St, 17 and 19, n s, 256.7 ft w of Broadway, 50x100, two five-story brownstone buildings; to the American Mortgage Company 200,000

Murray St, 23, 25, and 27, n s, 25.6 ft e of Church St, 74.8x67.6, three five-story brownstone buildings, together with 27 and 31 Warren St, abutting upon the foregoing, 25.3 and 24.9, respectively, 57.6, two five-story brownstone buildings; sold as one parcel to John W. Shedd 435,000

83d St, 48 East, s s, 103 ft e of Madison Av, 16x102.2, four-story brownstone dwelling, with extension; to Edward Weil 83,500

Amsterdam Av, n e corner of 75th St, 127.2x100, three six-story apartment houses; to the Whitehall Realty Company 267,000

Fulton St, Brooklyn, 2,015 to 2,021, junction of Somers St, 127.4x124.2x27.11, three-story brick flats, with stores; to Meyer Harrman 13,500

Fulton St, 2,029, 25.6x40.4, three-story brick flat, with stores; to B. Englander 6,750

Fulton St, 2,055, 20x55.6, three-story brick flat, with stores; to Paul Finkelstein 7,500

Fulton St, 2,041, 20x68.8, three-story brick flat, with store; to Charles Heyman 8,100

Herkimer St, Brooklyn, 1,182, s e corner of Radde Place, 20x80.6, three-story flat, with store; to B. Englander 6,750

Herkimer St, 1,342, s w corner of Olive Place, 19x90, three-story brick flat; to M. Rubin 6,900

7th Av, Brooklyn, e s, 40 ft s of 64th St, four lots, each 20x80, together with an adjoining lot on 64th St and one on 65th St; to J. W. Arfman 3,800

East New York Av, Albany, Lefferts, and Troy Avs, plot about 180x407 in this block, together with Lefferts Av, Albany Av, Maibone St, and Troy Av, plot about 287x225 in this block; to Charles Gotthelf 20,000

Central and Bay Avs, Hawthorne, Oak, Hickory, and Chestnut Sts, South Oyster Bay, L. I., tract of 491 lots; sold as one parcel to Moe Loeb. 6,200

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

List of Plans Filed for New Structures in Manhattan and Bronx.

Macdougal St, 87, for six-story brick lofts, 50.1x25; M. Galgano, premises, owner; Bernstein & Bernstein of 24 East 23d St, architects; cost, $15,000.

100th St, 429 East, for a two-story brick office and shop, 25x15; J. Ryerson, Montclair, N. J., owner; M. J. Gavigan of 8,307 3d Av, architect; cost, $3,500.

Minford Place, e s, 200 ft s of 172d St, for a five-story brick tenement, 44x88; Stephen G. Stull of 1,488 Minford Place, owner; William T. La Velle, Freeman St and Southern Boulevard, architect; cost, $38,000.

Chestnut St, s s, 225 ft e of Boston Road, for a two-and-a-half-story frame dwelling, 19x40; John Sullivan, Arden estate, William's Bridge, owner; George P. Crosier of 92 East 10th St, William's Bridge, architect; cost, $4,000.

Concord Av, w s, 175.7 ft s of 147th St, for a two-story brick dwelling, 25x50; Alma Gollick of 402 East 88th St, owner; John P. Voelker of 979 3d Av, architect; cost, $7,000.

Jefferson St, w s, 1,475 ft n of Morris Park Av, for a two-story frame dwelling, 22x45; Brocken & Flood, Hunt and Bronxdale Avs, owners; Elliott Peterson of 21 Amethyst St, architect; cost, $4,000.

Hoe St, e s, 300 n of 167th St, for a five-story brick tenement, 25x87.4; A. A. Silberberg of 258 Broadway, owner; Neville & Bagge of 217 West 125th St, architects; cost, $30,000.

Alterations.

Items involving less than $5,000 omitted.

Ridge St, 113, to a four-story brick tenement; S. Harris of 67 East 3d St., owner; O. Reissmann of 30 1st St, architect; cost, $5,000.

Eldridge St, 9, to a five-story brick tenement; S. Shapiro of 16 West 115th St, owner; O. Reissmann, architect; cost, $5,000.

Henry St, 195, to a five-story brick tenement; S. Holzman of 132 East 74th St, owner; M. Zipkes, architect; cost, $5,000.

1st St, 78, to a five-story brick tenement; J. Bocker of 270 Stanton St, owner; O. Reissmann, architect; cost, $5,000.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Wednesday, Oct. 25.

AMSTERDAM AV, 803, e s, 24.11x100; Elias Rosenthal to Harry Schwitzer, (mtg $35,000) ..... Nom.

AMSTERDAM AV, e s, 275 ft n of Tremont Av, 50x100; Bankers' Realty and Security Company to Julius Seibold... 100

AQUEDUCT AV EAST, e s, 50.8 ft n of Bruchanan Place, 25.4x107.6; Henry E. Hall to Bella Peterson, (mtg $800). 100

BRADHURST AV, s e corner of 148th St, 23x75; Elias Rosenthal to Harry Schwitzer, (mtg $14,500) ..... Nom.

BRADHURST AV, n e corner of 140th St, 25x75; Abraham Nelson to M. Veit, ½ part, (mtg $24,000) 100

BRIGGS AV, 2,808, s e s, 23.5x97.8; Frederick Stuvenwall to Helen W. Ellenberg, (mtg $5,500) 100

BROOK AV, e s, 96.11 ft n of 167th St, 89.7x106.11; Augustus N. Morris and another to Augusta M. De Peyster.... Nom.

BROOK AV, 1,066, e s, 26.6x156.11; Ellie Friedman to Max Friedman and another 100

BROOME ST, 99, s s, 25x75; Abraham Krivitsky and others to Solomon Silberman and another, all title 100

BROOME ST, 99, s s, 25x75; S. Silberman and others to Abraham Krivitsky and another, 1-3 part, (mtg $18,500)... 100

CONVENT AV, e s, 33 ft n of 148th St, 16.11x85; Metropolitan Trust Company to Mary E. Buckley ..... Nom.

CRESTON AV, e s, 158.7 ft n of 196th St, 40x74.6; Morris M. Corwin to E. Ludewig, (mtg $3,000) 100

EASTERN BOULEVARD, n e corner of Arnow Av, —x—; Warranty Realty Company to Charles Rosenberg and others ..... Nom.

FREEMAN ST, s s, 96 ft w of Chisholm St, 24x100; C. L. Winslow to Charles Hartmann, (mtg $6,700) 100

FULTON AV, e s, 106 ft n from the s w corner of Lot 68, map of Morrisania; William J. Smith to Agnes E. Rogers, (mtg $5,000) 100

JACKSON ST, 41 and 43, n w corner of Cherry St, 50x100; Gouverneur Realty Company to Samuel Gross and others, (mtg $65,400) 100

JANE ST, s s, 88.5 ft e of Washington St, 24x70.8; C. Grant to John J. Danaher, (mtg $6,600) 100

LEXINGTON AV, e s, 56.7 ft n of 51st St, 18.4x67; Patrick McNulty to John J. Pallas, (mtg $12,000) 100

LEXINGTON AV, 1,839 and 1,841, e s, 41.2x78; Barbara Jordan to Paul Shalet, (mtg $47,000) ..... Nom.

LOT 203, map of 211 lots, part of Downing estate, 25x81; Rose A. Cullen to Isaac L. Dunn ..... Nom.

LOT 14, map of 181 lots, Varian estate, 24th Ward; Mosholu Parkway Realty Company to William Fitzgerald..... 100

LOT 26, map of 181 lots, Varian estate, 24th Ward; Mosholu Parkway Realty Company to Charles Hauer..... 100

LOT 119, map of 181 lots, Varian estate, 24th Ward; Mosholu Parkway Realty Company to Elizabeth W. Small..... 100

LOT 118, map of 181 lots, Varian estate, 24th Ward; Mosholu Parkway Realty Company to Per Rydberg..... 100

LOT 136, map of 181 lots, Varian estate, 24th Ward; Mosholu Parkway Realty Company to F. Mauro 100

LOT 548, map of Wakefield, 100x114; Aaron Baum to Jacob Diamond and another, (mtg $2,100) 100

LOTS 24 and 25, map of 181 lots, Varian estate, 24th Ward; Mosholu Parkway Realty Company to Henry R. Knopf.. 100

LOTS 37 and 38, map of 181 lots, Varian estate, 24th Ward; Mosholu Parkway Realty Company to Louis Pichetto..... 100

LOTS 69 TO 72, map of 181 lots, Varian estate, 24th Ward; Mosholu Parkway Realty Company to William F. Beleer. 100

LOTS 34 to 36, 78 and 79, map of 181 lots, Varian estate, 24th Ward; Mosholu Parkway Realty Company to John A. Prigge 100

LOTS 45 to 53, map of 181 lots, Varian estate, 24th Ward; Mosholu Parkway Realty Company to Cech Realty Company 100

LOTS 67 and 68, map land William F. Duncan; Henry Price and others to Christian Strohm..... $2,100

LOTS 45 to 48, Map 160 lots, M. Morgenthau; John J. Brennan to John F. Kaiser 100

NATHALIE AV, w s, 289.9 ft n of lands of Tecca W. Reed, runs w 101.1x n 300.8x s 30x e 330.3; Heath Av, e s, 283.1 ft n of land of T. N. Reed, runs e 100.7x n 300.8x n 30x —x s 330.8; Heath Av, w s, 270.8 ft n of land of T. N. Reed, runs w 100.7x n 305x e 100.7x s 305; Bailey Av, e s, 274.4 ft n of land of F. N. Reed, runs e 101.5x n 305x w 100.7x s 305; Harry Fried to Lazarus Fried, ½ part..... 100

SEDGWICK AV, s s, 270.6 ft s of 167th St, 75x120; Samuel Kahn to William M. Sporborg. (mtg $3,000) 100

ST. ANN'S AV, 508, e s, 25x121.8; August E. A. Schramm to Otto Ehrenhardt, (mtg $17,500) 100

ST. OWEN PLACE, n s, Lots 6 and 7, Map No. 1 of South Vernon Park, 50x112; Eliza C. Jürgens to Wulf A. Jurgens ..... Nom.

ST. OWEN PLACE, n s, Lots 2 and 3, Map 1, South Mount Vernon; Eliza C. Jürgens to Wulf A. Jurgens ..... Nom.

WASHINGTON AV, n w corner of 185th St, 100x irregular; Abraham Levy to Harry A. Thnor, (mtg $13,000) 100

WESTCHESTER AV, e s, 253 ft e of Bergen Av, 28x54.2; Julius R. Hochreln, trustee, to Arrigo Arrigoni..... 15,000

WESTCHESTER AV, s w corner of Brook Av, 75.8x87.2; Jacob Stelner to Leopold Hutter 100

WEST END AV, 381, n w corner of 78th St, 20x49.10; James H. Burtenshaw to Lillian H. Levy and another, (mtg $24,500) 100

1ST AV, 2,291, w s, 28.8x67; Elizabeth Buchholz to Samson Rosenfield, (mtg $10,000) 100

2D ST, w s, Lot 1,153, Map 143 lots, Wakefield; Annie Komissar to Christian Strohm, (mtg $4,500) 2,800

2D AV, e s, 25.2 ft s of 79th St, 25.6x74.6; H. Wallach to Herman Levy and another, (mtg $20,000) 100

5TH AV, 1,465, e s, 25x53; B. Bockar to David S. Kalman, (mtg $27,750)..... 100

5TH AV, n e corner of 215th St, 50x100; Frank M. Hill to Antonio Nocito and another, (mtg $8,750) 100

7TH AV, 2,328 and 2,330, w s, 53.11x100; Henrietta Kahn to Harry Goldstein, (mtg $60,500) ..... Nom.

7TH AV, 2,328 and 2,330, w s, 53.11x100; Harry Goldstein to Bertha Goldstein, (mtg $60,500) ..... Nom.

7TH AV, w s, 70.11 ft s of 118th St, 25x100; Thomas Shirlaw to John Palmer and another, (mtg $20,000) 100

9TH AV, w s, 132 ft n of 17th St, 25.11x100; Helen F. McKeough to Henry V. A. Parsell, (mtg $16,000) 100

11TH ST, n s, 124 ft e of Dry Dock St, 20.8x75; Elias Mulry to Quintard Iron Works Co. 100

12TH ST, n s, 405 ft w of Avenue C, 100x216.6, Unionport; Frederick G. Letach to Charles A. Weber, ½ part, all title, (mtg $8,250) 100

18TH ST, 418 East, 25x92; Henry Kelling to Charles R. Farnolo, (mtg $7,000) ..... Omitted

42D ST, 455 West, 20x100.5; Margaretta Gotthold to Henrietta Well, (mtg $9,000) 100

45TH ST, 229 East, 25x100.5; Max Rollnick to Irving Bachrach, (mtg $15,450) 100

47TH ST, s s, 200 ft e of 7th Av, 16.8x100.4; Minnie G. Musgrave to Hunter Wykes 100

48TH ST, n s, 325 ft w of 10th Av, 25x100.5; Charles Martin to Paul Kaskel and others, (mtg $14,500) ..... Nom.

49TH ST, 331 West, 25x100.5; C. F. Newhall to Paul Kaskel and others, (mtg $21,000) 100

58TH ST, n s, 180 ft w of 1st Av, 20x100.5; Ida Haug to Arthur Haug, ¼ part, (mtg $11,000) ..... Nom.

61ST ST, n s, 224.6 ft e of 2d Av, 75x100.5; Elizabeth Bode to John Bozuffi, (mtg $30,000) 100

66TH ST, s s, 316.8 ft e of 2d Av, 16.8x100.5; A. Brey to Frederick C. Brey, (mtg $2,000) ..... Nom.

77TH ST, 316 West, 22x102.2; Susie Smith to John J. Kennedy, (mtg $24,000) 100

80TH ST, n s, 100 ft e of 3d Av, 17.1x90; Almet R. Latson and another, executors, to Jacob Simon 6,000

84TH ST, 153 East, 21.11x102.2; Louis Schnell to Charles B. Gumb, (mtg $8,000) 100

92D ST, n s, 94 ft e of 1st Av, 125x100.8; William Bachrach and others to Harris Kahn, (mtg $22,250) 100

104TH ST, 115 to 121 East, 65x100.11; Isidor Jackson and others to Julius Weinstein, (mtg $24,500) 100

104TH ST, 115 to 121 East, 65x100.11; Julius Weinstein to Philip Levinson and another, (mtg $74,500) 100

107TH ST, s s, 200.8 ft e of 3d Av, 87.5x100.11; Louis Lese and others to Realty Transfer Company, (mtg $750) 100

107TH ST, n s, 200.8 ft e of 3d Av, 87.5x100.11; Realty Transfer Company to Simon Jacobs, (mtg $30,750) 100

107TH ST, s s, 200.8 ft e of 3d Av, 87.5x100.11; Simon Jacobs to Samuel Hutkoff, ½ part, (mtg $58,000) 100

107TH ST, 319 West, 20x100.11; Elizabeth E. Brown to K. M. Cushman, (mtg $27,000) 100

114TH ST, n s, 248 ft e of Pleasant Av, 125x100.10; G. T. St. John, executor, to David G. Ludins 40,000

118TH ST, 339 and 341 East, 41.8x100.10; Biagio Pernetti to Moses I. Siegel and another, (mtg $19,000) 100

119TH ST, 59 West, 16.8x100.11; Charles D. Boscher to Frieda Hart, (mtg $6,000) 100

120TH ST, 312 West, 24.9x100.11; Thomas J. Keane to Rose Keane, (mtg $21,000) 100

123D ST, 224 East, 22½ block; Hyman Maanheim and others to Jacob Bernstein, (mtg $6,000) 100

124TH ST, s s, 228.6 ft w of 1st Av, 18x100.11; Patrick S. Trainor to Rebecca C. Castle and others, (mtg $7,000)..... 100

130TH ST, n s, 166.8 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 56.4x irregular; Reid Ice Cream Company to Louis Manheim, (mtg $6,500) 100

133D ST, 42 East, 20x99.11; David N. Carvalho to Louis Lese, (mtg $30,000) ..... Nom.

133D ST, 14 East, 20x99.11; Lydia W. Paterson to Louis Lese..... 100

136TH ST, n s, 173 ft w of Walnut Av, 80x202.10; Port Morris Land and Improvement Company to Mugler's Iron Works Corporation 100

137TH ST, 129 and 131 West, 50x99.11; Mary Stavenhagen to Jacob Mohr, (mtg $41,500) 100

140TH ST, n s, 195 ft w of 5th Av, 175x99.11; Samuel Luxenberg to Jonas Luxenberg, (mtg $88,000) 100

143D ST, n s, 100 ft e of 8th Av, 37.6x99.11; Samuel Blumenstock to William Silverberg, all title, all liens..... 100

143D ST, 230 West, 25x99.11; Amelia Bach to Anselm Realty Company, (mtg $25,000) 100

145TH ST, s s, 142 ft w of Convent Av, 15x99.11; Austin B. Fletcher, trustee, to Frederic J. Fuller 13,365

147TH ST, n s, 100 ft e of Brook Av, 25x100; Gottfried Kappus to Freda Kappus and another, (mtg $10,000)..... Nom.

153D ST, s s, 300 ft w of Courtlandt Av, 25x116.2; W. Haffen to Paul Kroehlich 100

162D ST, n s, 220.5 ft e of Prospect Av, 40x100; Frederick McCarthy to Theo. M. Macy and another..... 100

162D ST, s s, at w s of track of Hudson River Railroad, runs s 423x w —x n —x s —; plot begins on w s of Hudson River Railroad, 50 ft from n s of 160th St, —x—; Anna M. Lamont to Emily M. Roemer ..... Nom.

168TH ST, 472 West, 24.4x99.11; Annie Spears to Joseph Haslun..... 100

Recorded Mortgages.

Interest is at 6 per cent. unless otherwise specified.

ABENANTE, Michele, to Theodore J. Chabot; 152d St, s s, 125 ft w of Morris Av, 3 years, 5½ per cent..... 3,500

ABENANTE, Michele, to J. Di Blasco; 152d St, s s, 125 ft w of Morris Av, prior mtg $3,500, 3 years, 5½ per cent. 1,200

ABENANTE, Michele, to J. Di Blasco; 152d St, s s, 125 ft w of Morris Av, prior mtg $4,700, 3 years, 5½ per cent. 1,000

ADELSTEIN, Hyman, and others to State Bank; 7th Av, n w corner of 119th St, due Dec. 1, 1907, 6 per cent., 25 notes..... 50,000

ANSELM REALTY COMPANY to J. Gerlach; 143d St, 237 West, 1 year, 6 per cent. 1,500

ANSELM REALTY COMPANY to A. Rasch; 143d St, 227 West, prior mtg $26,500, 1 year, 6 per cent..... 1,000

ARRIGONI, Arrigo, to Roger Arrigoni and another; Westchester Av, s s, 253 ft e of Bergen Av, due July 1, 1908..... 12,500

ARRIGONI, Arrigo, to A. A. Sullivan; Westchester Av, s s, 253 ft e of Bergen Av, demand, 6 per cent. 500

ASCHENBRAND, Karl, to Title Guarantee and Trust Company; 3,021 3d Av, demand 10,500

BAKER, John O., to New York Mortgage and Security Company; Broadway, n w corner of 140th St, prior mtg $60,000, demand 30,000

BAKER, James, to Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Company; 16th St, s s, 150 ft w of 6th Av, 5 days, 4½ per cent. 8,000

BELLER, William F., to Mosholu Parkway Realty Company; Lots 69 to 72, map of Varian estate, 3 years..... 2,900

BERGER, Julius, to A. Wolff; Orchard St, 189, prior mtg $30,000, 3 years, 6 per cent. 7,000

BOSTWICK, Catherine M., to H. S. James; 309 West 140th St, 1 year, 6 per cent., prior mtg $20,000..... 10,000

BOZZUFFI, John, to Elizabeth Bode; 61st St, s s, 224.6 ft e of 2d Av, 2 mtgs $7,000 each, prior mtg $10,000, 3 years, 6 per cent. 21,000

PRIGGE, John A., to Mosholu Parkway Realty Company; Lots 78 and 79, map of Varian estate, 3 years..... 2,000

PRIGGE, John A., to Mosholu Parkway Realty Company; Lots 34 to 36, map of Varian estate, 3 years..... 2,000

BRISNIHAN, Johanna, and another to William H. Sage; 219th St, s s, 80 ft e of White Plains Av, 3 years, 5½ per cent. 5,223

BRISNIHAN, Johanna, and another to Mattie C. Raynolds; 219th St, s s, 80 ft e of White Plains Av, 3 years, 5½ per cent. 1,206

BUCKLEY, Mary E., to Metropolitan Trust Company; Convent Av, 155, 3 years, —per cent. 10,000

BUSSE, Morris, to Mosholu Parkway Realty Company; Lots 93 and 94, map of Varian estate, 1 year..... 1,200

BUSSE, Morris, to Max Mann & Co.; Convent Av, 155, prior mtg $10,000, 3 years, —per cent. 3,000

CECH REALTY COMPANY to Mosholu Parkway Realty Company; Lots 45 to 53, map of Varian estate, 3 years..... 5,900

DORB, Henry, and another to M. Rubel; 75th St, 331 East, 5 years..... 4,000

EBERHARDT, M., to C. Linde; 221 St, s w s, 345 ft s e of 10th Av, 3 years. 3,000

EHRENHARDT, Otto, to A. E. A. Schramm; St. Ann's Av, 508, due Jan. 24, 1906 800

FARUOLO, Charles R., to American Mortgage Company; 18th St, s s, 209 ft e of 1st Av, due June 30, 1907, 5½ per cent. 10,000

FARUOLO, Charles R., to Henry Kelling; 18th St, s s, 209 ft e of 1st Av; 18th St, s s, 267 ft e of 1st Av, prior mtg $10,000, 4 years..... 3,000

FITZGERALD, William G., to Mosholu Parkway Realty Company; Lot 14, map of Varian estate, 3 years..... 870

GIANNONE, John, to L. Eickwort; 183d St, s s, 148.9 ft w of Southern Boulevard, 10 years, 6 per cent..... 1,750

GLASSER, Heiman, to Mosholu Parkway Realty Company; Lots 180

BRONX. FOR SALE.

177th Street — New York City

Bronx Lots

TREMONT TERRACE

On the line of the Westchester Avenue Rapid Transit extension, as approved by the Board of Estimate July 14.
HIGH GROUND, LEVEL LAND, NO ROCKS, FINE OLD SHADE TREES.
Situated in the most aristocratic section, fronting on the Eastern Boulevard and

PELHAM BAY PARK

—THE LARGEST PARK IN NEW YORK CITY—1,756 ACRES, WITH 9 MILES OF WATERFRONT, WITH BATHING, BOATING, AND FISHING.

$850 and up. ‖ on easy payments.

500 lots already sold - - - only 300 choice lots left

No assessments; we make all improvements—grading streets, laying stone sidewalks, curbs, crossings, water and gas pipes, etc. Many artistic cottages being built now. Titles guaranteed by the Lawyers' Title Insurance Co.

THE GREATEST BARGAIN OF THE CENTURY.

We are now selling improved city property at acreage prices which in 12 to 18 months will positively increase 300 to 400 per cent.
If you are looking for an unparalleled, gilt-edged investment or an ideal home site, this is your opportunity. See our property and convince yourself or write to-day for map and full particulars.

Bankers' Realty & Security Co., Owners,

1,005 Flatiron Building, 5th Av. and 23d St. Tel. 1342—Gramercy.
BRANCH OFFICE: SPEARS' AMERICAN EXCHANGE, 171 BROADWAY.
Take Lenox Av. Subway to West Farms, then Tremont Av. Trolley to Westchester Village. At Westchester our branch office is on Main Street.

I Guarantee to Sell

New or Old Apartments inside of 24 hours

Exceptional Bargains

Have a number of 5 and 6 story New-Law Houses (4 and 5 room apartments.) In vicinity of Rapid Transit Station. Also several in course of construction which will be sold cheap from the plans.

Attention, Builders!

I have for sale good plots on the line of Rapid Transit with building loans.

For Sale or Exchange

Improved and Unimproved Property IN THE BRONX.

Chas. Jungman

Westchester Av. cor. Dawson St
Telephone, 1930 Melrose.

Speculators & Investors

Two four-story and basement, 18-family flats, on a plot 50x90; for $37,000; mortgages to suit; rents $3,050.

LOSERE,
871 Brook Av.

$8,000 cash buys five-story double flat, two stores; price $21,000.

J. CLARENCE DAVIES,
149TH ST. AND 3D AV.

STRICTLY BARGAIN

Sedgewick Av., four lots, two fronts, $7,500; three-family house, $8,500; rent $64 monthly. E. Osborne Smith, Jerome Av., 161st St.

Near McKinley Square, five-story corner flat, all modern improvements; little cash required; would entertain exchange with part cash. Engle, 704 3d Av.

Lincoln Av.—Five-story 12-room tenement, $26,500; $3,000 cash. Folsom Brothers, 835 Broadway.

Lots near White Plains Av. and 233d St. (not in Yonkers) $500 upward; easy terms; maps mailed. Rose, 31 West 42d St.

For Sale—3d Av., S. E. cor. 135th St.; also 2 lots adjoining. Address Executor, 6 Dock St., Yonkers, N. Y.

Bedford Park!—Two elegant 10-room dwellings. Cor. Southern Boulevard and Valentine Av., Bronx.

Wanted—Lots in Van Nest and Unionport; have quick buyers. Dunn, West Farms Square.

Cash paid for William's Bridge and Wakefield lots. Shatzkin, corner 175th St. and 3d Av.

Rare Chance

to purchase direct from builders EAST SIDE OF MORRIS AV., between 165th and 166th Sts. Three-story and cellar 2 and 3 family houses; 15 rooms; steam and hot water apparatus; high-class plumbing and gas fixtures; hard-wood trim throughout; porcelain tiled bathrooms. CASH REQUIRED $1,500. Middleboro Realty Co., 20 East 12th St.

133TH ST. Brick 2-story, basement, cellar, high stoop; 9 rooms and bath; furnace; $7,500.
CRESTON AV., Near 184th St.—3-family, 14 rooms and baths; furnace; hardwood trim; 25x95; price, $8,000.
185D ST., West of 3d Av.—New single flat, 10 rooms, baths; hot water heat and supply; oak trim; 25x100; price, $12,000.
136TH ST.—5-story triple; price, ›22,000; rent, $2,400.
SOUTHERN BOULEVARD.—Corner; 25x79x90; price, $6,500.
ULLMAN, 502 WILLIS AV.

IT'S MY BUSINESS TO LET THE PEOPLE KNOW "YOUR BUSINESS."
SIGNS
JUNGMAN, (McKINLEY BUILDING.) BOSTON ROAD & 169TH ST.

Bargain in a four-story flat in a restricted section; we have just completed four four-story eight-family apartment houses, (one already sold,) built in best manner by day's work; well rented to high-class tenants at fair rents and show splendid return on your investment; bring your expert and examine them. Joseph Harris Jones, Ogden Av. and 162d St.

Two-family frame, only $4,250; easy terms; three-family, $6,000; three-family, with brick basement, swell front, $7,500; five-story double, all improvements, permanent light, $24,500, $5,000 cash; Willis Av. 75x90, store, rare bargain; choice triple corner, five stores, sacrifice; lots, factory sites, water fronts. George Price, 728 188th St.

$2,500 cash buys 4-story double flat in good order, on prominent avenue; 5 rooms, bath; rents, $1,760; price, $16,750.

MARKS & GLAUBER
149th Street, Cor. Brook Av.

Have about 15 acres at Riverdale for sale; price only $150,000; the property is elegantly located, near Van Cortlandt Park, trolley running in front of it; the property will make up 180 lots. For maps and particulars call on Matthies, 741 Tremont Av.

Woodycrest Av., 53x200 ft. through to Anderson Av., between 164th and 165th Sts., $15,000; unrestricted; might trade for cheap tenement. Jesse C. Bennett & Co., 2,259 Broadway.

Attention!—$1,000 cash buys two-family house, 2 story and basement, 14 rooms and 2 baths; all improvements; 5 minutes' walk to Rapid Transit station; price, $6,000. Petera, 2,021 Boston Road, West Farms. Open Sundays.

A Union Av. corner store property; good location for any business or investment. Cowen, 985 East 156th St. and Westchester Av.

Corner brick house, 2 blocks to "L"; $7,500; reasonable. Polak, 3d Av., cor. 174th.

...monthly; Bronx lot, near elevated. Shatzkin, corner 175th St. and 3d Av.

$120 buys 2 Bronx lots, 50x100, good section; $950. Friend, 178th St. and 3d Av.

WESTCHESTER. FOR SALE.

LARCHMONT PARK,

LARCHMONT ON THE SOUND, NEW YORK.

18½ MILES from 42d Street, via N.Y., N. H. & H. R.R.

ALL IMPROVEMENTS COMPLETED. Electric Light, Gas, Macadamized Streets, Stone Sidewalks, Thorough System of Water Supply and Finest Sewerage System.

NO ASSESSMENTS.

CHOICE BUILDING PLOTS 60x125 and 50x125. ON EASY TERMS. Small Cash Payments. No Interest Charges.

BUILDING LOANS Can now be secured, enabling purchasers to build their own homes.

Titles Guaranteed. Commutation $140.

WRITE or CALL for Illustrated Booklet, Photographs, Maps, etc. Representatives will take parties to property at my expense any day.

EDWARD McVICKAR, 27 PINE STREET, NEW YORK. Telephone 2026 John.

Ready to Move In

$200.00 Down. $15 a Month.

6 ROOM HOUSE

With 2 lots, fine stone foundation, concreted cellar, with all modern improvements, open plumbing, in growing Westchester County. Must be seen to be appreciated. For further particulars apply to

"The Original Home Builders of Westchester County,"

The HALLEY LAND & IMPROVEMENT CO.,
104-106 EAST 125TH ST.

Open daily from 9 A. M. to 5 P. M.
Wed. and Sat. Evenings to 9 P. M.

A GREAT BARGAIN

Mount Kisco; Harlem R. R.; 3 miles from station; one hour from Grand Central Station; 35 acres of land; fine building site; superb view; with a frontage on State road and cross road; watered by never-failing spring; location all that can be desired. For particulars apply to
NORTHERN WESTCHESTER REALTY CO., 7 East 42d St., N. Y. C.

WESTCHESTER PARK

At Yonkers Park Station, 24 minutes from 125th St., on Harlem Railroad; cheap lots, city improvements, title insured; monthly payments. Offenbach, 97 East 116th St. Evenings.

SCARSDALE.—Large house, with all improvements; four acres, outbuildings, fruit, shade; half mile to station; for rent from Nov. 1. For permit address Angell, 289 4th Av.

Artistic Cottages—7 rooms, all improvements, $3,750; easy terms; bargains in houses and lots; (small cash.) Sherwood Park Realty Company; Post Office Building, East Yonkers, N. Y.

$40 PER MONTH
will rent 9-room house, within 5 minutes' walk of station; all modern improvements. Cooley & West, Mount Vernon, N. Y.

WESTCHESTER. FOR SALE.

Mamaroneck.

MAMARONECK LOTS, $125.

Easy Payments. No Assessments. Titles Guaranteed. Gas, water, trolley; near station and Sound.

Houses Sold on Monthly Payments.

WARRANTY REALTY CO., Times Building, Broadway and 42d St., New York.

Mount Vernon.

Nothing promised; all improvements on the ground; restricted building plots, near Mount Vernon station. Maps and particulars. Wm. S. Anderson, Mount Vernon Busy Corner.

New nine-room houses at Mount Vernon on easy terms; steam heat, electric light. Wm. S. Anderson, Mount Vernon Busy Corner.

New Rochelle.

New Rochelle.—New shingled cottage, 7 rooms and bath; all improvements; restricted neighborhood; convenient to station, trolley, and school; $4,600, terms to suit. Downey, 20 North Av.

New Rochelle.—Several business plots for sale in vicinity of railroad station; big opportunity for investment. Downey, 20 North Av.

NEW YORK STATE. FOR SALE OR TO LET.

MILL PROPERTY FOR SALE

In northern part of New York State; large mill buildings, sheds, storehouse, boiler and machinery; suitable for planing mill; if manufacturer desires will remove machinery and sell building and lands; private switch only fifty feet from railroad and freight trolley line. For further particulars address F. R. Roemer, 331 West 101st St., N. Y. City.

THIRTY YEARS SELLING COUNTRY PROPERTY ONLY

INTENDING BUYERS SHOULD GET OUR FREE CATALOGUE.

OWNERS WISHING TO SELL, CALL OR WRITE
Phillips & Wells, 905 Tribune Bldg., N. Y.

REAL ESTATE WANTED.

SEND DESCRIPTIONS OF 10 FOUR AND FIVE STORY FLATS.
Have Ready Purchasers.
L. Reiter, Cor. Westchester and Jackson Avs.

WANTED—THREE-FAMILY HOUSES, MANHATTAN AND BRONX. BATHGATE REAL ESTATE EXCHANGE, 1,790 BATHGATE AV.

$150,000 to invest, cold water tenements or flats, Yorkville or Harlem; brokers protected; owners send particulars. Chas. Berlin, 204 East 17th St.

Will buy vacant lots on Southern Boulevard, 149th St. and Longwood Av, if prices are reasonable. Send particulars M. Berman, 320 Broadway.

Have cash buyers for cold water tenements; also avenue properties. Richtmyer & Irving, 2,649 Broadway.

AT AUCTION.

SUPREME COURT PARTITION SALE.
R. E. SIMON, AUCTIONEER.

L. J. PHILLIPS & CO., Auct'rs.,
Will Sell at Public Auction,

THURSDAY, NOV. 16th, 1905
at 12 o'clock noon, at Exchange Salesroom, 14-16 VESEY ST., N. Y.
By order of Leo C. Dessar, Referee.

407 to 413 E. 91st St.

5-STORY FACTORY
(Including Power Plant), Size 100x100.5½.
Maps, etc., at offices of Ashbel P. Fitch, Mott & Grant, Attorneys, 34 Nassau St.; Albert S. Parmelee, Attorney, 34 Nassau St.; B. Lewinson, 119 Nassau St., or Auctioneers' Office, 158 Broadway.

S. GOLDSTICKER, Auctioneer,
Executors' Sale to close the Estate of FREDERICK SEIBEL, deceased,

No. 142 East 65th St.,
Three-story high-stoop brownstone private Dwelling; in excellent condition; lot 20x100.5.

Also—
To close a Partnership Interest,

No. 67 East 90th St.,
A three-story high-stoop brownstone Private Dwelling, on lot 18.6x100.8.
Above VALUABLE properties will be sold at the Exchange Salesrooms, 14 Vesey St., Thursday, Oct. 26, 1905, at Noon.
...nd further particulars apply to the Auctioneer, 163 Broadway, New York.

QUEENS. FOR SALE.

$125,000,000 FOR IMPROVEMENTS INSURES FORTUNES TO INVESTORS IN

ELMHURST SQUARE

Lots Paved, Sewered and Restricted.

$300 to $3,000 Each.

Four Transportation Lines Pass Property.
FARE 5 CENTS.

Schools, Churches, Stores adjacent and convenient. Agent always on property. Write or call for beautiful Booklet and Maps.

PARIS & MACDOUGAL,
Tel. 4813 Madison Sq. 1123 Broadway.

THE QUEEN

of Queens Borough,

BAYSIDE

Houses, Lots and Plots, Long Island Acreage.
TAYLOR STORM REALTY CO., 11 East 42d St. Branch, Bayside, L. I.

REAL ESTATE. Out of City.

SAFETY OF INVESTMENT.

as well as the best location for a home is the proper combination, and is secured at

MORSEMERE.

This picturesque suburb is but 15 minutes from New York and is surrounded by the greatest building activity produced by an unprecedented demand for homes by New Yorkers. Increasing values are thus assured and the company's *liberal selling terms* are attracting many people to this charming home site.
Houses from $5,000 to $15,000.
Take 130th St. ferry and trolley or N. Y. R. R. (32 trains daily,) via 22d St. or Chambers St.
Booklet and Transportation FREE.
Columbia Investment & Real Estate Co., Times Building, 42d St. & Broadway.

UP-TO-DATE DWELLINGS.—Latest improvements; handsomely decorated; steam; oak and parquet floors; double shades; ample piazzas; 5 minutes from station; 25 minutes to Herald Square; easy payments if desired. Particulars on request. Realty Trust, 60 Liberty St., New York.

TO LET—BUSINESS PURPOSES.

FOR RENT

SOUTHWEST CORNER
Broadway & 96th St.
STORES, OFFICES & BASEMENT
Apply on Premises or your own Broker.

NEW BUILDING
114 to 118 West 17th St.
Entire, or store and lofts separate; 75x92; all modern improvements; six stories.
H. J. SACHS & CO., 8 West 22d St., or your own broker.

STORES: FLOORS: OFFICES
28, 30 & 32 WEST 22D STREET.
NEW BUILDINGS, OPP. STERN BROS.
H. J. SACHS & CO., 8 West 22d St., or your own broker.

TO LET, DOWNTOWN AND UPTOWN,
A LARGE NUMBER
of Stores, Lofts, Offices & Buildings.
RULAND & WHITING CO., 5 Beekman St.

Corner Loft, Size 73x135.
696-702 Broadway, corner 4th St. Fireproof building. Swift running passenger and freight elevators. Apply to agents.
Firm L. J. Carpenter, 41 Liberty St.

To Let.—Store, basement, and sub-basement at 537-539 Broadway, New York; rent $9,000, including steam heat and power for elevator; premises extend through to Mercer St. Apply to William N. Dykman, 189 Montague St., Brooklyn, N. Y., or your own broker.

A FLOOR 50x205
Fronting Brooklyn Bridge, William, and Rose Sts. Power, heat, &c., day and night (if wanted.)
Ruland & Whiting Co., 5 Beekman St.

STORE AND LOFT BUILDING on 3d Av., in the Forties, can be leased for term of years; 40x90.
J. Edgar Leaycraft & Co., 19 West 42d St.

BROADWAY CORNER
near Duane, 5 years' lease.
M. JACOBS, Room 202, 280 Broadway.

CORTLANDT STREET STORE
south side, east of Greenwich.
M. JACOBS, Room 202, 280 Broadway.

Very fine light studios, offices, steam heated, of first and second floors, 796 Sixth Av., above 45th St., $20-$35.
Cyrille Carreau, 796 6th Av.

Factory lofts, including power; best locations; reasonable; favorable opportunities. Charles Duross, 155 West 14th St.

Desk Room—Every convenience; finest location in Manhattan. Call mornings. James Gaffney, No. 115 East 34th St.

Attractive offices, studios, $35 Broadway; north light; elevator; $14 up. Folsom Brothers, 835 Broadway.

A.—Stores, lofts, buildings, offices, exceptionally fine list; desirable locations. Folsom Brothers, 835 Broadway.

Skylight studios, offices, 151 East 34th; elevator, heat; $7 up. Folsom Brothers, 835 Broadway.

LONG ISLAND. FOR SALE.

$48 A LOT

LONG ISLAND. FOR SALE.

$98 A LOT

GRASPING THE OPPORTUNITY

What Has Made Men Rich

Trace down the pages of the biographical history of the wealthy men of country and you will find at least 75 per cent. of them who began life as a poor boy, but industry, economy, and energy have made their names household ones in the business and professional world. You will say that luck makes men wealthy. It is not so; though there are cases—a small percentage—where a windfall dropped into the lap of some man by his predecessor or his relationship or in the game of chance. But where there is one thus fortunate there are ten others who started on life's highway with strong arm and a clear mind, without friends, without money, and without influence, to battle against the whole world and mold for themselves by energy and endurance a fortune honorably made.

My dear wage-earner, if you desire the proof and convincing evidence of the headline of this advertisement, how men became wealthy, go out and ask the first successful man you know what made him rich—how did he start on nothing and become wealthy. He will repeat what we have said: GRASPING THE OPPORTUNITY.

The poor man, or the young man to-day without means, has greater chances and finer opportunities of getting rich than the boy or man twenty years ago.

Dame Fortune Knocks To-day at Your Door and Shouts, "Invest Now in the Suburbs! Grasp the Opportunity!"

Land Has Increased in Price Since 1900 in Westchester 300 Per Cent. Land Has Increased in Kings Since 1900 300 Per Cent. Land Has Increased in Queens Since 1900 500 Per Cent. Let Us Picture Now for You the Next Five Years and the Locality Where You Can Get Rich if You Will Grasp This Opportunity.

The great activity for investment and for homes will in the next five years be just outside of Greater New York on Long Island—just where the wage-earner can reach inside of 30 minutes for a 5 or 10 cent fare; where the line of travel by steam or electricity will be frequent day and night.

The Star of Prosperity Is Now Rising in the East, Coming Over the Fertile Fields of Long Island, and To-day It Reveals a Tale of Prophecy and Makes Known the Future Outside of Greater New York.

TO-DAY.

60 Trains a Day. One Every 20 Minutes. 10 Minutes from Jamaica. 30 Minutes from New York. 5 and 10 Cent Fare.

Finest Roads. Cheapest Land. Best Railroad Service Outside of Greater New York. Population 5,000.

1910.

120 Trains a Day. Everything Electricity. 6 Minutes to Jamaica. 20 Minutes to Herald Square. Only 5 Cent Fare.

Beautiful Parks. Beautiful Homes. Largest Municipality on Long Island. With a Population of 30,000. Great Industrial Centre.

Lots and plots of land at Mineola will increase in value 500 per cent. in 5 years. Why not? Star of New York destiny says so. Lots at the Bronx have increased from $500 to $5,000 in the past 2 years.

MINEOLA.

It lies just three miles outside of Greater New York—just twelve minutes' ride from Jamaica by steam cars, where three lines of the Long Island Railroad centre—all trains from the North Line, from Oyster Bay and Roslyn, all trains from the east on the Main Line, from Greenport west; all trains from the south, Hempstead and Garden City; and, in addition to all, the connection with New York by the Queens County electric car line. No such railroad facilities or transportation anywhere outside of Jamaica WHERE CAN YOU GET SUCH SERVICE? WHERE CAN YOU GET SUCH AN ACCESSIBLE PLACE FOR A HOME?

WE HAVE BOUGHT $150,000 WORTH OF THE MOST CENTRALLY LOCATED LAND IN MINEOLA.

We have bought it close to schools, churches, stores, and within a few blocks of the depot, where every choice residence lot we have ought to be business property in ten years. And the announcement of this sale will pass through this city into the homes of hundreds of thousands of investors and homeseekers to-day. AND WE BELIEVE EVERY LOT WE HAVE WILL BE SOLD IN TEN DAYS. Such things have happened to us before. Therefore, we want you to be there at the

Grand Opening Sale of 1,200 Building Lots

TUESDAY, WEDNESDAY, THURSDAY, FRIDAY, SATURDAY, SUNDAY,
Oct. 24th. Oct. 25th. Oct. 26th. Oct. 27th. Oct. 28th. Oct. 29th.

Six Special Free Excursion Trains Leaving Long Island City and Brooklyn Each Day, 11 A. M., 1:30 P. M.

EVERY WAGE-EARNING PERSON IN THIS GREAT CITY WILL BE INTERESTED.

☛ $48 A Lot. $2 Down Monthly. $44 Cash
☛ $98 A Lot. $3 Down Monthly. $90 Cash
☛ $158 A Lot. $4 Down Monthly. $143 Cash
☛ $208 A Lot. $5 Down Monthly. $180 Cash
☛ $268 A Lot. $6 Down Monthly. $242 Cash

Grasp the opportunity. It means a great profit to you. It means a home near your work.
When you read this, sit down and write for maps and tickets. A postal card costs but a cent.
Our Titles are guaranteed by the Title Guarantee Company of New York. Our Titles are always perfect.

We have provided for 10,000 people during the six days at Mineola. Lunch will be served under our spacious tent, and accommodations with horses and carriages to see all our properties there. There is not a lot but what is a high, dry, level piece. Prices only govern lots by the accessibility to depot and cars. Excellent building sites on three broad macadamized roadways.

All Applications by Mail for Tickets and Maps. Write Immediately to Main Offices.

WM. H. MOFFITT REALTY COMPANY,
155-157 Broadway, New York.

SALE EXTRAORDINARY

OF

MODERN HOMES AND BUILDING SITES

AT

LYNBROOK, L. I.

40 MINUTES FROM HERALD SQUARE, N. Y.,
(the junction centre of the new Atlantic City—Long Beach,)
ON

SATURDAY, OCTOBER 28TH, 1905,

(AND EVERY DAY THEREAFTER.)

LYNBROOK ALMOST ADJOINS THE CITY LINE AND "ROSEDALE SQUARE" ON THE SOUTH SHORE. IT IS A HUSTLING, BUSTLING SUMMER AND WINTER TOWN RESORT, DOTTED WITH COTTAGES, PRETENTIOUS MANSIONS, TWO PUBLIC SCHOOLS, CHURCHES, STORES, MARKETS, GAS, WATER, ELECTRIC LIGHT, SIDEWALKS, MACADAMIZED ROADS, AVENUES AND BOULEVARDS. THE PRICES OF LOTS AT THIS OPENING SALE WILL BE AS LOW AS

$95.00 **$5.00 MONTHLY**

A Limited Number of Boat House Lots for Sale.

3,000 ACRES OWNED BY OFFICIALS OF THE PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD COMPANY NOW BEING SUB-DIVIDED INTO 5-ACRE PLOTS AT THE PRICE OF $25,000. A MOST BEAUTIFUL CREATION AND NOT UNLIKE FAMOUS TUXEDO PARK. IF LYNBROOK IS GOOD ENOUGH FOR MILLIONAIRES IT SHOULD BE ATTRACTIVE ENOUGH FOR THE MAN OF MODEST INCOME.

BUILDING SITES REASONABLY RESTRICTED.

The Opening Sale Will Take Place on
Saturday, Oct. 28th, and Sunday, Oct. 29th.
FREE TRAINS WILL BE CONDUCTED FROM
EAST 34TH STREET DEPOT, LONG ISLAND CITY, FLATBUSH AVENUE STATION, MANHATTAN CROSSING,
at 10:40 A. M. and 1:30 P. M.
THE SALESMEN WITH "BLUE STAR" TICKET IN HAT AT EITHER STATION WILL FURNISH THE FREE TICKETS, OR WRITE, CALL OR 'PHONE FOR TICKETS.

GREAT EASTERN BUILDING CORPORATION,
THE BROOKS & BROOKS CORPORATION, MANAGERS.
299 Broadway, Suites 522-528. 'Phone 1399 Franklin.
BRIGHT, ACTIVE SALESMEN WANTED—EXPERIENCE NOT ESSENTIAL.

SEVERAL more COTTAGES

IDEALLY PICTURESQUE
Are Now Being Completed

At BAYSIDE PARK

THE NEW 20TH CENTURY SUBURB
on the North Shore of Long Island Sound, 20 minutes from 34th Street Ferry.
If none of the houses suit you we will build one for you.

Lots for $250 and upward.

A year hence these lots will cost $350. The tremendous increase in values that will follow the completion of the Pennsylvania R. R. tunnel makes an investment in Bayside Park property the best real estate proposition in the market. Come out to see the place. We'll pay your fare if you will call at our office. A booklet sent on request.

North Shore Realty Co., 202 E. 23d Street, New York.

TO LET—BUSINESS PURPOSES

To Lease—118 East 124th, fine new 5-story loft building, 80 by 90; boiler, electric elevator. Apply J. M. Horton.

Offices, studios, 105 East 17th.—Heat, light, attendance, $12 up. Folsom Brothers, 835 Broadway.

Broadway office floor, light, 6,000 feet, $250; or divide; conveniences. Martin, 1,947 Broadway, 60th.

Brooklyn.

Five large brick buildings to let, 4 and 6 stories high; good location for manufacturing; will let cheap in lofts and altered to suit tenant; corner Throop and Lafayette Avs.; inquire at premises.

REAL ESTATE FOR EXCHANGE.

Select Family Apartment Houses & Apartment Hotels FOR Free & Clear Country Property or City Equity.
Calder & Levy,
2,784 BROADWAY, NEAR 107TH ST.

A.—Corner plot, 100x100, free and clear, to exchange for flat or tenement house. Kretsch, 1,017 Crotona Av. Phone 1927L Melrose.

BELLCOURT

Located at Bayside, L. I. One block from station. Only 34 minutes from Herald Square. Ten minutes from the Sound and 75 feet above tidewater.

October Sales in Bellcourt Have Broken All Records In Queens Borough!

Every careful investor should have maps and information contained in our new booklet. A postal brings it, with free tickets to the property. Write to-day.

BELLCOURT LAND CO.,
1 West 34th St.

BELLE HARBOR

Greater New York. (Rockaway Coast.) BETWEEN OCEAN & BAY.
LOTS
$400 & UPWARD
Titles Guaranteed. All Improvements. No Assessments. Highly Restricted. Terms to Suit. Trolley through property. For further particulars Apply to WALTER SHULZE, 1,170 Broadway, N. Y. City. Telephone 3879 Madison.

NEW JERSEY. FOR SALE OR TO LET.

ONLY A FEW MORE DAYS AT AUCTION PRICES TILL NOV. 1.

Palisades Park

Lots $225 Upward, $10 Monthly.

In a delightful locality, on easy terms; within 15 minutes of Harlem; only 40 minutes from New York City Hall via Chambers St. ferry and only 45 minutes from Madison Square, N. Y., via West 23d St. ferry and Erie Railroad; steam road and trolley; commutation, 9 cents, including ferriage.

GUIDE TO VISITORS.
Cross West 130th St. ferry by 2:15 boat and take "ENGLEWOOD" car to property, or cross West 23d St. Erie ferry at 1:10, or Chambers St. ferry at 1:20, to Erie depot.
All Tickets Hitherto Issued Are Still Good.
Free descriptive maps and tickets to view the property daily by addressing

Palisades Realty Company,
49 8TH AV., NEW YORK.
Also office on the property at Palisades Park.

Chance for Butcher and Baker.—Two splendid corner lots in flourishing village, 1,000 population, fifteen minutes from Harlem; steam road and trolley, fare nine cents; has two groceries, no butcher nor baker. Call in forenoon or write for maps and tickets; examine. Palisades Realty Company, 49 Eighth Av., New York.

For Rent—House on Greenwood Lake Division Erie; commutation $6.35; all improvements; four minutes from station. Address Reasonable, Box 339 Times, Times Square.

Ocean Coast—City of the Living God. Pines, lots $100 upward, near Belmar, N. J. L. B. Heller.

REAL ESTATE FOR EXCHANGE.

Have you private house, good neighborhood, that you wish to exchange for large five-story American basement, full lot, most fashionable portion west side, near Subway station; necessity compels owner to accept almost any reasonable proposition; unusual opportunity. N Box 210 Times Downtown.

CITY HOUSES TO LET. UNFURNISHED.

FOR RENT

NEW AMERICAN BASEMENT DWELLINGS

Absolutely Fireproof
SOUTH SIDE OF 74TH STREET
Between Central Park West and Columbus Av.

No residences have ever been offered for rental in New York City comparing with these in construction, equipment, appointments, and detail.

They have been designed and built with the careful attention to details of construction given only to the highest class houses built for private ownership.

Booklet sent on application.

Size 25x85x102.2
FIVE STORIES IN HEIGHT

These houses are ready for inspection. Caretaker at No. 36 West 74th St. For particulars inquire of

CLARK ESTATE
Corner of 57th St. No. 2,381 Broadway

TO LET.

One house, 10 rooms	$50.00
One house, 7 rooms	45.00
One house, 9 rooms	35.00
One house, 7 rooms	30.00
One house, 8 rooms	15.00
One house, 6 rooms	18.00

A. O. Whaley, King's Bridge Station, N. Y. City.

ON 61ST ST., NEAR PARK AV., A remodeled four-story house. Apply to J. METCALFE THOMAS, 19 LIBERTY ST.

Manhattan Av., 102 and 113, between 104th and 105th Sts., three-story, 18-ft. dwellings; exposed plumbing, newly renovated, $1,000. Chas. S. Kohler, 906 Columbus Av.

Bronx.

FOR RENT.—Private house at Woodlawn Heights; 9 rooms and bath; all improvements. E. M. Tessier, 2,427 Morris Av.

APARTMENTS TO LET. UNFURNISHED.

East Side.

ARTHUR HALL,

N. E. Cor. 90th St. & Madison Av.
A NEWLY CONSTRUCTED, MODERN FIRE-PROOF APARTMENT HOUSE, LOCATED IN THE VERY CHOICEST RESIDENTIAL PART OF THE CITY
(CARNEGIE HILL,)
OVERLOOKING CENTRAL PARK.
We cannot convey, in type, an adequate idea of the grandeur, taste, spaciousness, and conveniences of the apartments. A personal visit and inspection only can supply that.
Apartments consist of 8 & 9 rooms and 2 baths.
SOMETHING DECIDEDLY NEW & NOVEL. A BALLROOM FOR THE EXCLUSIVE USE OF GUESTS.
Rents, $1,300 to $1,800.
Supt. on Premises. Tel. 1783—79.
ARTHUR E. SILVERMAN, Owner.

CAMBRIDGE,

MADISON AV., COR. 124TH ST.

One eight room Apartment, facing Mount Morris Park, all large, light rooms.
The building is new and all appointments modern; location unexcelled. Apply to Superintendent, on premises, or telephone Owner, 5547—John.

Murray Hill Apartments

34th St., S. W. cor. Lexington Av.

Choice apartments of eight large rooms and bath; all-night elevator service; electric lights, steam heat, and all modern improvements.

Rents from $1,600 to $2,400.

Superintendent on premises at all hours.
Douglas Robinson, Chas. S. Brown & Co.
160 Broadway.

THE AMBASSADOR,

S. E. COR. 97TH & MADISON AV.
HIGH-CLASS FIREPROOF APARTMENT HOUSE, JUST BEING COMPLETED.
7, 8, AND 9 ROOMS, WITH 2 BATHS.
Parquet floors, mail chute, telephone, and every modern improvement. Apartments will be leased now at rents from $1,000 to $1,500.
C. M. SILVERMAN & SON, OWNERS.
Office, 1,448 Madison Av., or on premises.

Corner Apartment,
ONLY ONE REMAINING,
in the HETHERINGTON, southeast corner 63d St. and Park Av., bedrooms average 14 feet square; eight rooms; elevator, telephone, hall service, &c.; rental $1,500.
J. Edgar Leaycraft & Co., 19 West 42d St.

CLEMENT COURT,

23 EAST 99TH ST., Cor. Madison Av.
NEW 7-STORY ELEVATOR APARTMENTS.
5, 6, 7 and 8 Elegant Rooms and Baths,
With every modern improvement.
Inquire office, 1,448 Madison Av.

BARSTOW,

17-19 E. 27th St.

Elegant fireproof apartment hotel; 1-2-3-4-5 rooms; every room having a bath; centrally located; excellent cuisine.

120 EAST 34TH ST.

The handsomest 9-room Apartment in the city; elegantly appointed, possessing every desirable feature that appeals to the very select; electricity and fuel furnished; rent $1,500.

Bannockburn, 2,649 FIFTH AV., NEAR 125th St.

Apartments of six, seven rooms, elevator, electric light, mail chute, telephone.
Desirable apartment on ground floor, suitable for doctor or dentist. Rents moderate.

THE TUXEDO,
N. W. Cor. 118th St. and Lexington Av.
Attractive apartments of 5 and 6 rooms and bath; light and sunny; elevator service; all improvements; rents only $35.00 and $40.00 per month.

171 East 81st St.—6 rooms and bath; elevator service; up-to-date; rents very reasonable; rents $35.00 and $37.50; superintendent on premises.

The Mildred, 140 East 92d St.—Elegant apartments, 7 rooms, bath, elevator service; up-to-date; rents reasonable; superintendent on premises.

An elegantly furnished apartment, private bath, with or without meals, including meals two, $25 weekly, one $15. Alabama, 15 East 11th St.

Elegant apartments, four and five rooms, hot-water supply, bath, and hall heated, and all latest improvements. 855 East 187th St.

25 and 27 East 104th St.—Six rooms and bath; hot-water supply, all light; rents $24 to $28. Janitor on premises.

97th St., No. 3 East.—Corner, adjacent Central Park; 7 light rooms, bath; improvements; $45.

West Side.

NIGHT AND DAY
WE REPAIR ANY ELEVATOR.
NATIONAL ELEVATOR COMPANY
REPAIR DEPT.
409 W. 22d St. Phone, 2889 Chelsea.
NIGHT 'PHONE, 2147 L. Morning.

48th St., 155-161 West.—"The Sherman."—Eight rooms and bath; heat, hot water, elevator, and telephone; rent, $1,000-$1,200. Superintendent on premises, or N. Brigham Hall & Son, 261 Broadway.

45S St., 256, 270 West—6 rooms and bath; steam heat, hot-water supply; rents $30 and $35.

84th St., 19 West.—Seven rooms and bath; hot water; handsomely decorated; neighborhood; $50.

104th St., 65 West, (Central Park).—Two flats, 7 large rooms; latest improvements; $42.

Lexington Av., cor. 42d St.—Elegant apartments, all improvements.

121st St., 325 West.—New flat, 6 rooms, improvements, $25.

USES TO LET.
URNISHED.

R RENT
AMERICAN
T DWELLINGS
tely Fireproof
OF 74TH STREET
Central Park West
Columbus Av.
ave ever been offered for
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26x85x102.2
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TO LET.
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s.....45.00
s.....35.00
s.....30.00
s.....18.00
s.....18.00
g's Bridge Station, N. Y.

, NEAR PARK AV.,
3 four-story house.
Apply to
GE or THOMAS,
IBERTY ST.
3 and 113, between 104th
three-story, 18-ft. dwell-
mbing, newly renovated,
ster, 506 Columbus Av.

Bronx.
rivate house at Wood-
9 rooms and bath; all
E. M. Tessler, 2,427

ENTS TO LET.
URNISHED.
ast Side.

UR HALL,
th St. & Madison Av.
RUCTED, MODERN FIRE-
NT HOUSE, LOCATED IN
ST RESIDENTIAL PART
EGIE HILL,)
CENTRAL PARK,
, in type, an adequate idea
aste, spaciousness, and com-
partments. A personal visit
than many pages.
ents consist of 8
ms and 2 baths.
A BALLROOM FOR
THE EXCLUSIVE USE
OF GUESTS.
$1,300 to $1,800.
Tel. 1782—79.
SILVERMAN, Owner.

BRIDGE,
ISON AV.,
124TH ST.
ght room Apart-
ng Mount Morris
arge, light rooms.
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tments modern;
unexcelled. Ap-
to Superintendent, on
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wner, 5547—John.

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. cor. Lexington Av.
nts of eight large rooms
night elevator service;
steam heat, and all
rn conveniences.
$1,600 to $2,400.
on premises at all hours.
n, Chas. S. Brown & Co.
Broadway.

MBASSADOR,
TH & MADISON AV.,
EPROOF APARTMENT
OMPLETED.
OMS, WITH 2 BATHS.
mall chute, telephone, and
ovement. Apartments will
n Oct. 1. Rents $1,000 to

AN & SON, OWNERS.
ison Av., or on premises.

Apartment,
E REMAINING,
NGTON southeast corner
Av., between 2 average
ght rooms; elevator, tele-
ice &c.; rental $1,500.
& Co., 19 West 42d St.

NT COURT,
ST., Cor. Madison Av.
EVATOR APARTMENTS.
egant Rooms and Baths,
odern improvement.
. 1,448 Madison Av.

STOW,
E. 27th St.
roof apartment hotel;
very room having a bath;
excellent cuisine.

T 34TH ST.
ly appointed, possessing
re that appeals to the very
l fuel furnished; rent $1,500.

RN, 2,049 FIFTH AV.,
NEAR 125th St.
x, seven rooms, elevator,
chute, telephone.
st on ground floor, suitable
Rents moderate.
TUXEDO.
St. and Lexington Av.
ents of 5 and 6 rooms
sunny; elevator service;
rents only $35.00 and

6 rooms and bath; ele-
to-date; rents very rea-
00 and $37.50; superin-
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East 92d St.—Elegant
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Alabama, 15 East 11th St.
four and five rooms, hot-
and hall heated, and all
855 East 123d St.
St.—Six rooms and bath;
all light; rents $24 to $28.

—Corner, adjacent Central
bath; improvements; $48.
st Side.

AND DAY
ANY ELEVATOR.
VATOR COMPANY
AIR DEPT.
Phone, 2880 Chelsea.
NE, 2142 L Morning.

West. "The Sherman."—
bath; heat, hot water,
hone; rent, $1,000-$1,200.
premises, or N. Brigham
adway.

six rooms and bathroom,
apartment house; owners
year. Apply to janitor, 12

apartments, 4 and 6
electric, telephone, night
St. 221 West 141st St.
—Five rooms, bath, ele-
very cheap; 509 West

en large rooms, tiled bath,
40, $45. 131 West 103d St.

APARTMENTS TO LET.
UNFURNISHED.
West Side.

The
Palisade Court
Broadway, N. W. Cor. 139th St.
Two Blocks from Subway Station.
A beautiful, high-class building, commanding magnificent and extensive views of the Hudson and the Palisades. Highest point in the city and the healthiest situation.
Apartments of 6 and 7
Unusually Large Rooms
Appointments, conveniences, and general finish of the most up-to-date description and of a superior quality. Parlors and dining rooms with bay windows. Separate toilet and washstand in the servants' bedrooms. General laundry with steam dryers. Long distance telephone in every apartment. Handsome entrance hall and reception room. Day and night elevator service. Uniformed attendance.
Apartments are now ready for occupancy.
Booklet with floor plans on application.

SPENCER ARMS
Broadway at 69th St.
Housekeeping Apartments
A magnificent, high-class, strictly fireproof structure, the most complete and elegant building of its class so far erected in this city.
10, 11 & 12 rooms & 3 baths,
$3,000 to $4,000.
FREE—Electric light, heat, and refrigeration
Spencer Realty Co., Owner.
F. R. WOOD & CO., Agents, 80th St., B'way.
Superintendent on Premises.
TELEPHONE 2998—COLUMBUS.
Write for Booklet.

48 FIFTH AVE.,
at the Northeast Corner
of 11th St.
AN EXCLUSIVE
APARTMENT HOUSE
FOR HOUSEKEEPING.
Just completed.
Telephone 946 Gramercy.
Superintendent on premises.

The Mansfield,
11-Story Apartment Hotel.
12 West 44th St.
NEAR 5TH AVE.
EXCLUSIVELY FOR BACHELORS.
Luxuriously equipped, refrigerators, telephones, squash court, and studio apartment. Cafe with first-class cuisine; also club room to rent. Furnished or unfurnished. Manager on premises or
E. S. WILLARD & CO.,
45 Pine St. Tel. 5987 John.

Bertha
515 West 111th St.
High-Class Elevator Apartments.
EVERY MODERN IMPROVEMENT.
TELEPHONE IN EACH APARTMENT.
CONVENIENT SURFACE AND ELEVATOR STATIONS.
Five rooms and bath, $45.
Seven rooms and bath, $65.
Apply on premises, or
George A. Carroll,
S. W. COR. 107TH ST. & BROADWAY.
Telephone, 3629—Riverside.

THE BONAVISTA
RIVERSIDE DRIVE
AND 109TH ST.
Arranged in SUITES of 3, 5, 8 & 9 Rooms & 2 Baths.
READY FOR OCCUPANCY.
Booklet and other particulars on application.
PAUL B. PUGH, Owner.
Tel. 5144-5 Riverside.

THE SONOMA
N. E. COR. 55th St. & Broadway
Eleven-Story Fireproof Apartments, after Extensive Alterations,
WILL BE READY NOV. 15th.
FOR OCCUPANCY
A few of these direct apartments left, 5, 7, 8, and 10 Rooms and 2 Baths.
Booklet on application. Supt. on premises, or
A. W. MILLER & CO., Agents.
608 5th Av.

MEND LSSOHN BUILDING
BACHELOR APARTMENTS
Are the finest apartments of this character in New York City. All improvements and elevator service. They consist of two rooms, with bath.
The rental of these apartments includes electric light, heat, and the care of the suites.
Several are wallable now.
Apply on premises, 113 West 40th St., or at THE CLAR. ESTATE, 2,381 B'way.

RHINELAND,
534 WEST 121TH ST
Convenient to Subway
L," and all sur
face cars
High-class
residence apartments
of 6 or 7 rooms.
All modern improvements.
Newly decorated.
Moderate rents.

St Nicholas Av., S W. cor. 181th St.
NEW MODERN HOUSE.
5, 6 all light rooms; open nickel plumbing, porcelain lavatories, modern decoration and trim; immediate possession; must be seen to be appreciated; very moderate rents. On premises or
SNOWDEN & COMPANY,
2,214 Broadway, near 79th St.

ANGLESEA, 60 South Washington Square.
Studios and apartments for bachelors or families; steam heat, private baths; fine, large rooms, with service. Janitor.
N. BRIGHAM HALL & SON, 60 Broadway.

LA VENICE,
5 rooms and bath, $35.00.
Private house block. 6 rooms and bath, $45.00.
Apply to Supt. on premises.

WESTONE, $5.00 Furnished. Send posts
AMERICAN STORAGE CO.,
204-206 W. 48th St.

$48. 245 WEST 135TH ST. $60.
Single floor, eight large rooms, tiled bath-room; improvements; private house appointments; select, convenient.

NEAR BROADWAY.
434 St., 268, 270 West—6 light rooms, bath, steam heat, hot-water supply.
84th St., 19 West.—Seven rooms, bath, steam, hot water; handsomely decorated; excellent neighborhood; $58.
106th St., 65 West, (Central Park.)—Single flats, 7 large rooms; latest improvements; $44.
Lexington Av., cor. 45th St.—Elevator apartments, all improvements, 6 rooms, $50-$60.
151st St., 525 West.—New apartments, 4, 5, 6 rooms, improvements, $20, $35; janitor.

APARTMENTS TO LET.
UNFURNISHED.
West Side.

STAMFORD
AND
ARLINGTON
502 to 508 West 113th Street,
Bet. Broadway & Amsterdam Ave.
Elegant new 5 and 6 room apartments, elevator, telephone and hall service. Rents, $50 to $60. Superintendent.

THE HOLYOKE,
758 WEST END AV.,
S. E. CORNER 97TH ST.
MODERN ELEVATOR APARTMENT.
7 Rooms and Bath.
VERY LARGE, LIGHT ROOMS.
Sixth floor corner, $1,300.
Sixth floor, centre, $1,000.
Superintendent on premises, or
EDWARD C. WILLIAMS,
135 Broadway.

HAROLD,
N. W. Cor. Manhattan Av., 119th St.
4, 5 AND 6 ROOMS
Modern apartments; all latest improvements; marble bath, steam heat, hot water, elevator day and night, hall attendants.
RENTS $35 TO $55.

THE GREYSTONE,
304 WEST 98TH ST.,
Near Riverside Drive.
MODERN ELEVATOR HOUSE.
One 5-room apartment, 4th floor, $1,100.
Both outside apartments.
Superintendent on premises, or
EDWARD C. WILLIAMS,
135 Broadway.

HARLEM LIBRARY,
32 WEST 123D ST.
Apartments of two and three large, light rooms and bath; only two left; rent $360 and $600, including steam heat, service, and light; possession at once.
Cruikshank Company, 141 Broadway.

HELEN COURT
APARTMENTS 8 and 9 LARGE, LIGHT rooms and bath; all improvements; all night elevator service, etc.; accessible and select location; rents $660 to $1,100. Inquire 14 Morningside Av., cor. 115th St., or Robert Levers, 754 W. 116th St.

ELEGANT 5 AND 6 ROOM SUITES AT
234 West 21st St.
A modern apartment building; elevator and every improvement; convenient to all transit lines.
J. W. CUSHMAN & CO.,
240 West 23d St. Tel. 1075 Chelsea.

BACHELOR APARTMENTS
CENTRAL LOCATION.
OAKDALE, 36-38 West 35th St.
Elegant apartments, two rooms and bath, unfurnished; splendid service; every modern improvement; rental, $400 to $800. Particulars from Superintendent, on premises.

WASHINGTON and JEFFERSON,
313-328 West 51st St.—Suites of 4, 6, and 7 rooms, bath, with every improvement; rent reasonable. Janitor, or Alexander Wilson, 489 5th Av. Telephone 2918 38th.

Washington Heights.
WASHINGTON HEIGHTS,
541 TO 549 WEST 144TH ST.
Healthiest Location in the City.
Strictly high-class apartments of 4, 5, and 6 rooms,
with all the latest and most modern improvements. Telephone, electric light, &c. One block from Subway station and surface cars. Rents $30 to $44. Superintendent on premises.

ELSINORE, 504 WEST 151ST ST., Washington Heights.
Six, seven very large, light rooms, $45-$55. Elevator. Telephone, Electricity, Modern.

High-class apartments, 5 and 6 rooms, on Longwood Av., east of Prospect Av., adjacent to Prospect Av. Station, Bronx Park Branch of Subway.
Rents $27.50 to $36.
George C. Edgar's Sons, on premises.

Prospect Av., 1,386; convenient Subway, elevated, trolleys; fine wide avenue; elegant, modern, all-light 7 large room apartment, $35.00, $38.00.

APARTMENTS TO LET.
FURNISHED.

A.—Elegantly furnished apartment, private bath; with or without meals, including meals two, $25 weekly, one $15. Alabama, 15 East 11th St.

BANKRUPTCY AUCTION SALES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHern District of New York.—In the matter of THE CASTLE BRAID COMPANY, Bankrupt.
To the creditors of the above-named bankrupt, and to whom it may concern:
Take notice that certain property hereinafter described, and belonging to the estate of the above-named bankrupt, will be sold at public auction by Charles Shongood, United States Auctioneer in Bankruptcy, at No. 472 Broadway, New York City, Manhattan Borough, on Thursday, October 26th, 1905, at 10:30 A. M., the Trustee reserving the right to reject any or all bids therefor.
Description of Property.
Cord, braiding, doubling, twisting, and knitting machines, cotton and silk winders, spinning and cutting machines, and property of like nature and in connection therewith, found together with furniture and fixtures.
Dated New York, October 14th, 1905.
EDWARD S. THOMAS, Trustee,
LEO OPPENHEIMER, Attorney for Trustee,
60 Wall Street, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHern District of New York.—In the matter of FREDERICK DE TURCKHEIM, Alleged Bankrupt.
To the creditors of the above-named alleged bankrupt, to whom it may concern:
Take notice that the assets and effects of the above-named alleged bankrupt other than the books and outstanding accounts, will be sold at public auction on Thursday, October 26th, 1905, at Number 215 West 48th Street, New York City, Borough of Manhattan, at 10:30 A. M., by Charles Shongood, United States Auctioneer in Bankruptcy, the receiver reserving the right to reject any and all bids.
DESCRIPTION OF PROPERTY.
12 De Dietrich Automobiles,
One De Dietrich Racing Car,
1 De Dietrich Motor Boat,
Furniture and fixtures.
Order of LINDSAY RUSSELL, Receiver,
32 Liberty St., Manhattan, New York City.
WALTER K. HARTON, Attorney for Receiver,
141 Broadway, Manhattan, New York City.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ALBERT E. CUDNER, individually and as surviving partner of the firm of S. F. Jayne & Company, Bankrupt.
Charles Shongood, United States Auctioneer, will sell this day, at 10:30 A. M. at No. 115 Leonard Street, New York City, the following assets belonging to the estate of the above-named bankrupt, viz.:
One $500 first mortgage gold bond of the Monroe Consolidated Mining Company, with coupons attached; 6,000 shares of stock of the Teller Mining Company, 445 shares of stock of the Gold Eagle Mining Company, 450 shares of stock of the Rowe Alaska Company, 160 shares of stock of the Monroe Consolidated Mining Company.
The Trustee reserves the right to withdraw any of said property from sale unless it shall bring at least 75 per centum, of the appraised value.
Dated New York, October 26th, 1905.
AUGUSTUS H. SKILLIN, Trustee,
34 Pine Street, New York City.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of MOSES TISCHLER, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Monday, Nov. 6, 1905, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M. at 115 Leonard St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of all those certain lots, pieces, or parcels of land, situate, lying, and being in the town of North Hempstead, Queens County, now Nassau County, State of New York, and known and described as lots Nos 59 and 60 on Block No. 89, on a certain map entitled "Second Map of Great Neck Estates," filed in the office of the Clerk of the County of Queens, State of New York.
JOSEPH S. EHRLICH, Trustee.
MORRIS KAMBER, Attorney for Trustee,
Nassau St., New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of S. F. JAYNE COMPANY, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Thursday, October 26, 1905, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 113-115 Leonard St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of one $500 first mortgage gold bond of the Monroe Consolidated Mining Company with coupons attached, 6,000 shares of stock of the Teller Mining Company, 445 shares of stock of the Gold Eagle Mining Company, 450 shares of stock of the Rowe Alaska Company, 160 shares of stock of the Monroe Consolidated Mining Company. AUGUSTUS H. SKILLIN, Trustee. MERRILL & ROGERS, Attorneys for Trustee, 31 Nassau St., New York.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

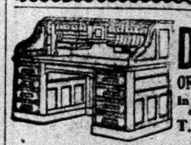
1.50 PER DAY AND UP
HOTEL SPALDING
127 to 133 West 42d St.
UNDER NEW MANAGEMENT.
FIREPROOF CONSTRUCTION
Single rooms and suites, with or without baths.
Special arrangements for families and long terms. References required.
SUPERIOR RESTAURANT and CUISINE.
A la Carte—Moderate Prices—Music.

ST. PAUL HOTEL New, fireproof. Beautifully furnished.
60th St., corner Columbus Av.
200 rooms, private baths.....$1.50 per day.
Suites, parlor, bedroom, bath.....$2.00 and up.
Telephone every room. Restaurant a la carte.
John W. Wheaton, Prop.

A.—Elegantly furnished apartment, private bath; with or without meals, including meals two, $25 weekly, one $15. Alabama, 15 East 11th St.

FOR SALE.

Made by the Mile.
Sold by the Foot
OFFICE PARTITION.
The New York Times B'ld'g is equipped with our partition.
Mount & Robertson,
CABINETMAKERS,
28 Beaver St.
TELEPHONE, 1957—BROAD.


ROLL TOP DESKS
OFFICE FURNITURE
in great variety of style and price.
T. G. SELLEW,
111 Fulton St.

SAFES—New and second-hand of all kinds and makes; sales bought, exchanged, and repaired. YORK SAFE & LOCK CO., formerly J. M. Mossman, 72 Maiden Lane. Tel. 4390 John.

RENT TYPEWRITERS Lowest Prices. All Makes.
SELL Any Style. Rebuilt, Guaranteed.
The Typewriter Exchange,
115 Nassau St. Telephone 1123—Cort.
Typewriters.—All standard makers rented and kept in order ribbons free; machines sold from 20 to 50 per cent. less than manufacturers' prices. F. S. Webster Co., 10 Park Place. Telephone 5070 Cortlandt.
Remington No. 2, $18; No. 6, $35; No. 7 & 8, $50; Smith Premier, $35; Oliver, $35; Underwood, $50; others $10 upward. Eagle Typewriter Exchange, 170 Cortlandt. Telephone 2586 Cortlandt.
Good will, furniture, and lease of old-established boarding house for sale; death of owner reason for selling. Bargain, 306 Times, Times Square.

TYPEWRITERS 6 months' rent applied on purchase. Geneva Type. Ex., 243 B'way.
Typewriters rented, $2 up; installments; repairing. Telephone 5086 Cortlandt. Central Typewriter Exchange, 203 Broadway.

FoxKodaks $74.5 Adv $124
A valuable 500-year picture of Christ done in shells, made from Lippi, for sale or exchange. No. 259 Broecker St., M. Neglia.
Typewriters.—Densmore, $40; Yost, $7.50; International, $5; Crandall, $2.50. Gay, 121 West 125th.

PURCHASE AND EXCHANGE.

The Antique Furniture Exchange, 152, 154 West 34th St., near 7th Av.—The ideal shop for lovers of antiques and seekers for bargains in odd pieces of every description. The largest collection and lowest prices. The most popular store; 152 and 154.
Don't sell household effects, antiques, pianos, before you see me. Clark, 161 East 125th.

BILLIARDS.

Billiard and Pool Tables, solidly made; high-grade goods. Lightning, accurate, durable cushions. Decker, Est. 1850. 105 E. 9th St.

BANKRUPTCY AUCTION SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of FREDERICK DE TURCKHEIM, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Thursday, October 26th, 1905, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 115 Leonard St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of all those certain lots, pieces, or parcels of land, situate, lying, and being in the town of North Hempstead, Queens County, now Nassau County, State of New York, and known and described as lots Nos 59 and 60 on Block No. 89, on a certain map entitled "Second Map of Great Neck Estates," filed in the office of the Clerk of the County of Queens, State of New York.
JOSEPH S. EHRLICH, Trustee.
MORRIS KAMBER, Attorney for Trustee,
Nassau St., New York.

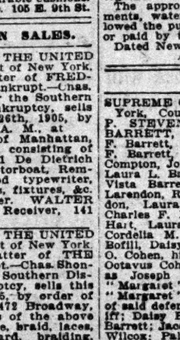
IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of S. F. JAYNE COMPANY, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells this day, Thursday, October 26, 1905, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 113-115 Leonard St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of one $500 first mortgage gold bond of the Monroe Consolidated Mining Company with coupons attached, 6,000 shares of stock of the Teller Mining Company, 445 shares of stock of the Gold Eagle Mining Company, 450 shares of stock of the Rowe Alaska Company, 160 shares of stock of the Monroe Consolidated Mining Company. AUGUSTUS H. SKILLIN, Trustee. MERRILL & ROGERS, Attorneys for Trustee, 31 Nassau St., New York.

Transportation and Real Estate
The new subways, bridges, and tunnels will transform the suburbs of New York. If you have suburban property for sale or to rent it will profit you to inform the readers of The New York Times of the advantages your property now offers, and the advance in value the new transportation facilities will cause. NOW is the time to advertise.
THE NEW YORK TIMES.
"All the News That's Fit to Print."

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW York.—NEW YORK MORTGAGE AND SECURITY COMPANY, plaintiff, against HATTIE A. CAMPBELL and others, defendants.—Action No. 1.
In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made in the above-entitled action, and entered in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York, bearing date the 25th day of May, 1905, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction at the Real Estate Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14 and 16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, and City of New York, on the 9th day of November, 1905, at twelve o'clock noon, by Joseph P. Day, Auctioneer, the premises as directed in said judgment and therein described as follows:
All that certain piece or parcel of land situate, lying, and being in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, bounded and described as follows, viz.: Beginning at a point on the southerly side of 118th Street distant one hundred and thirty-five (135) feet westerly from the corner formed by the intersection of the southerly side of 118th Street and the westerly side of Second Avenue, running thence southerly parallel with the westerly side of Second Avenue one hundred (100) feet ten (10) inches to the centre line of the block; thence westerly parallel to the southerly side of 118th Street and along said centre line of the block 25 feet; thence northerly parallel with the westerly side of Second Avenue one hundred (100) feet ten (10) inches to the southerly side of 118th Street, and thence easterly along said southerly side of 118th Street twenty-five (25) feet to the point or place of beginning.
Dated New York, October 18th, 1905.
ABRAHAM L. JACOBS, Referee.
JAMES A. DEERING, Attorney for Plaintiff, 149 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.
The following is a diagram of the property to be sold under said judgment:

The approximate amount of the lien or charge to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold is $4,484.33, with interest thereon from the 25th day of May, 1905, together with the expenses of the sale.
The approximate amount of taxes, assessments, water rates, and other liens to be allowed the purchaser out of the purchase money or paid by the referee is $265.06 and interest.
Dated New York, October 18th, 1905.
ABRAHAM L. JACOBS, Referee.

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW York.—NEW YORK MORTGAGE AND SECURITY COMPANY, plaintiff, against HATTIE A. CAMPBELL and others, defendants.—Action No. 2.
In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made in the above-entitled action, and entered in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York, bearing date the 25th day of May, 1905, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction at the Real Estate Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14 and 16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, and City of New York, on the 9th day of November, 1905, at twelve o'clock noon, by Joseph P. Day, Auctioneer, the premises as directed in said judgment and therein described as follows:
All that certain piece or parcel of land situate, lying, and being in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, bounded and described as follows, viz.: Beginning at a point on the southerly side of 118th Street distant one hundred and thirty-five (135) feet westerly from the corner formed by the intersection of the southerly side of 118th Street and the westerly side of Second Avenue, running thence southerly parallel with the westerly side of Second Avenue one hundred (100) feet ten (10) inches to the centre line of the block; thence westerly parallel to the southerly side of 118th Street and along said centre line of the block 25 feet; thence northerly parallel with the westerly side of Second Avenue one hundred (100) feet ten (10) inches to the southerly side of 118th Street, and thence easterly along said southerly side of 118th Street twenty-five (25) feet to the point or place of beginning.
Dated New York, October 18th, 1905.
ABRAHAM L. JACOBS, Referee.
JAMES A. DEERING, Attorney for Plaintiff, 149 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.
The following is a diagram of the property to be sold under said judgment:



The approximate amount of the lien or charge to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold is $4,484.33, with interest thereon from the 25th day of May, 1905, together with the expenses of the sale.
The approximate amount of taxes, assessments, water rates, and other liens to be allowed the purchaser out of the purchase money or paid by the referee is $265.06 and interest.
Dated New York, October 18th, 1905.
ABRAHAM L. JACOBS, Referee.

SUMMONSES.

SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW York, County of New York.—ELIZABETH P. STEVENS, plaintiff, against SOLOMON BARRETT, Mary M. Barrett, his wife; Charles E. Barrett, Lena H. Barrett, his wife; Charles F. Barrett, Jr., Hetty J. Compton, Hetty B. Compton, John Jacob Barrett, Mary B. Barrett, Laura L. Barrett, Solomon Barrett, Jr., Buena Vista Barrett, Mary B. Larendon, Lelia B. Larendon, Robert E. Larendon, John R. Larendon, Laura L. Levy, Ellen L. Lewinson, Charles F. Levy, Rosalie L. Hart, Laura L. Hart, Jacqueline La Harby, Cordelia M. Levy, Beatrice L. Bofill, Laura Bofill, Daisy L. Levy, Octavus Cohen, Rebecca O. Cohen, his wife; Hetty Cohen, Dora Cohen, Octavus Cohen, Jr., Joseph Cohen, also known as Joseph Barrett, Margaret Cohen, also known as "Margaret" Barrett; Daisy B. Cohen, also known as Daisy B. Barrett; Jacob B. Cohen, also known as Wallace Wilcox; Palmetto Cohen or Palmetto Wilcox, his wife; Abram Cohen, W. Cecil Cohen, Agnes M. Cohen, his wife; George Cohen, Kenneth Cohen, Angus Cohen, Muriel Cohen, Godwyn Cohen, Sarah C. Bailey, Joseph Bailey, Edmund E. Rice, Hetty R. Lopez, A. Tracy Rice, Mabel Rice, and Marcella Rice, defendants.—Summons.—Tria' desired in the County of New York.
To each of the above-named defendants:
You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiff's attorney within twenty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service; and in case of your failure to appear, or answer, judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint.—Dated June 26, 1905.
HAROLD SWAIN,
Attorney for Plaintiff,
Office and Post Office address, 160 Broadway, New York City, Borough of Manhattan.
To the defendants Solomon Barrett, Mary M. Barrett, Charles F. Barrett, Lena H. Barrett, Charles F. Barrett, Jr., John Jacob Barrett, Mary B. Barrett, Laura L. Barrett, Solomon Barrett, Jr., Buena Vista Barrett, Hetty J. Compton, Hetty B. Compton, Ellen L. Lewinson, Laura L. Levy, Charles F. Levy, Rosalie L. Hart, Cordelia M. Levy, Daisy L. Levy, Jacqueline La Harby, Laura L. Hart, Beatrice L. Bofill, Laura Bofill, Octavus Cohen, Rebecca O. Cohen, Hetty Cohen, Dora Cohen, Octavus Cohen, Jr., Joseph Cohen, also known as Joseph Barrett, Margaret Cohen, also known as "Margaret" Barrett; Daisy B. Cohen, also known as Daisy B. Barrett; Jacob B. Cohen, also known as Wallace Wilcox; Palmetto Cohen, also known as Palmetto Wilcox; W. Cecil Cohen, Agnes M. Cohen, George Cohen, Kenneth Cohen, Angus Cohen, Muriel Cohen, and Godwyn Cohen:
The foregoing summons is served upon you by publication pursuant to an order of Hon. David Leventritt, a Justice of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, dated the 18th day of October, 1905, and on the 16th day of October, 1905, filed with the complaint in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York, at the County Court House in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.—Dated October 18, 1905.
HAROLD SWAIN, Attorney for Plaintiff.

THE SUPREME COURT.—TRIAL DESIRED in New York County.—CORNELIA WIRTH, plaintiff, against LOUIS F. WIRTH, defendant.—Action for a Divorce.—Summons.
To the above-named defendant:
You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiff's attorneys within twenty days after the service of this summons exclusive of the day of service, and in case of your failure to appear, or answer, judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint.—Dated New York, September 20th, 1905.
NOAH, GOODMAN & ROCHESTER,
Plaintiff's Attorneys,
Office and Post Office address, No. 234 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.
To Louis F. Wirth, defendant above named:
The foregoing summons is served upon you by publication pursuant to an order of Mr. Hon. David Leventritt, a Justice of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, dated the 10th day of October, 1905, and filed with the complaint in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York, at the County Court House in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 14th day of October, 1905.—Dated Borough of Manhattan, New York, October 10th, 1905.
NOAH, GOODMAN & ROCHESTER,
Attorneys for Plaintiff,
Office and Post Office address, 234 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, New York.

BANKRUPTCY AUCTION SALES.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of SAMUEL WITZ, KAPLAN & CO., Bankrupts.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Wednesday, Oct. 31, 1905, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 59 Walker St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupts, consisting of cloaks, trimmings, woolens, silks, fixtures, etc. ALBERT STICKNEY, Jr., Receiver.
MARCUS HELFAND, Attorney for Receiver, 320 Broadway, New York.

SUPREME COURT.

SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF NEW York.—NEW YORK MORTGAGE AND SECURITY COMPANY, plaintiff, against HATTIE A. CAMPBELL and others, defendants.—Action No. 2.
In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made in the above-entitled action, and entered in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York, bearing date the 25th day of May, 1905, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction at the Real Estate Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14 and 16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, and City of New York, on the 9th day of November, 1905, at twelve o'clock noon, by Joseph P. Day, Auctioneer, the premises as directed in said judgment and therein described as follows:
All that certain piece or parcel of land situate, lying, and being in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, bounded and described as follows, viz.: Beginning at a point on the southerly side of 118th Street distant one hundred and thirty-five (135) feet westerly from the corner formed by the intersection of the southerly side of 118th Street and the westerly side of Second Avenue, running thence southerly parallel with the westerly side of Second Avenue one hundred (100) feet ten (10) inches to the centre line of the block; thence westerly parallel to the southerly side of 118th Street and along said centre line of the block 25 feet; thence northerly parallel with the westerly side of Second Avenue one hundred (100) feet ten (10) inches to the southerly side of 118th Street, and thence easterly along said southerly side of 118th Street twenty-five (25) feet to the point or place of beginning.
Dated New York, October 18th, 1905.
ABRAHAM L. JACOBS, Referee.
JAMES A. DEERING, Attorney for Plaintiff, 149 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York.
The following is a diagram of the property to be sold under said judgment:

The approximate amount of the lien or charge to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold is $4,484.33, with interest thereon from the 25th day of May, 1905, together with the expenses of the sale.
The approximate amount of taxes, assessments, water rates, and other liens to be allowed the purchaser out of the purchase money or paid by the referee is $265.06 and interest.
Dated New York, October 18th, 1905.
ABRAHAM L. JACOBS, Referee.

SUMMONSES.

SUPREME COURT OF THE STATE OF NEW York, County of New York.—ELIZABETH P. STEVENS, plaintiff, against SOLOMON BARRETT, Mary M. Barrett, his wife; Charles E. Barrett, Lena H. Barrett, his wife; Charles F. Barrett, Jr., Hetty J. Compton, Hetty B. Compton, John Jacob Barrett, Mary B. Barrett, Laura L. Barrett, Solomon Barrett, Jr., Buena Vista Barrett, Mary B. Larendon, Lelia B. Larendon, Robert E. Larendon, John R. Larendon, Laura L. Levy, Ellen L. Lewinson, Charles F. Levy, Rosalie L. Hart, Laura L. Hart, Jacqueline La Harby, Cordelia M. Levy, Beatrice L. Bofill, Laura Bofill, Daisy L. Levy, Octavus Cohen, Rebecca O. Cohen, his wife; Hetty Cohen, Dora Cohen, Octavus Cohen, Jr., Joseph Cohen, also known as Joseph Barrett, Margaret Cohen, also known as "Margaret" Barrett, his wife, Daisy B. Cohen, also known as Daisy B. Barrett; Jacob B. Cohen, also known as Wallace Wilcox; Palmetto Cohen or Palmetto Wilcox, his wife; Abram Cohen, W. Cecil Cohen, Agnes M. Cohen, his wife; George Cohen, Kenneth Cohen, Angus Cohen, Muriel Cohen, Godwyn Cohen, Sarah C. Bailey, Joseph Bailey, Edmund E. Rice, Hetty R. Lopez, A. Tracy Rice, Mabel Rice, and Marcella Rice, defendants.—Summons.—Tria' desired in the County of New York.
To each of the above-named defendants:
You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiff's attorney within twenty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service; and in case of your failure to appear, or answer, judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint.—Dated June 26, 1905.
HAROLD SWAIN,
Attorney for Plaintiff,
Office and Post Office address, 160 Broadway, New York City, Borough of Manhattan.
To the defendants Solomon Barrett, Mary M. Barrett, Charles F. Barrett, Lena H. Barrett, Charles F. Barrett, Jr., John Jacob Barrett, Mary B. Barrett, Laura L. Barrett, Solomon Barrett, Jr., Buena Vista Barrett, Hetty J. Compton, Hetty B. Compton, Ellen L. Lewinson, Laura L. Levy, Charles F. Levy, Rosalie L. Hart, Cordelia M. Levy, Daisy L. Levy, Jacqueline La Harby, Laura L. Hart, Beatrice L. Bofill, Laura Bofill, Octavus Cohen, Rebecca O. Cohen, Hetty Cohen, Dora Cohen, Octavus Cohen, Jr., Joseph Cohen, also known as Joseph Barrett, Margaret Cohen, also known as "Margaret" Barrett; Daisy B. Cohen, also known as Daisy B. Barrett; Jacob B. Cohen, also known as Wallace Wilcox; Palmetto Cohen, also known as Palmetto Wilcox; W. Cecil Cohen, Agnes M. Cohen, George Cohen, Kenneth Cohen, Angus Cohen, Muriel Cohen, and Godwyn Cohen:
The foregoing summons is served upon you by publication pursuant to an order of Hon. David Leventritt, a Justice of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, dated the 18

TWENTY-MINUTE FERRY TO STATEN ISLAND NOW

Mayor Said: "Go Ahead, Bunt," and the First Boat Was Off.

JOYFUL DAY IN RICHMOND

McClellan, Cromwell, and Others Speak—Schedule Knocked Out Last Night by the Nasty Weather.

"All right, Bunt, you may go ahead!"

If the people of the Borough of Richmond wish to preserve the historic words with which Mayor George B. McClellan, addressing Capt. M. N. Bunt of the ferryboat Manhattan, started municipal operation of their ferryboats, here they are. The start was made at 11:38 o'clock yesterday morning, when the ferryboat Manhattan slipped from the dock at the foot of Whitehall Street with more than 2,000 invited guests aboard. The Manhattan made the trip to St. George in fifteen minutes. The regular schedule will be twenty minutes.

The boats ran with fair regularity in the afternoon, but last night there was much delay. The weather was nasty and a strong tide was running into the Kills and around Castle Williams. Also the boats were new and worked stiff. They were large and unwieldy and all the Captains on duty last night were new and not used to the swing of the currents.

Boats would try to reach the St. George slip, and, being caught in the tideway, would be swept far wide of the mark. Between 7 and 8 o'clock there were three boats between Robbin's Reef and the St. George slip. One, delayed in arriving, was starting back to Manhattan, another was trying to make the dock, and the third was waiting for the second to get in and out in order that she might dock. Most of the boats were from twenty minutes to half an hour late in reaching Staten Island.

Assistant Ferry Supt. Lawrence Hanlon said that everything was running as well as could be expected in view of the newness of the boats and the fact that all the Captains were green in handling them.

The start of the Manhattan was to have been made at 11 o'clock, but an unforeseen crowd at the pier not only delayed the boat, but necessitated the presence of fifty policemen under Inspector Hogan and Capt. McNally of the Church Street Station. It had been planned that the Manhattan should reach the pier at 10 o'clock. Through some error the new ferryboat did not arrive until 10:50 o'clock. At that time there were about 7,000 persons outside the gates. The crowd was being held back with difficulty by the reserves and the mounted police.

At 11 o'clock the Mayor drove up to the ferryhouse in a carriage. With him were Dock Commissioner Featherson, Corporation Counsel Delany, and Alderman Reginald S. Doull, Chairman of the Committee on Arrangements.

The Mayor was followed by the special committee of Aldermen. President Fornes lost his way in the crowd, and was rescued by Commissioner McAdoo. Others present were Deputy Controller Phillips, Borough Presidents Cromwell of Richmond and Ahearn of Manhattan, Assemblyman Caughton, and a delegation from the Staten Island Board of Trade.

Once aboard the ferryboat, Mayor McClellan and his party went to the pilot house, where Capt. Bunt, late of the barnacled old Middletown, presided at the wheel, glorious in a new suit of municipal serge and municipal gold lace. At 11:38 the Mayor uttered the words that marked the beginning of the municipal ferry, and Bunt put up his hand and pulled the whistle cord three times.

In a second the bay was filled with answering shrieks from liners and ferry and tug boats. From the foremast of the Manhattan the Mayor's flag—a new one—broke to the wind.

At that moment the old Middletown—she was known as Bunt's "old woman"—the most venerable vessel of the ancient Staten Island fleet, was staggering into the dock tilted over to one side with her load of passengers.

The moment the Manhattan left the dock the Richmond left St. George for the foot of Whitehall Street. Off Bedloe's Island the rest of the new fleet, the Bronx, the Queens, and the Brooklyn were lying with full steam up. As the Manhattan steamed past there was another deafening "salute," in which the river craft joined. The gayly decorated fleet fell in behind the Manhattan, which led the way to St. George.

At St. George, as the Manhattan ran into her temporary terminus, there was more whistling and more cheers. All Staten Island, it seemed, was taking a holiday. The Mayor on the upper deck waved his hat to the crowds ashore. A stand decorated with flags had been erected close to the pier, from which Mayor McClellan, Commissioner Featherson, Borough President Cromwell, and Alderman Doull made speeches.

"Two years ago," said the Mayor, "I promised that before the expiration of my term of office Staten Island should have the best ferry service on earth. People of Richmond, I have kept my word!"

The crowd applauded for two minutes. The Mayor continued:

On a day like this, which marks a great achievement, it is fitting that the credit for its accomplishment should be placed where it belongs. Without any wish to belittle the work of the Board of Estimate, of the Sinking Fund Commission, of the President of the Borough of Manhattan, and the President of the Borough of Richmond; without any wish to detract from the services of our most efficient Dock Commissioner and his admirable corps of engineers, the chief credit and thanks are due to the people of Richmond themselves.

The people of Richmond knew what they needed; the people of Richmond knew what they wanted, and they got it. Whatever I may have been able to do has been merely because I have been fortunate enough to be the instrument by which the people of Richmond accomplished their purpose.

Let me make public expression of the debt which the people of New York owe to the people of this borough, and I of all other citizens of New York owe to you for your constant, your unswerving support, your patience in the face of difficulty, your courtesy and your friendship.

It is unnecessary for me to tell you how much this ferry means to Richmond, or that it marks the beginning of a new era for your borough. You know all this far better than I do. But the inauguration of this greatest experiment in municipal ownership and municipal operation, means the beginning of a new epoch for all five boroughs in New York.

This ferry is the longest step in the direction of binding the boroughs together since the completion of the Brooklyn Bridge. It establishes a standard of excellence in interborough communication that must forever be lived up to. It will serve to break down the barriers of Nature and to bind more closely together into one homogeneous whole the five component parts of our city, so that as the years go by the people of New York, forgetting borough boundaries, except for administrative purposes, will remember only that they are citizens of one great city that they love—one in purpose, one in hope, and one in righteousness. And when that not far distant day has come, we New Yorkers will feel an honest pride that we are the children not only of the most populous and the most prosperous city, but what is of far greater importance, the best city on earth.

Mayor McClellan then formally placed the municipal ferry service in the hands of Maurice Featherson, Commissioner of Docks and Ferries, through President Cromwell referred to the old ferryboats that will go out of commission.

"We Staten Islanders," he said, "have often excoriated these old boats, but now that we see them to-day alongside of the new ferryboats we should in decency shed a tear. They did their best when we needed them, and now it only remains for us to say: 'Well done, thou good and faithful servant.'"

The Mayor and the guests returned to Manhattan. At the foot of Whitehall Street three cheers were given for the Mayor. As his carriage drove off a hoarse voice in the crowd shouted:

"Three cheers for Hearst!"

There were cheers and hisses.

The new ferries will be run on this schedule: Every hour between 1:30 and 4:40 A. M., half-hourly between 4:30 and 6:30 A. M., every 15 minutes between 6:30 and 10:30 A. M. Until 4 o'clock the ferries will run every half hour; the rush hour time will be observed until 7:30 P. M., when the boats will return to the half-hour schedule until 1:30 A. M.

ROYAL

is greatest of all the baking powders in purity, strength, healthfulness

PENNYPACKER APPEALS FOR FEDERAL INQUIRY

Asks President to Direct Inquiry Into Enterprise Bank.

PROMPT RESPONSE MADE

Collateral Stripped from Notes Held by Bank and Repledged for Loans.

HARRISBURG, Penn., Oct. 25.—Gov. Pennypacker this evening made public the following copy of a letter which he sent to-day to President Roosevelt asking for a Federal investigation into the affairs of the Enterprise National Bank of Allegheny:

To the President:

Sir: The Enterprise National Bank, doing business in Allegheny, has recently failed, having at the time among its deposits $1,030,000 of the moneys of this Commonwealth. These moneys were deposited upon the faith of the stability of the institution, arising through its organization as a National bank, and because of these deposits the Commonwealth is much interested in the ascertainment of the condition of its financial affairs. Our Commissioner of Banking has no control over it and no power to make any such investigation. Since it was organized under Federal law and subject to your supervision, I write to ask that a full, complete, and careful investigation may be made so that everything connected with the condition of its affairs and the causes which have led to such condition may be fully disclosed. I am ready to render all the assistance in my power to secure a thorough ascertainment of the facts.

I am, Sir, with respect, very truly yours,
SAMUEL W. PENNYPACKER.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 25.—United States District Attorney Dunkle to-day communicated with the Department of Justice, making the request that the Secretary of the Treasury send Bank Inspector Moxey of Philadelphia to Allegheny to go to work on the books of the defunct Enterprise National Bank. The well-known reputation of Bank Inspector Moxey in running down criminal management of bank funds at once suggested the possibility that the District Attorney had discovered facts pointing to questionable conduct in the business of the bank. The request was also made that Judge Oldham of the office of the Controller of the Currency be dispatched at once to Allegheny to take charge of the inquiry into the case. Judge Oldham left here to-night for Pittsburg.

PITTSBURG, Oct. 25.—All the old employes of the Enterprise Bank, except the messenger, were notified by Receiver Cunningham to-day that their services were no longer needed, and new clerks were at once put to work.

Within the last forty-eight hours many of the notes held by the bank have been lifted, but considerable trouble is resulting, it is said, over the discovery that in several instances the collateral that should have been attached to the notes was missing. Whether this collateral has been misplaced or used has not yet been determined. Officials of the bank admit that the collateral cannot be found, but hope that it will turn up in other banks.

George Ralston, head bookkeeper of the Enterprise National Bank, who left Pittsburg on his wedding trip on Oct. 9, before the suicide of Cashier Clark, returned home to-day from Havana, Cuba. He had just landed at Havana when a message was handed to him informing him of the suicide and he took the first steamer home, thinking that his services would be required at the bank.

Walter Lyon, counsel for the Pennsylvania Development Company, which has paper amounting to $58,626 in the Enterprise Bank, said to-day that he had arranged with the receivers to lift the notes upon call.

John Marron, an attorney here, is authority for the statement that legal proceedings, both criminal and civil, are to be brought in connection with the Enterprise Bank failure just as soon as the papers can be prepared. Mr. Marron says he has been retained by a person whose name for the present he will withhold.

"I represent a client," said he this afternoon, "who negotiated a loan at the Enterprise National Bank, putting up as collateral 171 shares of Crucible Steel stock. He went over the other day to pay his loan, and found the collateral note, but no securities. We find that the stock certificates had been stripped from the loan, evidently by Clark, and used in negotiating a loan in a National bank in Pittsburg.

"When an effort was made to secure the stock from this bank we discovered that it had been transferred to the name of one of its Directors. My client wants his stock. How to get it is a problem, but we shall probably bring an action in conspiracy."

Attorney Marron asserted that notwithstanding the denials he has positive information of the existence of a complete confession written by Clark before he committed suicide.

BLACKMAIL, SAYS MAJ. GIBBS.

Causes Arrest of W. O. Chapman After Getting Threatening Letters.

W. O. Chapman, who is said to be well known in insurance circles, was arraigned before United States Commissioner Shields yesterday on a technical charge of using the mails for fraudulent purposes, but, in reality, for what is alleged to be an attempt to blackmail Major Theodore K. Gibbs, a well-known figure in Wall Street. Chapman was held in $2,500 bail for examination on Friday.

The charge is made that Chapman sought to obtain money by sending letters in which he pretended to have knowledge of certain alleged unlawful acts committed by Major Gibbs. He threatened, it was alleged, that these facts would be circulated through the newspapers unless money was paid by Major Gibbs.

The complaint contained copies of two letters alleged to have been written by the accused directed to "The Relatives and Friends of Major T. K. Gibbs." The letters assert that Major Gibbs has done the writer a great injustice, which he promised to rectify, but which, notwithstanding repeated demands and over forty letters passing between them, he has not done. The second letter says the writer will be compelled to bring the name of Mrs. Gibbs, whom he greatly respects, into the matter indirectly.

Chapman treated his arrest lightly.

For many a man the first step in deserting his tailor is looking at one of our Fall overcoats.

He feels the fabrics—as fine as can be and of patterns as smart as the best tailors show.

He tries on the coat—likes the lines and the fit without wait.

He finds the price at least a third less than even an indifferently good tailor must charge.

Then he comes into camp.

Fall overcoats; $15 to $32.

ROGERS, PEET & COMPANY.

Three Broadway Stores.

258	842	1260
at	at	at
Warren st.	13th st.	32nd st.

Few boys can follow in their father's footsteps in deserting crack tailors, because few good tailors will bother with boys' clothes.

The fact is that comparatively few boys in this town have ever worn as good clothes as the best we make, because of the time honored fiction that any suit's good enough for a boy.

We don't believe it, and so make just as good, just as stylish clothes as we can for boys.

Plenty of suits that must sell at from $10.50 to $15.50, as well as in less expensive materials down to $6.

ROGERS, PEET & COMPANY.

Three Broadway Stores.

258	842	1260
opposite	near	opposite
City Hall.	Union Square.	Greeley Square.

MAGISTRATE SCOLDS WHITNEY'S CHAUFFEUR

Insists at First That Harry Payne Must Appear.

HOLDS DRIVER FOR TRIAL

Fritz Last Arrested for Speeding When the Duchess of Marlborough Was a Passenger.

"Don't imagine that you can disobey the law with impunity and ride roughshod over the public of this city," said Magistrate Crane, when Joseph Fritz, a chauffeur for Harry Payne Whitney, was arraigned in the Harlem Police Court yesterday, charged with exceeding the speed limit.

Policeman O'Sullivan chased Fritz, who was driving Mr. Whitney's automobile, from Fifty-ninth to Eightieth Street in Fifth Avenue before catching him, despite the fact that he was riding at the rate of twenty-five miles an hour.

The story of the chase was told by O'Sullivan. Fritz, who was formerly a professional bicycle rider, sneeered at the policeman's statement and remarked: "Well, you are a bum rider if you chased me that far."

"Oh, he is, eh?" put in the Magistrate. "Young man, you seem to think that you can do just as you please on the public highways. I wish to inform you that you are sadly mistaken in this impression, and the quicker you change your mind the better for yourself. When you get out of this trouble—and there is trouble coming for you—I advise you to ask Mr. Whitney to discharge you before you have killed somebody. By the way, when were you last arrested for exceeding the speed limit?"

Fritz hesitated a minute and then said: "It was last Friday, your Honor, when I was taking the Duchess of Marlborough, Mr. and Mrs. Whitney, and Mr. McIntyre from Mineola to Hempstead. We were in a bit of a hurry and might have been going rather fast. A constable held us up, arrested Mr. Whitney, and he was forced to pay a twenty-dollar fine. But, your Honor"—

"That's enough, interrupted Magistrate Crane. "I will hold you in $300 bail for the Court of General Sessions, and you will remain in the prison attached to this court until Harry Payne Whitney finds time to get up here and bail you out."

Assemblyman Wagner, who appeared for Fritz, pleaded that a saloon keeper, who, he said, was worth $30,000, be accepted as bondsman, but the Magistrate refused, and advised the prisoner to telephone for his employer, if he did not want to spend the night in jail.

Fritz was marched off by a court officer, and placed in a cell. A search was begun for Mr. Whitney, but he could not be found. In the meantime the motor car stood outside in the rain.

A few minutes before leaving court yesterday afternoon Magistrate Crane relented and accepted bail, which was furnished by P. M. McNamara of 55 East Eighty-fifth Street.

TRADE E.A.W. MARK

OUR FLAX WE BUY AND WITH IT WEAVE THE LINEN WE USE. ONLY WAY TO GET THICKNESS THAT WEARS.

COTTON FIGURES LATE; CHARGE OF COLLUSION

Census Bureau Bombarded with Telegrams Suggesting Fraud.

4,940,728 BALES ARE GINNED

Prices That Had Been Forced Down Go Up When the Estimate Is Given Out.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 25.—A charge that the Census Bureau's estimate of ginned cotton was being held back for purposes of market manipulation was made to Director S. N. D. North to-day by wire before the figures showing 4,940,728 bales ginned up to Oct. 18 were given out. The estimate should have gone out at 12 o'clock, but did not go out until 2.

David Miller of New York was quoted as making the charge that this delay was due to a plot to sell large blocks of cotton. Heavy sales were made on the New Orleans and New York Exchanges, and the markets were forced down on what was regarded by some as inside information that the Government estimate would show a big crop. When the actual figures came out it was shown that those who had made the sales had not had a tip and prices went up.

In making the estimate of 4,940,728 bales ginned in the United States, round bales are counted as half bales. No estimate is made of the total crop.

Up to this date in 1904 the product of the gins had reached 6,417,894 bales. In 1903 the ginning output up to Oct. 25 was 8,706,248 bales.

The report covered 26,364 ginneries, and the statements upon which it was prepared were supplied by telegraph by 702 special agents in the field. It was the struggle with these that caused the delay.

When noon passed with no estimate out, Director North began to hear from brokers in different cities. Some of the telegrams were of a sensational character. They are summarized in the following from Secretary Hester of the New Orleans Cotton Exchange:

Much disappointment and dissatisfaction here at delay in issuing ginners' report to 2 P. M. Bache & Co. of New York wire Hayward, Wick & Clark of New Orleans as follows:

"David Miller has just made the statement to the effect that the ginners' report has been delayed from 12 o'clock to 2 o'clock, so as to allow more time to certain parties to sell cotton on, and says he will stand by the above.

"One rumor here is that the report will show counting round as half bales 4,100,100. All kinds of rumors are being spread, and parties are selling the market down, under suspicion of something wrong in your bureau. I send this because I think it proper you should know it. The David Miller referred to was the receiver of Sully & Co., and is a prominent member of the New York Cotton Exchange."

Director North replied to this:

Nobody in this office knows even approximately at the moment how many bales ginned the report will show. The men engaged in compiling it are locked up and the door guarded on the inside. More than half of the telegraphic reports from county agents were received this morning, and their compilation prior to 2 o'clock was a physical impossibility.

NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 25.—When the report of the Census Bureau was read showing how much cotton had been ginned up to Oct. 18, prices shot up 44 to 65 points higher than the lowest of the day, or as much as $3.15 per bale.

The report effectually controverted the false report sent out earlier in the day.

Leopold S. Bache of J. S. Bache & Co., 30 Broad Street, said at his residence, 112 West Seventy-fifth Street, last night, that he had heard Mr. Miller make the remark on the Cotton Exchange floor yesterday that the delay in the cotton report yesterday was in order to let certain sales be made.

"You know, of course," he said, "how rumors fly in the Exchanges. Personally, I do not think there was anything to it. At any rate, if it was so, no one profited by it; in fact, I might say that many were let in. I have the utmost confidence in the Washington department."

GINNERS' FIGURES LOWER.

Association Estimates a Total Crop of 10,000,000 Bales.

DALLAS, Texas, Oct. 25.—The National Ginners' Association in a report made public to-day estimates the amount of cotton ginned to Oct. 18 at between 4,400,000 and 4,500,000 bales, and says the reports which show about 46 per cent. of the crop ginned indicate a crop under 10,000,000 bales.

FIGHT OVER LITTLE KANAWHA.

Court Hears Argument—Vanderbilt Line Said to Have Properties.

CINCINNATI, Oct. 25.—Judge John F. Richards, sitting as a Circuit Judge of Appeals, to-day took up the fight for the railroad and coal mining properties of the Little Kanawha syndicate. Over $8,000,000 is involved in the contest.

George J. Gould and Joseph Ramsey, Jr., recent rivals for control of the Wabash system, are defendants, and are united in fighting the plaintiff, John S Jones of Chicago, who subscribed $900,000, who asks for a receiver for the property. The coal holdings of this syndicate aggregate 85,000 acres, with lines of railroad into the centre of the Virginia coal fields.

Mr. Jones alleges that the money of the syndicate has been squandered, that Mr. Ramsey built the Green County Railroad, and is endeavoring to sell at a price harassing to the other properties. Mr. Jones's subscription was $300,000, Mr. Gould's $3,000,000, and Mr. Ramsey's $300,000.

The attorneys for the defendants raised the question of the jurisdiction of the court, and the day was devoted to argument of that point.

The Times-Star to-day says: "The Pittsburg and Lake Erie Railroad Company has purchased the Little Kanawha syndicate coal lands and railroads. The sale was made by Joseph Ramsey, Jr., former President of the Wabash system. Mr. Ramsey and George Gould did not differ on this proposition.

"It is understood the Vanderbilts, with their new property, will co-operate directly with the Chesapeake and Ohio."

ANT-I-WET TRADE MARK REG'D ANT I WET ON GOOD CLOTHES ONLY

One Point.

THE particular point about ANT-I-WET SUITS that should appeal most strongly at this season of the year is this:—

HERETOFORE THE UPPER PART of the body only has been protected against dampness. The rain that drips from the overgarment soaks through the ordinary trousers.

ANT-I-WET Trousers protect these most vulnerable parts—the lower extremities.

ANT-I-WET excellence is thoroughly built into every garment we make. It's superiority over all competing prices is particularly manifest in the really remarkable line of

Suits, Topcoats and Raincoats,

which we offer at

Fifteen Dollars.

Makers & Sellers.

HOPE NEW YORK

BROADWAY & CHAMBERS ST.

City Hall Park—North.

HORNER'S FURNITURE

The Standard in Quality and Style.

UNEQUALLED CHOICE IN ALL LINES, whether for Drawing Room, Parlor, Bedroom, Dining Room, Library, Hall, or Den.

Exclusive lines in Gold finished Furniture (Suites and single pieces). Our own selection and importation.

R. J. HORNER & CO., Furniture Makers and Importers, West 23d St.—61, 63, 65.

Kennedy 12 CORTLANDT ST.

Smartest Hats in Town at prices away lower than elsewhere for same quality and style.

4.00 Hats at 2.75

Made of clear Nutria. Derbys, Alpines, and College Soft Hats.

3.00 Hats at 1.90

We have proved this Hat to be better in quality and style than any 3.00 hat bought elsewhere.

Stunning College Soft Hats. 7.00 Silk Hats, 4.80 6.00 Opera Hats, 3.90

You buy direct from the best factories and save all middlemen's profits.

Gloves, a fine assortment.

New kid gloves imported weekly from our factory, Grenoble, France. 31 years on Broadway. $1.00, $1.50 the pair.

CENTEMERI

911 Broadway, just above 20th St. Telephone, 1135 Gramercy.

KING'S

Half-Price Sale Full Dress and Tuxedo Suits, $12, 14 & 16.

Corner Broadway and Park Place.

Young's Hats

NONE BETTER MADE

Oct. 26th.

Just one suggestion, now that the candidates are all in the field. If you are a bettor, better bet a Young Hat. None better. Derbies and Soft Hats $3.00 and $4.00.

199 Broadway, near Dey St.
605 Broadway, near Houston.
849 Broadway, near 14th St.
1197 Broadway, near 28th St.
1359 Broadway, near 36th St.
500 Fifth Ave., near 42d St.

Only Brooklyn Store, 371 Fulton St., opp. City Hall.

John Maclaraine PIANOS If you are looking for a good Weber Piano, call at Warerooms, 21 EAST 15TH ST.

$5 UP—STAMP COLLECTIONS, including album. Manhattan Stamp Company, 234 Fifth Av., Cor. 27th St.

Jules Verne Havana Cigars, better than most imported. 79 Chambers St., upstairs.

AMUSEMENTS

New Amsterdam 42d St., West of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Mat. Sat., 2:15. LAST 4 TIMES. LULU GLASER "MISS DOLLY DOLLARS." —THURSDAY, NOV. 2D.— Owing to the elaborate character of the production, theatre closed Oct. 30, 31, and Nov. 1 for preparations. Klaw & Erlanger's Drury Lane Spectacle. The White Cat. Seat Sale Opens To-day, 9 A. M. Mail orders with remittance filled.

BROADWAY Theatre. B'way & 41st St. Ev. 8:15. Mat. Sat., 2:15. LAST 4 TIMES. PEARL AND THE PUMPKIN ••• Next Mon.—Seats To-day, 9 A. M. KLAW & ERLANGER announce George Edwardes' London Company in Andre Messager's Great Comic Opera Success, VERONIQUE. Direct from its 2 years' run at the Apollo Theatre, London. The Opening Performance will be Conducted by the Composer, Andre Messager. COMPANY INCLUDES— Kitty Gordon, Lawrence Rea, Lena Maitland, Aubrey Fitzgerald, Valli Valli and Ruth Vincent, Ralph Nalru and John Le Hay.

LIBERTY Theatre, West 42d St. Evs. 8:15. Last Mat. Sat. LAST 4 TIMES. The Rogers Bros. in Ireland. Mon., Oct. 30—Seats To-day, 9 A. M. MARIE CAHILL in "MOONSHINE"

NEW YORK THEATRE, B'way, 44th, 45th Sts. PRICES, 25, 50, 75c, $1.00. LAST 3 WEEKS. Evs. 8:15. Pop. Mat. Wed. Reg. Mat. Sat. McINTYRE & HEATH in "THE HAM TREE."

PROCTOR'S 5TH AVE. MATINEE EVERY DAY. Amelia Bingham, Chas. Richman, Isabelle Evesson & All-Star Co. in "SCHOOL FOR SCANDAL." $1, 75c. & 50c. Daily Mats. 25c. 50c. Richman Souv. Mat. To-day. 58 ST. 6TH ALL STAR VAUDEVILLE. RICE & COHEN, HARRY TATE'S MOTORING, Emma Carus, Seabrooke & Lowrie. 125 ST. Mme. Kelly, McAllister, Misses Morgan, Mme. Bonstelle in "THE CLIMBERS." 23D ST. Lillian Russell and All-Star Vaudeville. Joseph Hart & Carrie de Mar, 3 Yoscarys, Marcel's Art Studies, Daily Mats. 25 and 50c.

NEW YORK Hippodrome THOMPSON & DUNDY. TRIUMPHANT SENSATION. "THE ROMANCE OF A HINDOO PRINCESS," WITH PLUNGING ELEPHANTS, and "A YANKEE CIRCUS ON MARS," including Claire Hellot and Lions and other unrivaled specialists. DAILY MATINEES. SOUSA Sunday, Oct. 29 Seats Now.

GRAND CENTRAL PALACE. TOBACCO INDUSTRIAL EXPOSITION. POLK MILLER'S MINSTRELS. NAVAL RESERVE BAND. OCTOBER 23D TO 29TH. ADMISSION, 50c.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC, 14th St. & Irving Pl. LAST 3 DAYS DUSTIN FARNUM In Owen Wister's Great Story, THE VIRGINIAN. Prices 25-50-75-$1. Last Mat. Sat. 2. Ev. 8:15. SUNDAY EVENING, NEXT WEEK, THE IRISH LADIES' CHOIR THE WIZARD OF OZ.

NEW STAR Lex. Av. & 107th St. Mat. Sat. The Way of the Transgressor. NxtWk, RalphStuart, TheChristian.

American 42d St. & 8th Av. Mat. Sat. Eva Tanguay, The Sambo Girl. Nxt Wk—Bill, Van, TheGrandBoy. Ted Marks' Sunday Concerts, Mat., Night, 25, 35

MURRAY HILL 42d St. & Lex. Av. Mat. Sat. RUSSELL BROS. Nxt w'k—The Sign of the Cross.

Carnegie Hall, Thur. Ev., Nov. 2, at 8:15. FIRST APPEARANCE OF MINNIE COONS PIANISTE. THE NEW YORK SYMPHONY ORCHESTRA. Walter Damrosch.....Conductor. Seats 50c. to $1.50 at music stores and box office.

MADISON SQ. THEATRE, 24 St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat. "Good acting & plenty of it."—Alan Dale. Henry E. Dixey in The Man on the Box

JOE WEBER'S THEATRE, B'way, 29th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Tues. & Sat. THE PRINCE CHAP

MADISON SQUARE GARDEN. LAST DAY. OPEN 11 A. M. TO 11 P. M. ADMISSION 50C. WINE & SPIRITS SHOW. SEATS FREE

HARLEM OPERA HOUSE. Evs. 8:15. Mat. Sat. 2:15. Next Week: The PRODIGAL SON. SAM BERNARD & 80 other Funmakers, including Hattie Williams in "The Rollicking Girl." Seats on Sale.

HURTIG & SEAMON'S 125th St., bet. 7th & 8th Avs. Mat. Daily. CHARMION, ROY KNABENSHUE, AIDA OVERTON WALKER, PAULINE HALL, oth'a

EDEN MUSEE WORLD IN WAX. Special Groups. CINEMATOGRAPH Every Hour. Motor Race. Hungarian Orchestra. TO-NIGHT AT 9. HENRY LEE, Mgr. of the Hour.

HAMMERSTEIN'S 42d St., B'way & 7th Av. Daily Mats. 25 & 50c. The Little Black Man. Empire Comedy 4. Goolman's Dogs & Cats. "A Night in an English Music Hall," Herrman the Great, etc.

MENDELSSOHN HALL, 40 S.W. —Next Mon., Evs. at 8. Mat. Sat. at 2. BEN GREET PLAYERS. SHAKESPEARE'S PLAYS. 1st Week Henry V. Seats selling entire 4 weeks.

LEW FIELDS Thea. 42d St., W. of B'way. (NEW) Burlesque of THE MUSIC MASTER and IT HAPPENED IN NORDLAND.

14th St. THEA., at 6th Av. Pop. prices. THE CURSE OF DRINK. Sat. Mat. Next Week—" IN NEW YORK TOWN."

Yorkville Thea. 86th St., nr. Lex. Av. Mat. To-day. 25c. THE 2 ORPHANS.

WEST END IN NEW YORK TOWN. Mat. Sat. NxtWk—Simple Simon Simple.

KNICKERBOCKER B'way and 38th St. Evgs. at 8. Mat. Sat. at 2. CHARLES FROHMAN presents E. H. SOTHERN and JULIA MARLOWE. LAST 3 NIGHTS and SAT. MAT. The Taming of the Shrew. NEXT WEEK MERCHANT OF VENICE. SEAT SALE OPENS TO-DAY, 9 A. M.

EMPIRE THEATRE, B'way & 40th St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat. JOHN DREW in Augustus Thomas's DE LANCEY. MON., NOV. 6 Seat Sale Thursday, Nov. 2. CHARLES FROHMAN presents MAUDE ADAMS—PETER PAN

HERALD SQ. THEATRE, B'way & 35th St. Evs. 8:15. Mat. Sat. 2:15. JOSEPH CAWTHORN in FRITZ IN TAMMANY HALL

LYCEUM THEATRE, 45th St., E. of B'way. Ev. 8:20. Mats. To-day & Sat. 2:15. Just Out of College GEORGE ADE'S COMEDY, JOS. WHEELOCK, JR.

DALY'S THEATRE, B'way & 30th St. Ev. 8:15. Mat. Sat. 2:15. EDNA MAY The Catch of the Season.

CRITERION THEATRE, B'way & 44th St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat. MISS MAXINE ELLIOTT in Clyde Fitch's HER GREAT MATCH.

HUDSON THEATRE, 44th St., E. of B'way. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. Robert Loraine in Bernard Shaw's Man & Superman.

SAVOY THEATRE, B'way & 34th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-day & Sat. 2:15. JAMES K. HACKETT and MARY MANNERING in Alfred Sutro's Walls of Jericho.

MAJESTIC Evenings at 8. Mats. Wed. & Sat. at 2. HIGHEST PRICE.....$1.50. LOOK "Wonderland" a brilliant spectacle, with many clever features. No lovelier stage setting has been shown than the final act of "Wonderland."—EVE. SUN. A true "Wonderland" at the Majestic. Joy reigns again and old Columbus smiles out in the circle. The Majestic has returned to its own.—N. Y. COMMERCIAL. JULIAN MITCHELL'S production WONDERLAND. Introducing Sam Chip and Eva Davenport. Music by Victor Herbert. Book by Glen Macdonough. SUNDAY NIGHTS. VICTOR HERBERT'S Orchestral Concerts, 50c., 75c., $1.00.

WALLACK'S B'way & 30th St. Evgs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat., 2:15. "The best play of the season."—Times. "New York will laugh and cry over its rich humor and tender pathos for many weeks to come."—Press. William Faversham In Edwin Milton Royle's Western Romance "THE SQUAW MAN." SEATS 4 WEEKS IN ADVANCE.

GARDEN Thea., 27th St. & Mad. Av. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. ROBT. B. MANTELL in RICHARD III. Next Mon., Tues. & Wed., RICHELIEU.

Manhattan Theatre, B'way & 33d St. Evs. 8:20. Mat. Sat. 2:15. FIRST WEEK OF MADAME KALICH in Mr. Flake's production of MONNA VANNA. By MAURICE MAETERLINCK. FIRST MATINEE SATURDAY. SEATS FOUR WEEKS AHEAD.

CARNEGIE HALL Only Appearance of CALVE AND HER COMPANY. MATINEE SATURDAY, NOV. 4. Direction CORT & KRONENBERG. Assisted by N. Y. Symphony Orchestra. WALTER DAMROSCH Conductor. Seat Sale Opens To-day Seats $1.00, $1.50, $2.00 & $2.50. Boxes $15 & $20.00. SMITH & NIXON PIANO USED.

BELASCO Theatre. Evs. at 8. Mat. Sat. 2. David Belasco presents Mrs. LESLIE CARTER. Last 3 Nights. Last Sat. Mat. DU BARRY. Next week—Mrs. Leslie Carter as ZAZA.

BIJOU B'way & 30th St. 347th Time in N. Y. To-night. Mat. Today. Evs. 8:15. DAVID BELASCO presents, 2d year in N. Y., THE WARFIELD. MUSIC MASTER.

HOPPER IN HAPPYLAND LYRIC, 42d St., W. of B'way. Evs. 8:15. Best Seats $1 at Saturday's Mat.

ANGLIN in ZIRA. PRINCESS, B'way & 29th. Tel. 2848 Mad. Sq. Evs. 8:15. Mat. Sat. only.

COLONIAL B'way & 62d St. Jas. T. Powers, Nella Bergen, Josephine Cohan, Fred Niblo, Fat. Rooney & Marion Bent. Daily Mats. 25c. Orpheus Comedy 4 & others.

ALHAMBRA 7th Av. 126th St. Bargain Matinees Daily. All Seats 25c. Mysterious Mr. Raffles, Miss M. Soga (Jiu Jitsu Expert), Emmett Corrigan & Co., others

GARRICK THEATRE. CLOSED THIS WEEK. Wm. H. Reynolds.....President. NEXT MONDAY ARNOLD DALY ANNOUNCES BERNARD SHAW'S PLAY, Mrs. Warren's Profession. Seats Now Selling.

SOUSA Hippodrome, Next Seats SUN. NIGHT, Oct. 29. Now. Last Concert This Season. Introducing SIG. TAGLIAPIETRA, Baritone

Grand Chas. E. GRAPEWIN—It's up to you, JOHN HENRY. N't w'k—Digby Bell in The Education of MR. PIPP.

THE GOTHAM EAST 125th St. Mat To-day. GAY MORNING GLORIES.

IRVING PLACE THEATRE. Every Eve. & Sat. Mat. ABARBANELL in Strauss' Comic Opera Success, "FRUEHLINGSLUFT."

"All the Fit

VOL. LV...

WILL TRY T JEROME O

Republicans Will R Appeal to th

IVINS GLAD, THE

"Yellow," They S Odell-Halpin M many Will

The Republicans wil same of William Trave trict Attorney on th County Convention will night at the Murray H cept the resignation of mer, who was nomina and to substitute for It The decision to recon tion for these purposes meeting of the Execut the Republican County Fifth Avenue Hotel ye Abraham Gruber, the of the Twenty-first A was the only leader w protested with his vot resolution passed by t Resolved, That the Chai ition County Convention convene the said conven evening (FROHMAN Oct. 27) reconsidering the vote by A. Flammer was nomina committee submit a recom vention for the nomination Jerome as District Attorne Edward Lauterbach a tive Committee that t Jerome for Flammer made. Attorney Genera to have given a simila was reported around t seph H. Choate had als that the proposed subs sustained by the courts

What the L

The Republican Count try to act under Section law. This is the sectio for "filling vacancies i correction of certificate a long one, and is som the lay mind. It provid if a nomination be duty ularly nominated cand election day the certify the party which made th make a new nominatio cancy so created. It al ever, that a candida in a city like New York ma ty days before the election. There is another provisi law which prevents on Vacancies from one ticket the name who appears on an is declared, however, not apply to the cas he being an independent over, it is asserted th County Convention, acc Elsberg, its Chairman, subject to the call of th full power to accept t Judge Flammer and ma of Mr. Jerome to succee nal nomination.

Will Ask for a

When the Republican tion has acted to-morro cers will make applica of Elections to make t Mr. Jerome's name fo Flammer, in obedience the convention. The partisan, is expected to Application will then b Justice of the Supreme of mandamus on the B to compel that body to substitution. If that a nied, that will end the granted, the Board of E to make the substitutio Undoubtedly an appea the higher courts if the able to the application appeal can be decided t over. In that event, R say, there is no ques straight Republican ball for Mr. Jerome. It w dented, they say, for a the clearly expressed a at an election, even th requirements of the la complied with.

The action taken by Executive Committee noon was merely the programme which had Initely decided on by Odell, William Halpin, Republican County Co managers of Mr. Ivins's Mayoralty. For severa and a few others who r ized as elder statesmen, ing hard to bring about would permit the Repu Jerome on their ticket in that line of policy, persuade Mr. Flammer was accomplished Wed Flammer's statement of made public by Mr. Ha

A Peculiar S

Although there was, question as to whethe name can be taken of ticket, the time for re expired on Oct.